STATE OF UTAH

DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE

UTAH POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (UPDES)

GENERAL PERMIT FOR CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING AND HYDROSTATIC TESTING

In compliance with provisions of the Utah Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 5, Utah Code Annotated ("UCA") 1953, as amended (the "Act"),

FACILITY

is hereby authorized to discharge from the construction dewatering/hydrostatic testing sites identified is the *Notice of Intent (NOI)*, issued coverage number **UTG07(COVERAGE)**, under this general permit to receiving waters named:

WATERS OF THE STATE

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This **modified** permit shall become effective on February 1, 2020.

This permit expires at midnight on May 31, 2024.

Signed this 28th day of January, 2020.

Erica Brown Gaddis, PhD

Director

DWQ-2019-018538

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I. COVERAGE, EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A. Coverage Under the General Permit

- This general UPDES permit shall apply to construction dewatering of uncontaminated groundwater or surface water sources due to construction activities, hydrostatic testing of pipelines or other fluids vessels, water used in disinfection of drinking water vessels and other similar discharges in the State of Utah that have no discharge of process wastewater other than those described in this paragraph.
 - a. Any dewatering discharge that is land-applied and does not reach state waters or the storm drain is not regulated under the Construction Dewatering/Hydrostatic Testing General Permit, although a DWQ Groundwater Section permit may be required. Regulated activities under the Construction Dewatering/Hydrostatic Testing General Permit include:
 - i. In-stream dewatering: cofferdams, drill hole or pylon development;
 - ii. Surface area dewatering: water pumped from disturbed surface areas (trenches, sumps, excavation pits, or other excavations associated with construction where sediment-laden ground water or surface water/storm inflow must be removed); and
 - iii. *Ground water dewatering*: water discharged from well development, well pump tests, or pumping of ground water from a construction area. Dewatering wells located within an active area of disturbance is subject to the Construction Dewatering/Hydrostatic Testing General Permit. Common methods of ground water dewatering from a construction area include sumps, wells, and well-points.
 - iv. *Hydrostatic Testing*: such as piping systems, gas cylinders, fire extinguishing, storage tanks, boilers, chemical pipelines, and pressure vessels that are tested for strength and leaks.
- 2. This permit does not authorize discharge from dewatering activities at hazardous waste sites, leaking chemical tanks, the discharge of toxic materials, or discharge of sanitary or industrial wastes (other than what is normally encountered at excavation and construction sites) at any location. This permit does not constitute authorization under 33 U.S.C. 1344 (Section 404 of the Clean Water Act) of any stream dredging or filling operations.
- 3. An authorization to discharge under this General Permit, where the activity discharges to a municipal or private storm drain owned by another party or discharges to private or public lands or water ways, does not convey any rights or authorization to discharge to the above stated location. The Permittee must contact the owner of the municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4), private storm drain or the private or public lands or water way and obtain permission to discharge.
- 4. The permittee is authorized to discharge under the terms and conditions of this permit after submission of a completed Notice of Intent (NOI) (Appendix A) and after signature of the Director authorizing coverage between an effective date and an expiration date. A completed NOI consists of either a letter containing the information listed below, completion of the online application process found at the Division of Water Quality website or using the NOI form in the Appendix with all relevant spaces filled out. The NOI should be submitted to the following address:

Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Quality 195 North 1950 West PO Box 144870 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

The NOI requires the following information:

- a. Name, address, telephone number, site location and descriptive location of the facility, amount of acreage to be disturbed, and location of discharge point(s) (latitude, longitude);
- b. Name of individual in charge of operation of the facility;
- c. Name of potential receiving water(s);
- d. Detail design of any wastewater treatment system and recycle/reuse utilized such as inlet, length, width, depth, volume, detention time and outlet;
- e. Brief description of the type of activity resulting in the discharge. This shall include the anticipated volume, detention time, and outlet;
- f. Start date and end date when construction dewatering and/or hydrostatic testing will be or is planned to be accomplished.
- g. For hydrostatic testing only:
 - i. The type of vessel being tested (e.g. pipe, tank, etc.)
 - ii. The material from which the vessel was constructed (e.g. steep pipe, etc.)
- iii. Whether the vessel is new or used material.
- iv. A list of any pollutants that could reasonably be expected in the discharge other than minor amounts of silt/sand/sediment or oil and grease. Used product must be cleaned from the vessel before testing, any oil and grease coating new steel used in vessel construct must be cleaned before testing.
- v. A description of the fluid material that will be contained and/or transported through the vessel.
- vi. In the Colorado River Basin where water sources other than shallow wells or the receiving stream are to be used, information demonstrating conformance with the Colorado River Basin Salinity Control Forum, February 28, 1977 policy requirements and revisions thereof.
- h. Signature of owner, operator, or authorized agent (<u>Part IV.G.</u> Signatory Requirements) and the following certification statement.
 - "I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.
- 5. The permittee shall notify the Division of Water Quality (DWQ) in writing within thirty (30) days of the termination of the discharge(s) authorized under the General Permit. The Notice of Termination (NOT) may be either the suggested NOT or any other format of official correspondence that incorporates all of the information required on the NOT form. Instructions for completing the NOT are contained in Appendix B. Signed and completed NOT forms and attachments must be submitted to DWQ.

- 6. The owner or operator of a facility excluded from coverage by this general permit solely because that facility already has an individual UPDES permit may request that the individual permit be revoked and that the facility be covered by this general permit. Upon revocation of the individual permit, this general permit shall apply to that facility.
- 7. Any owner or operator covered by this general permit may request to be excluded from the coverage by applying for an individual UPDES permit. In addition, in accordance with Utah Administrative Code (UAC) R317-8-2.5, the Director may require any owner or operator covered under this permit to apply for and obtain an individual UPDES permit for reasons that include the following:
 - a. The discharge(s) is a significant contributor of pollution. There is significant potential for pollutants other than uncontaminated sediment from excavation, or minor amounts of oil and grease from machinery (e.g. contaminated groundwater, chemicals released during specialized construction, etc.)
 - b. The discharger is not in compliance with the conditions of this general permit; or
 - c. Conditions or standard have changed so that the discharger no longer qualifies for a general permit.
 - d. When an individual UPDES permit is issued to an owner or operator otherwise covered under this general permit, the applicability of the general permit to that owner or operator is automatically terminated upon the effective date of the individual UPDES permit.

B. Requiring an Individual Permit or an Alternative General Permit

- 1. The Director may require any person authorized by this permit to apply for and/or obtain either an individual UPDES permit or an alternative UPDES general permit. The Director may require any owner or operator authorized to discharge under this permit to apply for an individual UPDES permit only if the owner or operator has been notified in writing that a permit application is required. This notification shall include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a deadline for the discharger to file the application, and a statement that on the effective date of the individual UPDES permit or the alternative general permit as it applies to the individual permittee, coverage under this general permit shall automatically terminate. Applications shall be submitted to the address of the Division of Water Quality shown in Part II.G of this permit. The Director may grant additional time to submit the application upon request of the applicant. If an owner or operator fails to submit in a timely manner an individual UPDES permit application as required by the Director, then the applicability of this permit to the individual UPDES permittee is automatically terminated at the end of the day specified for application submittal.
- 2. Any discharger authorized by this permit may request to be excluded from the coverage of this permit by applying for an individual permit. In such cases, the permittee shall submit an individual application in accordance with the requirement of Utah Administrative Code ("UAC") R317-8-3.8(2(b)2 with reasons supporting the request, to the Director at the address for the Division of Water Quality in Part II.G. of this permit. The request may be granted by issuance of any individual permit or an alternative general permit if the reasons cited by the permittee are adequate to support the request.
- 3. When an individual UPDES permit is issued to an owner or operator otherwise subject to this permit, or the owner or operator is authorized for coverage under an alternative UPDES general permit, the applicability of this permit to the individual UPDES permittee is automatically terminated on the effective date of the individual permit or the date of approval for coverage under the alternative general permit, whichever the case

may be. When an individual UPDES permit is denied to an owner or operator under an alternative UPDES general permit, the applicability of this permit to the individual UPDES permittee is automatically terminated on the date of such denial, unless otherwise specified by the Director.

C. Narrative Standard

It shall be unlawful, and a violation of this permit, for the permittee to discharge or place any waste or other substance in such a way as will be or may become offensive such as unnatural deposits, floating debris, oil, scum or other nuisances such as color, odor taste, or cause conditions which produce undesirable aquatic life or which produce objectionable tastes in edible aquatic organisms; or result in concentrations or combinations of substances which produce undesirable physiological responses in desirable resident fish, or other desirable aquatic life, or undesirable human health effects, as determined by bioassay or other tests performed in accordance with standard procedures.

D. Specific Limitations and Self-Monitoring Requirements

1. Effective immediately and lasting the duration of this permit, the permittee is authorized to discharge from all Outfalls. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Discharge l	Limitations ^{a.}	Monitoring Requirements				
Effluent	Average	Average	Daily	Daily	Measureme	Sample Type	
Characteristics	30 day	7 day	Min	Max	nt Frequency		
Flow, GPD					Weekly	Instant	
Oil & Grease, visible ^b					Daily	Visual Observation	
Oil & grease, mg/L ^c				10	Weekly	Grab	
pH, Standard Units h			6.5	9.0	Weekly	Grab	
Total Suspended Solids, mg/L ^d	25	35 <u>e</u>		70	Weekly	Grab/ Composite	
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC), mg/L ^f					Daily	Grab	
					_		

a See Definitions, *Part V* for definition of terms.

Observe effluent daily for visible Oil & Grease sheen.

Sample for Oil and Grease only when a sheen is observed or other reasons to suspect the presence of oil.

d The Director may allow exceptions to the total suspended solids monthly and weekly limitations on a case-by-case basis where the discharge will not exceed 45 days and the treatment system is designed, built, and operated to meet the maximum concentration limitation and there will be no significant detrimental effect on receiving water quality or downstream beneficial uses.

- ^e 7-day Average is a DWQ secondary standard UAC r. 317-3.2 F; The Director may allow exceptions if the duration is short and will not cause a detrimental effect. To receive exception to the 7-day Average monitoring requirement, a letter will need to be submitted to the Director.
- The use of chlorinated water for a hydrostatic testing fluid shall not be allowed unless it can be demonstrated that the chlorine dissipates prior to discharge, poses no potential for toxic impacts to the receiving waters or proper dechlorination BMPs and monitoring has been performed. Chlorine sampling will be required when chlorinated water is used and discharged to a stream with a chlorine standard.
- The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance which includes but is not limited to: violations of any effluent limit detailed in <u>Part I.D.</u> of this permit or violations of the Narrative Standard as stipulated in <u>Part I.C.</u> of this permit constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action. <u>Part III</u> of this permit further details the compliance responsibilities of the permittee.
- h pH must be analyzed within 15 minutes.
- 2. The Director may require additional one time or regular sampling other than that specified above.
- 3. Impaired Water Body
 - a. Water intercepted during construction dewatering activities that are discharged into an impaired water body will have additional monitoring and reporting requirements as deemed necessary by the Director. It is the permittees to determine if the receiving water has been designated "impaired". Contact the Division of Water Quality for assistance in making that determination.
- 4. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken at the discharge point(s) identified in the NOI.
- 5. Samples shall be taken only when discharging and should be taken at a location that provides a representative analysis of the effluent just prior to discharge to the receiving water or if the effluent is commingled with another permitted discharge, prior to such commingling.
- 6. The flow rate shall not exceed the maximum capacity of any treatment device.
- 7. All points sources discharges will be required to place velocity dissipation devices at discharge locations and along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to insure non-erosive flow velocity from the structure to a water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. no deleterious effects or significant changes in the hydrological regime in the receiving water).
- 8. All waters shall be discharged in a manner to prevent erosion, scouring, or damage to stream banks, streambeds, or ditches.
- 9. The concentration of Oil and Grease shall be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.
- 10. Best Management Practices (BMPs) includes the development and implementation of a written site-specific Dewatering Control Plan prior to initiating dewatering of uncontaminated groundwater or surface water sources. Details are listed under "Dewatering Control Plan" of the Statement of Bases and Appendix D.

PART I General Permit No. UTG070000

11. Corrective Action practices must be followed as outlined in the Statement of Bases and Appendix E.

II. MONITORING, RECORDING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

A. Representative Sampling

Discharge points shall be designed or modified so that a sample of the effluent can be obtained at a point after the final treatment process and prior to discharge to state waters. Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge. All samples shall be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit and unless otherwise specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other waste stream, body of water, or substance. Monitoring points shall not be changed without notification to and approval by the Director. The permittee shall provide access to the Division to sample the discharge at these points.

B. Monitoring Procedures

Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under Utah Administrative Code ("UAC") R317-2-10, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

C. Flow Measuring Device

At the request of DWQ, the permittee shall show proof of the accuracy of any flow-measuring device or method used in obtaining data submitted in the monitoring report. The flow-measuring device must indicate values within ten (10%) percent of the actual flow being discharged from the facility.

D. Analytical and Sampling Methods for Monitoring and Reporting

The permittee shall install, calibrate, use and maintain monitoring methods and equipment, including biological and indicated pollutant monitoring methods. All sampling shall be performed by the permittee according to specified methods in 40 CFR Part 136; methods approved by EPA pursuant to 40 CFR Part 136; or methods approved by the Director, in the absence of a method specified in or approved pursuant to 40 CFR Part 136.

E. Penalties for Tampering

The Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.

F. Discharge Log

The permittee shall maintain a documented Discharge Log identifying the following information for each permitted outfall:

- 1) The dates and times when a discharge commences and ends;
- 2) Prior to the start of any discharge from an undefined discharge outfall(s), the receiving water for the discharge and the location that the outfall will be located at, including the latitude and longitude to the nearest 15 seconds, general descriptions of the location, and a map showing the discharge locations.
- 3) A description of the pollutant control practices used during construction dewatering, including:
 - a. For all filter devices document the pollutant control filter maximum flow rate that will maintain compliance with the permit effluent limits

and a drawing, sketch, and/or written description of the installation and implementation specifications.

- b. For all settling devices document the residence time and maximum flow rate that will maintain compliance with the permit effluent limits and a drawing, sketch, and/or written description of the installation and implementation specifications.
- c. For all other techniques and methods implemented to remove pollutants prior to discharge, such as but not limited to pump in gravel-packs, sump conditions, and well screens document the technique used and its intended purpose, the maximum flow rate for operation that will maintain compliance with the permit effluent limits, and a drawing, sketch, and/or written description of the installation and implementation specifications.
- d. If no treatment has been determined necessary to remove pollutants prior to discharge in order to maintain compliance with the permit effluent limits a statement identifying that no treatment will be provided
- 4) The method used to measure flow, in accordance with Part II.C.

The log must be updated within 72 hours of the occurrence of any activity requiring documentation in accordance with this permit.

G. Reporting of Monitoring Results

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized and reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Form, no later than the 28th day of the month following the completed reporting period. If no discharge occurs, "**No Discharge**" shall be reported. See Appendix E for example of how to complete a DMR form.

Permittees must maintain a daily log during the periods of dewatering activities (or dewatering discharge). The daily log must contain: date and time of observations, identifications of the person recording the observation, monitoring results (visual or grab sample), inspection observations as identified in the site's Dewatering Control Plan, any problems observed, and any corrective action performed. The permittee must maintain records, including the daily log, for a period of at least three years and make these records available to the *Department upon request*.

Legible copies of these, and all other reports herein, shall be signed and certified in accordance with the requirements of Signatory Requirements (see <u>Part IV.G.</u>), and submitted to the Director, Division of Water Quality at the following address or by using NetDMR services (when available):

Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Quality PO Box 144870 Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

H. Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any Compliance Schedule of this permit be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

I. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee

If the permittee monitors any parameter more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under UAC R317-2-10 or as otherwise specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated. Only those parameters required by the permit need to be reported.

J. Record Contents

Records of monitoring information shall include:

- 1. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
- 2. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- 3. The date(s) and times(s) analyses were performed;
- 4. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- 5. The analytical techniques or methods used;
- 6. The results of such analyses; and
- 7. The daily log.

K. Retention of Records

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time. A copy of this UPDES permit must be maintained on site during the duration of activity at the permitted location.

L. Twenty-Four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting

- 1. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may seriously endanger health or environment as soon as possible, but no later than twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee first became aware of the circumstance. The report shall be made to the Division of Water Quality, 801-536-4300 or 24 hour answering service 801-536-4123.
- 2. The following occurrences of noncompliance shall be reported by telephone 801-536-4123 as soon as possible but no later than 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances:
 - a. Any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment;
 - b. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (*See Part III.G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities*); or
 - c. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit (*See <u>Part III.H.</u> Upset Conditions*); or
 - d. Violations of maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed in the permit.

- 3. A written submission shall also be provided within five days of the time that the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain:
 - a. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
 - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times;
 - c. The estimated time noncompliance is expected to continue if it has not been corrected;
 - d. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance;
 - e. Steps taken, if any, to mitigate the adverse impacts on the environment and human health during the noncompliance period.
- 4. The Director may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours by the Division of Water Quality, 801-536-4300.

M. Other Noncompliance Reporting

Instances of noncompliance not required to be reported within 24 hours shall be reported at the time that monitoring reports for <u>Part II.G.</u> are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in <u>Part II.L.3</u>.

N. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- 1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- 2. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- 3. Inspection at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
- 4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

III. COMPLIANCE RESPONSILIBILITIES

A. <u>Duty to Comply</u>

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

B. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions

The Act provides that any person who violates a permit condition implementing provisions of the Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions of the Act is subject to a fine not exceeding \$25,000 per day of violation. Any person convicted under UCA 19-5-115(2) a second time shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$50,000 per day. Except as provided at Part III.G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities and Part III.H. Upset Conditions, nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee of the civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.

C. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

D. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

E. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

F. Removed Substances

Collected screening, grit, solids, sludge, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment shall be buried or disposed of in such a manner so as to prevent any pollutant from entering any waters of the state or creating a health hazard. Sludge/digester supernatant and filter backwash shall not directly enter either the final effluent or waters of the state by any other direct route.

G. Bypass of Treatment Facilities

1. Bypass not exceeding limitations. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but if it also is for essential

maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 3 of this section.

2. Prohibition of bypass

- a. Bypass is prohibited and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for a bypass, unless:
 - i. The bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of human life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - ii. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and,
- iii. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 2 of this section.
- b. The Director may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in paragraph 3.a. of this section.

3. Notice

- a. Anticipated bypass. Except as provided above in paragraph 2 (<u>Prohibition of bypass</u>) and below in paragraph <u>3.b.</u>, if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, at least ninety days before the date of bypass. The prior notice shall include the following unless otherwise waived by the Director:
 - 1. Evaluation of alternative to bypass, including cost benefit analysis containing an assessment of anticipated resource damages;
 - 2. A specific bypass plan describing the work to be performed including scheduled dates and times. The permittee must notify the Director in advance of any changes to the bypass schedule;
 - 3. Description of specific measures to be taken minimize environmental and public health impacts;
 - 4. A notification plan sufficient to alert all downstream users, the public and others reasonably expected to be impacted by the bypass;
 - 5. A water quality assessment plan to include sufficient monitoring of the receiving water before, during and following the bypass to enable evaluation of public health risks and environmental impacts; and
 - 6. Any additional information requested by the Director.
- b. Emergency Bypass. Where ninety days advance notice is not possible, the permittee must notify the Director, and the Director of Department of Natural Resources, as soon as it becomes aware of the need to bypass and provide to the Director the information in paragraph 3.a(1) through (6) (above) to the extent practicable.
- c. Unanticipated Bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass to the Director as required under Part II.L., Twenty-Four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting. The permittee shall also immediately notify the Director of the Department of Natural Resources, the public and downstream users and shall

implement measure to minimize impacts to public health and environment to the extent practicable.

H. <u>Upset Conditions</u>

- 1. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmation defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph 2 of this section are met. Director's administrative determination regarding a claim of upset cannot be judiciously challenged by the permittee until such time as an action is initiated for noncompliance.
- 2. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the causes(s) of the upset;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required under <u>Part II.L.</u>, Twenty-Four Hour Notice of Noncompliance Reporting; and,
 - d. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under <u>Part III.D.</u>, Duty to Mitigate.

I. Toxic Pollutants

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of The Water Quality Act of 1987 for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even in the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

J. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances

Notification shall be provided to the Director as soon as the permittee knows of, or has reason to believe:

- 1. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels"
 - a. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 ug/L);
 - b. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 ug/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4, 6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
 - c. Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with UAC R317-8-3.4(7) or (10); or,
 - d. The level established by the Director in accordance with UAC R317-8-4.2(6)
- 2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels"
 - a. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/L);
 - b. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;

PART III DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

- c. Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application in accordance with UAC R317-8-3.4(9); or,
- d. The level established by the Director in accordance with UAC R317-8-4.2(6).

K. Industrial Pretreatment

Any wastewaters discharged to the sanitary sewer, either as a direct discharge or as a hauled waste, are subject to Federal, State and local pretreatment regulations. Pursuant to Section 307 of the Water Quality Act of 1987, the permittee shall comply with all applicable federal General Pretreatment Regulations promulgated at 40 CFR 403, the State Pretreatment Requirements at UAC R317-8-8, and any specific local discharge limitations developed by the Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) accepting the wastewaters.

In addition, in accordance with 40 CFR 403.12(p)(1), the permittee must notify the POTW, the EPA Regional Waste Management Director, and the State hazardous waste authorities, in writing, if they discharge any substance into a POTW which is otherwise disposed of would be considered a hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261. This notification must include the name of the hazardous waste, the EPA hazardous waste number, and the type of discharge (continuous or batch).

IV. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Planned Changes

The permittee shall give notice to the Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when the alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of parameters discharged or pollutant sold or given away. This notification applies to pollutants, which are not subject to effluent limitations in the permit. In addition, if there are any planned substantial changes to the permittee's existing sludge facilities or their manner of operation or to current sludge management practices of storage and disposal, the permittee shall give notice to the Director of any planned changes at least 30 days prior to their implementation.

B. Anticipated Noncompliance

The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity, which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

C. Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

D. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a new permit. The application shall be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit.

E. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

F. Other Information

When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

G. Signatory Requirements

All applications, reports or information submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified.

- 1. All permit applications shall be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.
- 2. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the Director shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

- a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above and submitted to the Director, and,
- b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the operation of the construction site, regulated facility, such as the position of lead operator, foreman, plant manager, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, an individual or position having responsibility for environmental matters or an individual having specific environmental responsibility over water discharge matters. A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.

3. Changes to authorization

If an authorization under *paragraph* <u>IV.G.2</u> is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of *paragraph* <u>IV.G.2</u>. must be submitted to the Director prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.

4. Certification

Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

H. Penalties for Falsification of Reports

The *Act* provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than six months per violation, or by both.

I. Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under *UAC R317-8-3.2*, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the office of Director. As required by the *Act*, permit applications, permits and effluent data shall not be considered confidential.

J. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the permittee of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under the *Act*.

K. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state or local laws or regulations.

L. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provisions of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

M. Transfers

This permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:

- 1. The current permittee notifies the Director at least 20 days in advance of the proposed transfer date:
- 2. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittee's containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and,
- 3. The Director does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify, or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2 above.

N. State or Federal Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by *UCA 19-5-117* and *Section 510* of the *Act* or any applicable Federal or State transportation regulations, such as but not limited to the Department of Transportation regulations.

O. Water Quality - Reopener Provision

This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include the appropriate effluent limitations and compliance schedule, if necessary, if one or more of the following events occurs:

- 1. Water Quality Standards for the receiving water(s) to which the permittee discharges are modified in such a manner as to require different effluent limits than contained in this permit.
- 2. A final wasteload allocation is developed and approved by the State and/or EPA for incorporation in this permit.
- 3. Revisions to the current CWA § 208 area wide treatment management plans or promulgations/revisions to TMDLs (40 CFR 130.7) approved by the EPA and adopted by DWQ which calls for different effluent limitations than contained in this permit.

P. Toxicity Limitation - Reopener Provision

This permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) to include whole effluent toxicity (WET) testing, a WET limitation, a compliance schedule, a compliance date, additional or modified numerical limitations, or any other conditions related to the control of toxicants if toxicity is detected during the life of this permit.

Q. Storm Water-Reopener Provision

At any time during the duration (life) of this permit, this permit may be reopened and modified (following proper administrative procedures) as per *UAC R317.8*, to include, any applicable storm water provisions and requirements, a storm water pollution prevention plan,

PART IV DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

a compliance schedule, a compliance date, monitoring and/or reporting requirements, or any other conditions related to the control of storm water discharges to "waters-of-State".

V. DEFINITIONS

- A. The "7-day (and weekly) average", other than for *E. coli* bacteria, fecal coliform bacteria, and total coliform bacteria, is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 7-day period or calendar week, whichever is applicable. Geometric means shall be calculated for *E. coli* bacteria, fecal coliform bacteria, and total coliform bacteria. The 7-day and weekly averages are applicable only to those effluent characteristics for which there are 7-day average effluent limitations. The calendar week, which begins on Sunday and ends on Saturday, shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms. Weekly averages shall be calculated for all calendar weeks with Saturdays in the month. If a calendar week overlaps two months (i.e., the Sunday is in one month and the Saturday in the following month), the weekly average calculated for that calendar week shall be included in the data for the month that contains Saturday.
- B. The "30-day (and monthly) average," other than for *E. coli* bacteria, fecal coliform bacteria and total coliform bacteria, is the arithmetic average of all samples collected during a consecutive 30-day period or calendar month, whichever is applicable. Geometric means shall be calculated for *E. coli* bacteria, fecal coliform bacteria and total coliform bacteria. The calendar month shall be used for purposes of reporting self-monitoring data on discharge monitoring report forms.
- C. "Act," means the *Utah Water Quality Act*.
- D. "Acute toxicity" occurs when 50 percent or more mortality is observed for either test species at any effluent concentration (lethal concentration or "LC₅₀").
- E. "Best Management Practices" ("BMPs") means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the State. BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage.
- F. "Bypass," means the diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- G. "Composite Samples" shall be flow proportioned. The composite sample shall, as a minimum, contain at least four (4) samples collected over the compositing period. Unless otherwise specified, the time between the collection of the first sample and the last sample shall not be less than six (6) hours nor more than 24 hours. Acceptable methods for preparation of composite samples are as follows:
 - 1. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to flow rate at time of sampling;
 - 2. Constant time interval between samples, sample volume proportional to total flow (volume) since last sample. For the first sample, the flow rate at the time the sample was collected may be used;
 - 3. Constant sample volume, time interval between samples proportional to flow (i.e., sample taken every "X" gallons of flow); and,
 - 4. Continuous sample volume, with sample collection rate proportional to flow rate.
- H. "CWA," means *The Federal Water Pollution Control Act*, as amended, by *The Clean Water Act of 1987*.

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- I. "Daily Maximum" (Daily Max.) is the maximum value allowable in any single sample or instantaneous measurement.
- J. "EPA," means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- K. "Director," means Director of the Division of Water Quality.
- L. A "grab" sample, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a single "dip and take" sample collected at a representative point in the discharge stream.
- M. "Illicit discharge" means any discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer that is not composed entirely of storm water except discharges pursuant to a UPDES permit (other than the UPDES permit for discharges from the municipal separate storm sewer) and discharges from firefighting activities, fire hydrant flushings, potable water sources including waterline flushings, uncontaminated ground water (including dewatering ground water infiltration), foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials such as solvents, springs, riparian habitats, wetlands, irrigation water, exterior building wash-down where there are not chemical or abrasive additives, pavement wash-waters where spills or leaks or hazardous materials have not occurred and where detergents are not used, and air conditioning condensate.
- N. An "instantaneous" measurement, for monitoring requirements, is defined as a single reading, observation, or measurement.
- O. "NOI" means "Notice of Intent", it is an application form that is used to obtain coverage under the General Permit for Construction Dewatering/Hydrostatic Testing.
- P. "NOT" means "Notice of Termination", it is a form used to terminate coverage under the General Permit for Construction Dewatering/Hydrostatic Testing.
- Q. "Point Source" means any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharges. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agriculture storm water runoff.
- R. "Severe Property Damage," means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- S. "Significant materials" includes, but is not limited to: raw materials; fuels; materials such as solvents, detergents, and plastic pellets; finished materials such as metallic products; raw materials used in food processing or production; hazardous substances designated under Section 101(14) of CERCLA; any chemical the facility is required to report pursuant to EPCRA Section 313; fertilizers; pesticides; and waste products such as ashes, slag and sludge that have the potential to be released with storm water discharges.
- T. "Significant spills" includes, but is not limited to: release of oil or hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (see 40 CFR 110.10 and 40 CFR 117.21) or Section 102 of CERCLA (see 40 CFR 302.4).
- U. "Time-weighted composite" means a composite sample consisting of a mixture of equal volume aliquots collected at a constant time interval.
- V. "Upset," means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond

PART V DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventative maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

W. "Waste pile" means any non-containerized accumulated of solid, non-flowing waste that is used for treatment or storage.

Appendix A

Notice of Intent (NOI) required information

The NOI can be completed on the NOI form or through the online database

PART V DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

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UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing

NOI

Notice of Intent (NOI)

for Coverage Under the

UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing UPDES Permit No. UTG070000

Before completing this form, the applicant needs to read the Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing (CDHT) General Permit. Certification of this Notice of Intent (NOI) is certification with the requirements in the CDHT. This NOI must be completed by the owner/operator responsible for construction dewatering activities who are seeking coverage under the CDHT. You must print or type legibly; forms that are not legible, incomplete, or unsigned will be returned. You must maintain a copy of the completed NOI form for your records.

Part I.	Application State	us (check one)										
	New – No prior CDHT authorization or authorization request for this project/activity											
	Resubmitted - U	JPDES Permit Coverage No.	UTG07									
	Renewal - UPD	ES Permit Coverage No.	UTG07									
Part I	I. Applicant Info	ormation	-	_								
Orga	anization Name:											
Cont	tact Person:		Title:									
Mail	ing Address:	Street (PO Box):										
		City:	State:	Zip:								
	Phone: Email:											
Part I	II. Site/Project 1	Information										
Site/	Project Name:											
Proje	ect Street/Location	1:										
City:	:	State	e: Utah Zip:									
Proje	ect Description:											
												
		-										
Date	construction dew	atering or hydrostatic testing is	anticipated to begin:									
Date	construction dew	atering or hydrostatic testing is	anticipated to end:									
Roug	Rough estimate of average discharge flow rate [gallons per minute (gpm)] gpm											
Addi	itional comments:											

Appendix A (page 2)										
P	Part IV. Outfalls and Receiving Water(s)									
Provide the latitude and longitude to the nearest second for each dewatering outfall. The specified location should be after all treatment and before release to the receiving water. Provide the name of the <u>initial</u> receiving water. If the initial receiving water is unnamed, please also indicate the closed named drainage the receiving water flows into (i.e. unnamed tributary of City Creek). Attach additional sheets if necessary for more outfalls.										
Each outfall to a different receiving water segment is subject to additional application fees and annual fees.										
	Outfall No.	Latitude		Longitude	Receiving Surface Waters (Name)					
	001									
fa d:		fied in Section B d	epicting the fac	ility or activity bound	beyond the property boundaries of the site or daries, any treatment area(s), outfall(s), major					
P	art V. Dewatering	Control Pan								
	part of the dewate		Dewatering Con	trol Plan will be mai	uction dewatering, and implemented as intained, and available to DWQ for on-					
					Management Practices evaluated in the yed to the extent known):					
	□ Yes □ No □ U	Unknown	Run-on prever	ntion/diversion						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ U	Unknown	Pumping proc protection)	eess pretreatment (i.e	e. filtering sump or submersible pump					
	□ Yes □ No □ U	Unknown	Directed throu	igh vegetated swale p	prior to discharge					
	□ Yes □ No □ U	Unknown	Constructed se	ettling pond or structu	are, including hay bales					
	□ Yes □ No □ U	Unknown	Dewatering ba	ngs						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown Anionic polymer-based flocculants and/or coagulants in accordance with manufacturers specifications									
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown Erosion control for the discharge, including rip rap or baffles.									
□ Yes □ No			Other, describe							
Ļ		T 0								
ľ	art VI. Certificatio	n Information								

All Applicants Must Complete the Following Certification

I certify under penalty of law that all construction dewatering and/or hydrostatic testing operations at the above facility that were authorized by the UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing, UPDES Permit No. UTG070000 have been eliminated or that I am no longer the operator of the facility. I understand that by submitting the Notice of Termination, I am no longer covered under the general permit. I also understand that the submittal of this

notice of termination does not relea	se an operator from liabil	ity for any violations of this permit of th	e Water Quality Act.
Printed Name:		Title:	
Signature:		Organization:	
Date (mm/dd/yy):	Email:		
Appendix A (page 3)			

Instructions for Completing a Notice of Intent Form (NOI) for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing General Permit.

<u>Important</u>: A Notice of Intent (NOI) form will not be considered complete unless you answer every question. If an item does not apply to you, enter "Not Applicable" to show that you considered the question. The appropriate fees must be paid for coverage under CDHT General Permit.

Part II: Application Status

Check the box that applies to your project and provide the requested information.

Part III: Site/Project Information

Identify the site or project name that is the source of the construction dewatering and hydrostatic discharge. The location of the site is the specific area where the activity is physically conducted. Give the address or location and the geographical coordinate information.

Part IV. Outfalls and Receiving Water(s)

Outfalls are defined as a disposal system through which effluent or waste leaves the facility or site. An outfall location is considered to be a discrete channel, conveyance, structure or flow path from which discharge leaves the facility after all treatment, prior to discharge into state surface waters. Water bodies used solely for treating, transporting, or impounding pollutants shall not be considered surface water.

Part V. Dewatering Control Pan

Applicants are to certify that they will complete and implement a site specific Dewatering Control Plan for their dewatering activities.

Part VI. Certification Information

The NOIs, must be signed as follows:

- 1) For a corporation, a responsible corporate officer shall sign the NOT, a responsible corporate officer means:
 - A President, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
 - b. The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, if

- i. The manager is authorized to make management decisions that govern the operation of the regulated facility, including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental statutes and regulations:
- ii. The manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and
- iii. Authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- 2) For a partnership of sole proprietorship, the general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- 3) For a municipality, state or other public agency, either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official shall sign the application; in this subsection, a principal executive officer of any agency means;
 - a. The chief executive officer of the agency; or
 - b. A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit or division of the agency.

Include the name, title, and email address of the person signing the form and the date of signing. An unsigned or undated NOI will not be considered valid to receive permit coverage.

You are required to comply with all conditions and reporting requirements until the NOT is submitted to DWQ, including submission of Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR).

Where to File NOI form:

Please submit the original form with a signature in ink to the below address. Remember to retrain a copy for your records.

NOTs sent by mail:

Division of Water Quality 195 North 1950 West PO Box 144870 Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4870

Appendix B

Notice of Termination (NOT) required information

The NOT can be completed on the NOT form or through the online database

PART V DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

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UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing

NOT

Notice of Termination (NOT)

for Coverage Under the UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing UPDES Permit No. UTG070000

This form is to be submitted when a discharge permit is no longer required or necessary. Part I through Part III identifies the site and operator/facility that will no longer request coverage under the UPDES General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing Permit No UTG070000. You must type of print legibly, forms that are not legible or are unsigned will be returned. Do not leave blank spaces. It is recommended that you maintain a copy of the completed form for your records. The NOT must be submitted within thirty (30) days upon completion of all excavation dewatering activities.

Part I. Permit Informatio	n				
UPDES Permit Coverag	ge No.	UTG07			
Date all dewatering activ	vities ceased		Estima	ated total volu	me discharged
Basis for terminating per	rmit coverage	☐ Project Comple	eted 🗖 No gr	oundwater at c	construction site
		☐ Other (explain))		
Part II. Applicant Inform	ation				
Organization Name:					
Contact Person:				Title:	
Mailing Address:	Street (PO Bo	ox):			
	City:		State	:	Zip:
	Phone:		Emai	1:	
B 4 HI Cta/Duciest Info	49				
Part III. Site/Project Info	rmation				
Site/Project Name:					
Project Street/Location:					
City:		State:	Utah	Zip:	
Project Description:					
Latitude:		Lon	gitude:		
Part IV. Certification Info	'aation				
authorized by the UPDES G have been eliminated or that am no longer covered under operator from liability for any	w that all constructions that all constructions of the construction of the constructio	action dewatering and r Construction Dewater ne operator of the fac- it. I also understand t	tering and Hyd ility. I understa hat the submitt Quality Act.	drostatic Testing and that by sub	ions at the above facility that were g, UPDES Permit No. UTG070000 mitting the Notice of Termination, I e of termination does not release an
Printed Name:			Title:		
Signature: Date (mm/dd/yy):		Email:	Organizatio -	n:	
					

Appendix B (page 2)

Instructions for Completing a Notice of Termination Form (NOT) for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing General

Who May File an NOT Form:

Permittees with an active coverage under the Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (UPDES) General Permit for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing may submit an NOT form when all dewatering activities have ceased. Only those permittees who submit an NOI to receive discharge authorization are required to submit an NOT.

Completion of the dewatering means all pumping of groundwater or surface water authorized under the permit have ceased. The termination shall be filed within thirty (30) days upon completion of all pumping activity which produces a discharge to either the land or a water body. All BMP measures put in place to manage the discharge shall also be removed prior to submittal of the NOT.

Completing the Form

Type or print, in the appropriate areas only. "NA" can be entered in areas that are not applicable. If you have any questions about how or when to use this form, contact the Division of Water Quality Surface Water Section at 801.536.4300 or email dewatering@utah.gov.

Part I. Permit Number

Enter the existing UPDES General Permit Coverage Number for Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing assigned at the time the Notice of Intent (NOI) was submitted. If you do not know the coverage permit number, you can find contact the Division of Water Quality Surface Water Section at 801.536.4300 or email dewatering@utah.gov.

Part II. Applicant Information

Provide the Organization Name, Contact Person, or any other entity conducting the discharge activities described in the NOI and is covered by the permit coverage number identified in Part I. The entity responsible for conducting the dewatering operations is the legal entity that controls the site operation, rather than the site/project manager.

Enter the permittee's complete mailing address, telephone number and email address.

Part III. Site/Project Information

Enter the official or legal name and complete street address, including city, state and zip code. If the project or site lacks a street address, indicate the general location of the site (e.g. Intersection of State Highways and major road ways). Include a project description and the latitude and longitude of the project site. Complete site information must be provided for termination of permit coverage to be valid.

Part IV. Certification Information

The NOTs, must be signed as follows:

- 1) For a corporation, a responsible corporate officer shall sign the NOT, a responsible corporate officer means:
 - a. A President, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
 - b. The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, if
 - i. The manager is authorized to make management decisions that govern the operation of the regulated facility, including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental statutes and regulations:
 - ii. The manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and
 - iii. Authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- 2) For a partnership of sole proprietorship, the general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- For a municipality, state or other public agency, either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official shall sign the application; in this subsection, a principal executive officer of any agency means;
 - a. The chief executive officer of the agency; or
 - b. A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit or division of the agency.

Include the name, title, and email address of the person signing the form and the date of signing. An unsigned or undated NOT will not be considered valid terminated of permit coverage.

You are required to comply with all conditions and reporting requirements until the NOT is submitted to DWQ, including submission of Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR).

Where to File NOT form:

Please submit the original form with a signature in ink to the below address. Remember to retrain a copy for your records.

NOTs sent by mail:

Division of Water Quality 195 North 1950 West PO Box 144870 Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4870

PART V DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

Appendix C

Discharge Monitoring Report Form

Discharge Monitoring Report Example

PART V DISCHARGE PERMIT NO. UT0070000

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NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)

PERMITTEE NAM	/IE/ADDRESS	(include Facility	Name/Lo	cation if	Different)	1										
ORGANIZATION					UTG07											
NAME					Р	PERMIT NU	MBER		DIS	CHARGE N	NUMBER					
MAILING				MONITORING PERIOD							☐ Check here if NO DISCHARGE					
ADDRESS					YEAR	МО	DAY	OKING	YEAR	МО	DAY	NOTE:	HECK HEI	e ii NO DISCHARGE		
PROJECT/SITE NAME PROJECT/SITE				FROM	TEAN			то	TEAN	INIO	DAI		ructions	before completing th	nis form	n
LOCATION																
				OUANTITY	Y OR LOADIN	G			QUANTI	TY OR CON	NCENTRATIO	N	NO.	FREQUENCY OF	SAN	MPLE
PARAMET	ER		VALUE		VALUE	UNITS				LUE	VALUE	UNITS				/PE
		SAMPLE MEASUREMENT														
FLOW, GI	PD	PERMIT	REG MON	F	REG MON	GAL/DAY	Y							WEEKLY		
		REQUIREMENT	30-DAY AV		7-DAY AVG									(01/07)	INST	TANT
		SAMPLE MEASUREMENT				YES=1										
OIL & GREASE,	VISIBLE	PERMIT			0	NO=0						VI		DAILY) ///C	
		REQUIREMENT		D	DAILY MAX									(01/01)	VISU	SUAL
_	_	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT														
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		REQUIREMENT									DAILY MAX	((01/07)	GK	RAB
		SAMPLE MEASUREMENT														
p H, standar	D UNIT	PERMIT							6	5.5	9.0	SU		WEEKLY	G.	RAB
		REQUIREMENT							DAIL	Y MIN	DAILY MAX			(01/07)	Gn	AB
TOTAL SUSPENDE	ED SOLIDS,	SAMPLE MEASUREMENT	·									MC/I				
MG/L		PERMIT REQUIREMENT						25 DAY AVE		35 AY AVE	70 DAILY MAX	MG/L		WEEKLY (01/07)		AB/ POSITE
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(TRC), M		MEASUREMENT PERMIT									SEE PERMIT	MG/L		DAILY	GR	RAB
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NAME/TITLE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT		UNDER MY DIRECT	TION OR SUPER	T THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL ATTACHMENTS WERE RVISION IN ACCORDANCE WITH SYSTEM DESIGNED TO		то				TELEPHONE		DATE				
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TYPED OR PRINTED INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE AND IMPRISONMENT OF KNOWING VIOLATIONS. AUTHORIZED AGENT CODE NUMBER YEAR NO DAY ON DA																
Oil and Grease Monit Total Chlorine Residu	toring is require	d if a visual sheen is o	observed or b	pelieved pr	resent. Put **		•	•								

PROJECT/SITE

LOCATION

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORT (DMR)

PERMITTEE NAME/ADDRESS (include Facility Name/Location if Different)						
ORGANIZATION	ABC		UTG07			
NAME			P			
MALLINIC	125 N 555 W					

UTG07 3 0 0 0

PERMIT NUMBER

001

DISCHARGE NUMBER

SIGNATURE OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER

OR AUTHORIZED AGENT

AREA

CODE

YEAR

DAY

NUMBER

ALL Yellow sections need to be completed <u>or</u> the **NO Discharge box** needs to be marked if there was no discharge.

MAILING 135 N 555 W
ADDRESS SLC, UT 84112

PROJECT/SITE ABC location FROM

133 N 600 W

SLC, UT 84112

 MONITORING PERIOD

 YEAR
 MO
 DAY
 YEAR
 MO
 DAY

 19
 01
 01
 TO
 19
 01
 31

Check here if **NO DISCHARGE**NOTE:

Read instructions before completing this form

PARAMETER			QUANTITY OR LOADING			QUANTITY OR CONCENTRATION				NO.	FREQUENC	CY OF	SAI	MPLE	
PARAIVIETER			VALUE	VALUE	UNITS	VALUE	VALUE	VALUE	UNITS	EX	ANALYS	SIS	T	YPE	
FLOW, GPD	SAMPLE MEASUREME		200	300	GAL/DAY					2	WEEKL	_Y	INS	TANT	
	PERMIT REQUIREME	:NT	REG MON 30-day avg	REG MON 7-DAY AVG							WEEKL (01/07		INS	TANT	
OIL & GREASE, VISIBLE	SAMPLE MEASUREME			0	YES=1					0	DAILY	1	VIS	SUAL	
	PERMIT REQUIREME			0 DAILY MAX	NO=0		VI			DAILY (01/01)		VIS	SUAL		
OIL & GREASE, MG/L	SAMPLE MEASUREME							< 5			WEEKL	_Y	G	RAB	
	PERMIT REQUIREME	:NT						10.0 DAILY MAX	MG/L		WEEKLY (01/07)		G	RAB	
PH, STANDARD UNIT	SAMPLE MEASUREME						7.0	8.5		0	WEEKL	_Y	G	RAB	
	PERMIT REQUIREME	:NT					6.5 DAILY MIN	9.0 DAILY MAX			WEEKLY (01/07)		G	RAB	
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS, MG/L	SAMPLE MEASUREME					12	15	15		0	WEEKL	_Y	G	RAB	
	PERMIT REQUIREME					25 30-day avg	35 7-day avg	70 DAILY MAX	MG/L		WEEKLY (01/07)		GR	RAB/	
TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE (TRC), MG/L	SAMPLE MEASUREME							No	0		DAILY			RAB	
	PERMIT REQUIREME	:NT		SEE PERMIT MIG				MG/L		DAILY (01/01		G	RAB		
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	0	OF MY KNO	WLEDGE AND BELIEF, TR	UE, ACCURATE AND COMP	PLETE. I AM AWARE TH	HAT THERE ARE									

COMMENTS AND EXPLANATION OF ANY VIOLATIONS (Reference all attachments here)

TYPED OR PRINTED

Oil and Grease Monitoring is required if a visual sheen is observed or believed present. Put *** for Not Required on parameter Total Chlorine Residual; for hydrostatic testing discharging to a stream wit chlorine standard. Put *** for Not Required on parameter

SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF

FINE AND IMPRISONMENT OF KNOWING VIOLATIONS.

Appendix D

Dewatering Control Plan Guidelines

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Appendix D DEWATERING CONTROL PLAN GUIDELINES

The permittee is required to develop and implement a written site-specific Dewatering Control Plan *prior to initiating dewatering*. The plan must be maintained and available for inspection on-site, and must include:

- 1) Evaluation, installation and maintenance of Best Management Practices (BMPs), including but not limited to:
 - a. Run-on prevention and/or ground water exclusion methods (where low permeability cut-off walls are used to keep water out of the excavation);
 - b. Erosion control to prevent surface water/storm water contamination of site (i.e. soil roughening, riprap, mulching, geotextiles, etc.) Excavated material must be transported and stockpiled in such a manner as to prevent its erosion returning to the receiving stream;
 - c. Treatment at dewatering pump intake (i.e., filtering sump, wrapping submersible pump in filter fabric);
 - d. Sediment Control for dewatering discharge (i.e. constructed settling pond, dewatering bags, fiber rolls, vegetated buffers, etc.); and
 - e. Proper use of anionic flocculants and coagulants, if needed (including maintaining MSDSs and following manufacturers' recommendations).
- Measures taken to prevent first flush/initial purge discharges from entering state surface waters. If not possible, minimizing turbidity and TSS in this initial discharge through use of land application, settling ponds, or other BMPs.
- 3) Measures taken to prevent spilled or leaking fuels and lubricants from entering the watercourse. If an oil sheen if observed in the discharge, a grab sample must be taken for analysis and the dewatering discharge must be stopped until the source of the oil is eliminated.
- 4) Measured taken to minimize erosion from the discharge through the use of flow dissipation devices such as rip rap, baffles, or other methods, as necessary. The discharge shall not cause or result in erosion to the area of the discharge of the surrounding stream banks.
- 5) Discharge monitoring procedures for the site to ensure that monitoring is effective and must cover all times of discharge (including weekends and holidays if applicable). The Dewatering Plan must include an identification of the person(s) responsible, monitoring frequency, any necessary and its maintenance, including calibration materials, and record-keeping in the daily log. The monitoring procedures must also ensure that both visual monitoring and sampling is conducted at times representative of operations on-site (the plan must address how the responsible parties will ensure that monitoring is conducted at times the site has construction activity).
- 6) BMP inspection procedures in order to prevent breakdowns or failures of the control equipment. The permittee must include the inspection frequency, person(s) responsible, and extent of the inspections (including erosion prevention, dewatering operations, dewatering treatment, and discharge quality), and recordkeeping in the daily log. The permittee must also include names/numbers for off-house notification of responsible personnel in the event of an emergency.
- 7) Corrective action protocol, including roles and responsibilities for observing and reporting any failures to the permittee's responsible official or their designee, and what site-specific steps may be required to regain compliance.
- 8) Control Measures to control Erosion, Sediment and Runoff

Appendix E

Corrective Action Requirements

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Appendix E CORRECTIVE ACTION PRACTICES

Upon any visual observation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) failure, inadequate BMPs, elevated turbidity, or an oil sheen, the following steps must be conducted:

- 1) Take a grab sample for analysis anytime there is an observation of elevated turbidity and/or oil and grease.
- 2) Cease discharge of dewatering effluent until the issue is resolved.
- 3) Conduct a site-wide inspection to observe operating conditions and BMP maintenance.
- 4) Address any BMP failures by determining whether there was a failure in design, installation, or maintenance and perform the appropriate measures to fix the failure, including determining whether BMPs should be modified or if additional measures must be taken.
- 5) Document the issue and resolutions in the daily log and update the Dewatering Plan.
- 6) Notify the Division of Water Quality.
 - a. To report incidents "Initial Non-Compliance Notification" for is available. See Appendix G.
- 7) Include a report with the next DMR submittal.

Appendix F

FAQ

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

Do I need a UPDES General Permit?

Ask the following questions:

- 1. Will the construction or remediation project discharge to a surface water, storm drain or other conveyance to a river, stream or lake?
 - a. If YES: coverage is needed under a UPDES Permit
 - b. If NO: a UPDES Permit is not needed
- 2. Which UPDES Permit do I get?
 - a. Is the project at a site which has potential to be impacted by petroleum products or other industrial pollutants such as
 - i. Gas station
 - ii. Oil/petroleum storage facility
 - iii. Auto repair shop
 - iv. Other Petroleum/Industrial related facilities
 - 1. If YES: Get coverage under the Treated Ground Water General Permit
 - 2. If NO: (uncontaminated groundwater) Get coverage under the Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing (CDHT) General Permit

When do I need to obtain coverage under the CDHT General Permit?

CDHT Permit coverage is required anytime groundwater, including groundwater that is commingled with stormwater or surface water, is encountered during construction activities where the groundwater or commingled water needs to be discharged to surface water. If the site is covered by a Construction Stormwater Permit, a separate CDHT permit is <u>still</u> required for a discharge.

When do I need to apply for a CDHT General Permit?

A CDHT General Permit needs to be applied for before the project begins. Make sure you have approval to work in the area from the local municipality or agency and obtain additional permits as needed.

Do I need a CDHT permit to divert surface water around an area of construction?

If surface water/springs/seeps are diverted around a construction area and no pollutants are introduced during the diversion, permit coverage is not required. This applies to pumped diversions. However, if the diverted water enters the construction area and contacts pollutants sources (e.g. disturbed soil, concrete washout, etc.) a CDHT permit coverage is required for the discharge of this water to surface water.

Do I need a CDHT permit if I am doing work in a live (flowing) stream?

If the project includes dewatering an area in a live stream, CDHT permit coverage is required. If the project includes work in a live stream and does not include dewatering, permit coverage is not required but a 401 permit will be required. However, pollutants cannot be discharged past the point of the permitted area.

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

I am injecting the discharge into the ground via an injection well. Do I need a CDHT permit?

No, a Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing permit is not required but an injection well be required, please contact DWQ more information on injection well permits.

Is there a minimal amount of discharge water that would exempt me from having to apply for a CDHT permit coverage?

A CDHT permit is required regardless of the amount of water discharged to surface water.

I intend to discharge the groundwater to the ground. Do I need a permit?

Because the DWQ is required to regulate discharges to groundwater, discharges to the ground require coverage with the DWQ Groundwater Section.

What if I only intend to discharge for a month?

You are required to obtain permit coverage regardless of the duration of the discharge. However, you can terminate your certificate once all dewatering discharges have stopped.

Where can I find the CDHT Permit coverage application?

The application and a copy of the CDHT Permit can be found on DWQ website at https://deq.utah.gov/legacy/permits/water-quality/utah-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system/forms.htm.

How far in advance should I apply for coverage under the CDHT Permit?

It is advised to apply for coverage at least 30 (thirty) days prior to the anticipated discharge date. Currently, after applying on Utah Interactive at https://secure.utah.gov/account/log-in.html you receive immediate coverage. Hardcopy Notice of Intent applications have approximately a 30 (thirty) day turn around to receive coverage.

I don't know if I will encounter groundwater. Should I apply for a permit?

DWQ suggests that you apply for permit coverage if there is any suggestion that groundwater may be encountered. You can terminate the permit if it is not needed. If you opt to not apply for a permit and encounter groundwater, you will not be able to discharge to surface water or groundwater until permit coverage is obtained. DWQ has 30 (thirty) days to issue permit coverage after the application is received.

I have several projects in numerous locations. Can I cover all projects under one permit?

No. Each project is required to have a separate permit.

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

I've submitted my application for CDHT Permit. When can I start discharging?

DWQ has 30 (thirty) days to process a CDHT Permit application. Once the permit is issued, you can start to discharge. If apply with Utah Interactive, you receive immediate coverage and can begin discharging.

Is there a way to expedite getting a permit?

Generally permits cannot be expedited. Depending on workloads (which vary day to day) the 30 (thirty) day turn around can be shortened.

Where will my permit be sent?

The permit will be sent to whoever is listed on the application as the permittee/legal contact.

When does my permit coverage expire?

Your permit is valid for one year (365 days) from the date the permit coverage was issued. Permits may be extended one year for an additional fee and updating application information.

What is the fee for obtaining coverage under the general permit?

The cost for permit coverage per year is \$150.

Should payment be sent with the application?

Yes, payment should be sent with the application. If applying online, payment is due once the application is submitted.

What if I already have permit coverage under the Stormwater Permit for Construction Activity?

If you encounter groundwater and need to discharge it to surface water, a separate CDHT General Permit is required.

What does the CDHT General Permit cover?

CDHT General Permit coverage is for uncontaminated groundwater and hydrostatic testing of pipelines, tanks or other vessels.

What if there is contamination in the area of my construction project?

If there is contamination, additional sampling/monitoring requirements for parameters reflective of the contamination will be required. If the groundwater is contaminated with petroleum, a separate General Permit for Treated Groundwater will be required. Additionally, DWQ has the flexibility to require sampling of parameters for impaired waterways prior to and during the permit coverage period.

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

I have groundwater data associated with my construction project. Should I submit it with the application?

Yes, if you have any data associated with your project area you can submit it with the application.

Will I be required to sample if I have permit coverage?

Yes, the main mechanism for determining water quality compliance with the CDHT Permit is sampling.

What parameters will be required to sample for?

Below are sampling and monitoring requirements for the CDHT Permit.

T-CC1	Di	ischarge Limi	Monitoring Requirements				
Effluent Characteristics	Average 30 day			Daily Max	Measuremen t Frequency	Sample Type	
Flow, GPD					Weekly	Instant	
Oil & Grease, visible ^b					Daily	Visual Observation	
Oil & grease, mg/L ^c	-			10	Weekly	Grab	
pH, Standard Units ^h			6.5	9.0	Weekly	Grab	
Total Suspended Solids, mg/L ^d	25	35 <u>e</u>		70	Weekly	Grab/ Composite	
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC), mg/L ^f					Daily	Grab	

However, additional parameters may be added to your certification based on impaired waterways or contamination in your project area. Your permit to discharge will list any additional parameters that you will be required to sample and monitor for and the sampling frequency.

If I only discharge for one day, do I still need to sample?

Yes, all discharges require sampling and monitoring for all parameters listed in the permit is required for the duration of the permit coverage. DWQ suggests sampling at the beginning of the discharge to ensure all sampling requirements are met.

For example: you have a weekly sampling frequency for TSS, the discharge begins on Monday and may not occur later in the week, DWQ suggests taking the sample on Monday to ensure that you meet the permit requirements.

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

What if I can't meet the permit numeric effluent limitations?

A discharge above surface water standards is not authorized as this is a violation for the General Permit limits. You will have to provide treatment prior to discharge.

What happens if I discharge above the permit limitations?

If a permit parameter is violated, you need to follow the notification procedures outlined in the permit including:

- Notify DWQ within 24 hours of becoming aware of the violation at 801.536.4300 or email dewatering@utah.gov
- Perform resampling for the parameter
- Submit a 5-day written notification of the parameter exceedance stating the date, time, location, and potential reason for the exceedance. The written notification can be submitted hard copy to DWQ address, DWQ webportal or email to dewatering@utah.gov.
- Cease discharge of dewatering effluent until the issue is resolved.

Enforcement actions can be issued on a case-by-case basis with penalties starting at \$10,000 per day per violation.

What if there are floatable debris in the wastestream?

Utah Administrative Code R317-2-7.2 states it is unlawful to discharge or place waste that is offensive, unnatural, floatable debris, nuisances or will have undesirable physical responses to aquatic life. Additional Best Management Practices will need to be put into place.

Where do I sample my discharge?

You should sample your discharge at the end of pipe and where it enters the receiving stream.

How do I submit my sampling and monitoring data?

All sampling and monitoring data will be transferred to the Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs). DMRs are required to be submitted monthly as long as the permit is effective.

Where do I get the DMRs?

DMRs are available online at https://deq.utah.gov/legacy/permits/water-quality/utah-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system/forms.htm and will also be emailed to the whoever is listed on the application as the permittee/legal contact.

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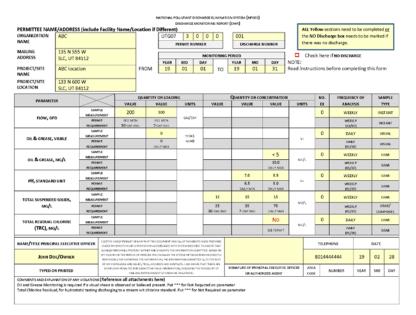


Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

How do I fill out the DMR form?

The DMR requires the following information:

- 1. Name of Organization
- 2. Mailing Address
- 3. Project/Site Name
- 4. Location of the Project/Site
- 5. Permit Number UTG07(COVERAGE)
- 6. Monitoring Period
- 7. Parameter Results
 - a. Flow
 - b. Oil & Grease
 - c. pH
 - d. TSS
 - e. TRC if needed
 - f. Printed Name
 - g. Signed Name
 - h. Phone Number
 - i. Date Signed



PAGE OF

Do I still have to submit DMRs if I haven't started my project or did not discharge this month?

Yes. DMRs need to be submitted for every month that the permit is in effect, regardless if a discharge took place. On the DMR simply mark "No Discharge", sign and date the bottom and submit to the DWQ.

When are the DMRs due?

The monthly DMRs are due on the 28th of every month for **ALL** valid permit months.

Can I submit the monthly DMR online?

Online reporting is projected to be available January 2020. Currently, DMRs need to be submitted with an original signature to DWQ; contact dewatering@utah.gov for additional submittal options.

How do I terminate my permit certification?

A Notice of Termination (NOT) will need to be submitted to DWQ to terminate permit coverage. The NOT form is located at https://deq.utah.gov/legacy/permits/water-quality/utah-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system/forms.htm.

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Appendix F Frequently Asked Questions

Can I transfer the permit coverage from one operator to another?

Yes. This permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:

- 1. The current permittee notifies the Director at least 20 days in advance of the proposed transfer date;
- 2. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittee's containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and,
- 3. The Director does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify, or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph 2 above.

How can I change my permit contact information?

Download the "Change of Contact Form" from https://deq.utah.gov/legacy/permits/water-quality/utah-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system/forms.htm and submit it to DWQ.

Does the issuance of CDHT Permit constitute a water right?

No. If there are questions regarding water rights, contact Utah Division of Water Rights at 801-538-7240.

Does the issuance of CDHT Permit give me the right to discharge into a storm water drain or private/public property?

No. You need to have permission and/or additional permits from local agencies or property owner to discharge water into a storm water drain or property. It is advised to have the permission in writing.

How do I limit impact on the receiving stream?

Best Management Practices are used to minimize impact to the receiving stream such as sedimentation tanks, basins and filter bags.

Why is the Dewatering Control Plan required?

The permittee is required to develop and implement a written site-specific Dewatering Control Plan prior to initiating dewatering. This is prevent the discharged of unpermitted pollutants and control erosion, sediment and runoff from the project site.

Why is the Corrective Action Practices required?

In the event that there is any visual observation of a BMP failure, inadequate BMPs, elevated turbidity, or an oil sheen, the permittee must conduct a series of steps to eliminate any future event. The practices also include information on notifying DWQ.

For additional information about the Construction Dewatering and Hydrostatic Testing General Permit contact DWQ Surface Water Section at 801.536.4300 or dewatering@utah.gov.

DWQ-2018-014203

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ADDENDUM TO FACT SHEET AND STATEMENT OF BASIS GENERAL PERMIT FOR CONSTRUCTION DEWATERING AND HYDROSTATIC TESTING MODIFIED PERMIT: DISCHARGE UPDES PERMIT NUMBER: UTG070000

CONTACTS

Person Name: Danielle Lenz and Leanna Littler

Position: Environmental Scientists, Division of Water Quality

Phone Number: (801) 536-4300

Department: Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Water Quality

Mailing Address: PO Box 144870

Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

Telephone: (801) 536-4300

DESCRIPTION OF PERMIT MODIFICATION

Storm Water language in the Fact Sheet Statement of Basis has been updated.

Before Modification:

Storm water permit requirements are not covered under this permit. Coverage under the Strom Water General Permit for construction activities is required for projects which disturb one acre or greater. These sites must develop and implement a sediment and erosion control plan or Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) utilizing Best Management Practices (BMP) for the control of storm water runoff. All sites 1 acre or greater are required to submit a Notice of Intent with the State prior to any disturbance. The permit may be waived for small construction sites that disturb between 1 to 5 acres if construction will begin and commence (meaning final stabilization) between January 1 and April 30 of the same calendar year (Low Erosivity Waiver). Reasonable measures to control erosion and sediment transport must still be used in case runoff occurs during the time period. All point source discharges will be required to place velocity dissipation devices at discharge locations along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to insure non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. no significant changes in the hydrological regime of the receiving water). A copy of the permit can be viewed and downloaded at the Division of Water Quality website.

Modification:

Storm water permit requirements are not covered under this permit. Coverage under the UPDES General Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Construction Sites (CGP) (UTRC00000) or the UPDES General Permit for Construction Activity Connected with Single Lot Housing Projects (Common Plan Permit (CPP)) (UTRH00000) is required for projects which disturb greater than one acre or less than one area if part of a common plan of development. These sites must develop and implement a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) utilizing Best Management Practices (BMP) for the control of storm water runoff. All sites disturbing 1 acre or greater or less than one area if part of a common plan of development are required to submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) with the State prior to any disturbance. The permit may be

waived for small construction sites that disturb between 1 to 5 acres with a "R" factor of less than 5 (Erosivity Waiver). All point source discharges will be required to place velocity dissipation devices at discharge locations along the length of any outfall channel as necessary to insure non-erosive velocity flow from the structure to water course so that the natural physical and biological characteristics and functions are maintained and protected (e.g. no significant changes in the hydrological regime of the receiving water). A copy of the construction permits and application for Erosivity Waiver can be viewed and downloaded at the Division of Water Quality website at https://deq.utah.gov/water-quality/general-construction-storm-water-updes-permits.

PERMIT DURATION

It is recommended that this permit modification be effective through the current permit expiration date, May 31, 2024.

Drafted by
Danielle Lenz, Environmental Scientist
Utah Division of Water Quality, (801) 536-4300

PUBLIC NOTICE

Began: December 20, 2019 Ended: January 20, 2020

Comments will be received at: 195 North 1950 West

PO Box 144870

Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4870

The Public Notice of the draft permit was published in Deseret News and Tribune.

No public comments were received during the public comment period.

DWQ-2019-018528 FILE: UTG070000