

	w reviewed: typically, this should be the maximum daily discharge at the design capacity of the eptions should be noted.
	x flow is 10 gallons per minute, with observed peak flows up to 50 gallons per
■ A □ A v □ A a	application for? (Check all that apply) A UPDES permit for a new facility, project, or outfall. Old permit is expiring. A UPDES permit renewal with an expansion of modification of an existing wastewater treatment works. A UPDES permit renewal requiring limits for a pollutant not covered by the previous permit and/or n increase to existing permit limits.
ЦА	A UPDES permit renewal with no charges in facility operations.
permitted ac	of the form is intended to help applicants determine if a Level II ADR is required for specific ctivities. In addition, the Executive Secretary may require a Level II ADR for an activity with the major impact on the quality of waters of the state (R317-2-3.5a.1).
loading l	UPDES permit is new <u>or</u> is being renewed and the proposed effluent concentration and limits are higher than the concentration and loading limits in the previous permit and any antidegradation review(s).
	<ul> <li>S – (Proceed to B3 of the Form)</li> <li>No Level II ADR is required and there is no need to proceed further with the review questions.</li> <li>Continue to the Certification Statement and Signature page.</li> </ul>
concentr pollutan antidegr required	any pollutants use assimilative capacity of the receiving water, i.e. do the pollutant rations in the effluent exceed those in the receiving waters at critical conditions? For most ts, effluent concentrations that are higher than the ambient concentrations require an adation review? For a few pollutants such as dissolved oxygen, and antidegradation review is if the effluent concentrations are less than the ambient concentrations in the receiving water 3.3.3 of Implementation Guidance)
	S – (Proceed to B4 of the Form)



Part X. Antidegr	adation Review continued	
	nter quality impacts of the proposed project temporary and limited	
	tation Guidance)? Proposed projects that will have temporary and limi	ted effects on water quality
	mpted form a Lev le II ADR.	
⊔ YES-	- Identify the reason used to justify this determination if B4.1 and proce	eed to Section G. No Level
	II ADR is required.	
	A Level II ADR is required (Proceed to Section C)	I
	plete this question only if the applicant is requesting a Level II review and limited projects (See R317-2-3.5(b)(3) and R317-2-3.5(b)(4)). It	
	and limited exclusion please indicate the factor(s) used to justify the	
	ply and provide details as appropriate) (Section 3.3.4 of Implement	
	r quality impacts will be temporary and related exclusively to sediment	
	ning will not be impaired.	
	to be considered in determining whether water quality impacts will	l be temporary and
limited:		
,		
a)	The length of time during which water quality will be lowered:	
b)	The perfect change in ambient concentrations of pollutants:	
c)	Pollutants affected:	
4)	Likelihaad far lang tarm yyatar quality hanafita	
(	Likelihood for long-term water quality benefits:	
e)	Potential for any residual long-term influences on existing	
0	uses:	
f)	Impairment of fish spawning, survival and development of aquatic fauna excluding fish removal efforts:	
	1	
Additio	onal justification, as needed:	



#### **UPDES Industrial Permit Application**

2	K. Antidegradation Review continued
	Level II ADR
22	Section C, D, E, and F of the form constitute the Level II ADR Review. The applicant must provide as much detail as necessary for DWQ to perform the antidegradation review. Questions are provided for the convenience of applicants; however, for more complex permits it may be more effective to provide the required information in a separate report. Applicants that prefer a separate report should record the report name here and proceed to Section G of the form.
	Option Report Name:
	Section C. Is the degradation from the project socially and economically necessary to accommodate important social or economic development in the area in which the waters are located? The applicant must provide as much detail as necessary for DWQ to concur that the project is socially and economically necessary when answering the questions in the section. More information is available in Section 6.2 of the Implementation Guidance.
	C1. Describe the social and economic benefits that would be realized through the proposed project, including the number and nature of jobs created and anticipated tax revenues.
	This project provided needed quality high density residential housing for Salt Lake City on a small foot print of and. The site is located in an area where most residential needs can be achieved within walking distance cusing public transit. Over 100 jobs were created during construction, and the site would be taxed per applicable Utah tax code.
	C2. Describe any environmental benefits to be realized through implementation of the proposed project.
(	Given the structure areal foot-print per number of homes, this apartment complex reduces the land area requirements to house numerous tenants. Also, there is less need for utilization of a vehicle as public transit is located near the project, thus reducing emissions to the environment.
	C3. Describe any social and economic losses that may result from the project, including impacts to
Г	recreation or commercial development.  No known loss.
••••	C4. Summarize any supporting information from the affected communities on preserving assimilative capacity to support future growth and development.
	Based on the analytical data of the discharge water, the impacts from this discharge would not affect the secondary contact recreational use of the downstreem waters. Therefore, future project could also be aportioned to discharge to these waters as well. ALso, Salt

Lake City does not utilize shallow groundwater which is being extracted at the project.



#### **UPDES Industrial Permit Application**

	ntidegradation Review continued
	Please describe any structures or equipment associated with the project that will be placed within djacent to the receiving water.
No	ne.
up	Will the discharge potentially impact a drinking water source, e.g., Class 1C waters? Depending n the locations of the discharge and its proximity to downstream drinking water diversions,
ma	
ma (R3	itional treatment or more stringent effluent limits or additional monitoring, beyond that which may erwise be required to meet minimum technology standards or in stream water quality standards, y be required by the Director in order to adequately protect public health and the environment

Section D. Identify and rank (from increasing to decreasing potential threat to designated uses) the parameters of concern. Parameters of concern are parameters in the effluent at concentrations greater than ambient concentrations in the receiving water. The applicant is responsible for identifying parameter concentrations in the effluent and DWQ will provide parameter concentrations for the receiving water. More information is available in Section 3.3.3 of the Implementation Guidance.

Parameters of C	Concern:		
Rank	Pollutant	Ambient Concentration	<b>Effluent Concentration</b>
1.	TDS	unknown	668 mg/L
2.	рН	unknown	8 to 8.5
3.	Copper	unknown	0.0014 mg.L
4.	TSS	unknown	4 mg/L
5.			



#### **UPDES Industrial Permit Application**

Part X. Antidegradation Review continued

Pollutants Evaluated	d that are not Considered Parai	meters of Concern:	1
Pollutant	<b>Ambient Concentration</b>	<b>Effluent Concentration</b>	Justification
$_{1.}$ MBTEXN	Unknown	Non-Detect	Lack of significant concentrations detected
<sub>2</sub> .TPH-GRO	Unknown	Non-Detect	Lack of significatn concentrations detected
3. TPH-DRO	Unknown	Non-Detect	Lack of significant concentrations detected
4. Lead	Unknown	Non-Detect	Lack of significant concentratinos detected
<sub>5.</sub> Zinc	Unknown	Non-Detect	Lack of significante concentrations detected

**Section E. Alternative Analysis Requirements of Level II Antidegradation Review.** Level II ADRs require the applicant to determine whether there are feasible less-degrading alternatives to the proposed project. More information is available in Section 5.5 and 5.6 of the Implementation Guidance.

- E1. The UPDES permit is being renewed without any changes to flow or concentrations. Alternative treatment and discharge options including changes to operations and maintenance were considered and compared to the current processes. NO economically feasible treatment or discharge alternatives were identified that were not previously considered for any previous antigradation review(s).
  - $\square$  YES (Proceed to Section F)
  - NO or Does Not Apply (Proceed to E2)
- E2. Attach as an appendix to this form a report that describes that following factors for all alternative treatment options (see 1) a technical descriptions of the treatment process, including construction costs and continued operation and maintenance expenses, 2) the mass and concentration of discharge constituents, and 3) a description of the reliability of the system, including the frequency where recurring operation and maintenance may lead to temporary increases in discharged pollutants. Most of this information is typically available from a Facility Plan, if available.

Report Name: Not applicable

E3. Describe the proposed method and cost of the baseline treatment alternative. The baseline treatment alternative is the minimum treatment required to meet water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL) as determined by the preliminary or final wasteload analysis (WLC) and any secondary or categorical effluent limits.

N	No baseline treatment



Alternative	Feasible	Reason Not Feasible/Affordabl
Pollutant Trading	☐ YES ■ NO	)
Water Recycling/Reuse	☐ YES ■ NO	)
Land Application	☐ YES ■ NO	)
Connection to Other Facilities	☐ YES ■ NO	
Upgrade to Existing Facility	☐ YES ■ NO	
Total Containment	☐ YES ■ NO	)
Improved O&M of Existing Systems	☐ YES ■ NO	)
Seasonal or Controlled Discharge	☐ YES ■ NO	)
New Construction	☐ YES ■ NO	)
No Discharge	☐ YES ■ NO	)
E5. From the applicant's perspective, whe None as total contaminants on-site dimits. However, no reuse of the wat	lo not result in effluer	



E6. Is the prefe	erred option also the least polluting feasible alternative?
<b>■</b> YES	□ NO
If No, w	what were less degrading feasible alternative(s)?
	provide a summary of the justification for not selecting the least polluting feasible alternatian appropriate, provide a more detailed justification as an attachment.
Section F. Opti	onal Information
F1. Does the apreview? Level 1	onal Information  oplicant want to conduct optional public review(s) in addition to the mandatory public II ADRs are public noticed for a thirty day comment period. More information is ction 3.7.1 of the Implementation Guidance.
F1. Does the ap review? Level l available in Sec PYES	oplicant want to conduct optional public review(s) in addition to the mandatory public II ADRs are public noticed for a thirty day comment period. More information is ction 3.7.1 of the Implementation Guidance.
F1. Does the apreview? Level I available in Security YES	pplicant want to conduct optional public review(s) in addition to the mandatory public II ADRs are public noticed for a thirty day comment period. More information is ction 3.7.1 of the Implementation Guidance.  S ■ NO Dject include an optional mitigation plan to compensate for the proposed water quality