Utah Division of Water Quality Statement of Basis ADDENDUM Wasteload Analysis and Antidegradation Level I Review

**Date:** April 29, 2021

Prepared by: Suzan Tahir

**Standards and Technical Services** 

Facility: Energy Fuels Resources (USA), Inc., Rim Mine

**UPDES No. UT-0023922** 

Receiving water: Unnamed ephemeral drainage => East Canyon Wash =>

Hatch Wash => Kane Springs Creek (2B, 3C, 4)

This addendum summarizes the wasteload analysis that was performed to determine water quality based effluent limits (WQBEL) for this discharge. Wasteload analyses are performed to determine point source effluent limitations necessary to maintain designated beneficial uses by evaluating projected effects of discharge concentrations on in-stream water quality. The wasteload analysis also takes into account downstream designated uses (UAC R317-2-8). Projected concentrations are compared to numeric water quality standards to determine acceptability. The numeric criteria in this wasteload analysis may be modified by narrative criteria and other conditions determined by staff of the Division of Water Quality.

#### Discharge

This facility is an underground uranium mine. The water that is being discharged is groundwater from the underground mine workings. This water is being pumped 710 feet to the surface into a primary settling pond. Water is then pumped to a treatment plant where barium chloride is added as a flocculent to settle metals and solids. The treated water is then directed to a final settling pond before it is discharged to UPDES Outfall 001.

The mean monthly design discharge for the facility is 0.03 MGD.

#### **Receiving Water**

The Rim Mine is located on a dry plateau (rim). All drainages in the area are ephemeral. The receiving for Outfall 001 is an unnamed ephemeral drainage which flows approximately 2 miles northeast to East Canyon Wash; then approximately 10 miles to Hatch Wash, then to Kane Canyon Wash, and finally to Kane Canyon Creek.

Per UAC R317-2-13.1, the designated beneficial uses of Kane Canyon Creek and tributaries, from confluence with the Colorado River to headwaters is 2B, 3C, and 4.

• Class 2B - Protected for infrequent primary contact recreation. Also protected for secondary contact recreation where there is a low likelihood of ingestion of water or a

Utah Division of Water Quality Wasteload Analysis Energy Fuels Resources (USA), Inc., Rim Mine UPDES No. UT-0023922

low degree of bodily contact with the water. Examples include, but are not limited to, wading, hunting, and fishing.

- Class 3C Protected for nongame fish and other aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.
- Class 4 Protected for agricultural uses including irrigation of crops and stock watering.

#### **Flow**

Typically, the critical flow for the wasteload analysis is considered the lowest stream flow for seven consecutive days with a ten year return frequency (7Q10). Because the discharge is to an ephemeral wash, the critical low flow condition (7Q10) of the receiving water would be zero. As a result, effluent limits revert to the water quality standards. Water Quality Standards are presented in the WLA Addendum.

#### **TMDL**

According to the Utah's 2016 303(d) Water Quality Assessment, Kane Spring Wash from confluence with Colorado River to headwaters (UT14030005-001\_00) is listed as impaired for temperature (3C Use Class) and Total Dissolved Solids (Use Class 4). No TMDL has been completed at this time.

#### Mixing Zone

The maximum allowable mixing zone is 15 minutes of travel time for acute conditions, not to exceed 50% of stream width, and 2,500 feet for chronic conditions, per UAC R317-2-5. Water quality standards must be met at the end of the mixing zone.

No mixing zone was considered as the annual critical flow in the receiving water for Outfall 001 was considered to be 0.

#### **Parameters of Concern**

The potential parameters of concern identified for the discharge/receiving water were total dissolved solids, total uranium, radium and zinc as determined in consultation with the UPDES Permit Writer.

#### **WET Limits**

The percent of effluent in the receiving water in a fully mixed condition, and acute and chronic dilution in a not fully mixed condition are calculated in the WLA in order to generate WET limits. The LC<sub>50</sub> (lethal concentration, 50%) percent effluent for acute toxicity and the IC<sub>25</sub> (inhibition concentration, 25%) percent effluent for chronic toxicity, as determined by the WET test, needs to be below the WET limits, as determined by the WLA. The WET limit for LC<sub>50</sub> is typically 100% effluent and does not need to be determined by the WLA.

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#### **Wasteload Allocation Methods**

Effluent limits were determined for conservative constituents using a simple mass balance mixing analysis (UDWQ 2012). The mass balance analysis is summarized in the Wasteload Addendum.

The water quality standard for chronic ammonia toxicity is dependent on temperature and pH, and the water quality standard for acute ammonia toxicity is dependent on pH. The AMMTOX Model developed by University of Colorado and adapted by Utah DWQ and EPA Region VIII was used to determine ammonia effluent limits (Lewis et al. 2002). The analysis is summarized in the Wasteload Addendum.

Models and supporting documentation are available for review upon request.

#### **Antidegradation Level I Review**

The objective of the Level I ADR is to ensure the protection of existing uses, defined as the beneficial uses attained in the receiving water on or after November 28, 1975. No evidence is known that the existing uses deviate from the designated beneficial uses for the receiving water. Therefore, the beneficial uses will be protected if the discharge remains below the WQBELs presented in this wasteload.

A Level II Antidegradation Review (ADR) is not required for this facility because there is no increase in permitted concentrations or flow over the previous permit.

#### **Documents:**

WLA Document: RimMine WLADoc 4-29-2021.docx

Wasteload Analysis and Addendum: RimMine WLA 4-29-2021.xlsm

#### **References:**

Utah Division of Water Quality. 2012. Utah Wasteload Analysis Procedures Version 1.0.

Lewis, B., J. Saunders, and M. Murphy. 2002. *Ammonia Toxicity Model (AMMTOX, Version2): A Tool for Determining Effluent Ammonia Limits*. University of Colorado, Center for Limnology.

# WASTELOAD ANALYSIS [WLA] Addendum: Statement of Basis

**SUMMARY** 

Discharging Facility: Energy Fuels Resources, Rim Mine

UPDES No: UT-0023922

 Current Flow:
 0.03 MGD
 0.05 cfs

 Design Flow
 0.03 MGD
 0.05 cfs

- end-of-pipe limits. No dilution.

Receiving Water: Unnamed ephemeral drainage => Kane Canyon Creek

Stream Classification: 2B, 3C, 4

Stream Flows [cfs]:

0.0 Summer (July-Sept)

0.0 Fall (Oct-Dec)

20th Percentile

0.0 Winter (Jan-Mar)

20th Percentile

0.0 Spring (Apr-June)

20th Percentile

0.0 Average

Stream TDS Values: 1200.0 Summer (July-Sept) Average

1200.0 Fall (Oct-Dec) Average 1200.0 Winter (Jan-Mar) Average 1200.0 Spring (Apr-June) Average

Effluent Limits: WQ Standard:

Flow, MGD: 0.03 MGD Design Flow

BOD, mg/l: 25.0 Summer 5.0 Indicator

Dissolved Oxygen, mg/l: 5.5 Summer 5.0 30 Day Average

TNH3, Chronic, mg/l: 1.4 Summer Varies Function of pH and Temperature

TDS, mg/l: 1200.0 Summer 1200.0

**Modeling Parameters:** 

Acute River Width: 50.0% Chronic River Width: 100.0%

WASTELOAD ANALYSIS [WLA] Addendum: Statement of Basis

26-Apr-21 4:00 PM

Facilities: Energy Fuels Resources, Rim Mine UPDES No: UT-0023922

Discharging to: Unnamed ephemeral drainage => Kane Canyon Creek

#### I. Introduction

Wasteload analyses are performed to determine point source effluent limitations necessary to maintain designated beneficial uses by evaluating projected effects of discharge concentrations on in-stream water quality. The wasteload analysis also takes into account downstream designated uses [R317-2-8, UAC]. Projected concentrations are compared to numeric water quality standards to determine acceptability. The anti-degradation policy and procedures are also considered. The primary in-stream parameters of concern may include metals (as a function of hardness), total dissolved solids (TDS), total residual chlorine (TRC), un-ionized ammonia (as a function of pH and temperature, measured and evaluated interms of total ammonia), and dissolved oxygen.

Mathematical water quality modeling is employed to determine stream quality response to point source discharges.

Models aid in the effort of anticipating stream quality at future effluent flows at critical environmental conditions (e.g., low stream flow, high temperature, high pH, etc).

The numeric criteria in this wasteload analysis may always be modified by narrative criteria and other conditions determined by staff of the Division of Water Quality.

#### II. Receiving Water and Stream Classification

Unnamed ephemeral drainage => Kane

Canyon Creek: 2B, 3C, 4

Antidegradation Review: Antidegradation Level II Review is not required

### III. Numeric Stream Standards for Protection of Aquatic Wildlife

Total Ammonia (TNH3)

Varies as a function of Temperature and

pH Rebound. See Water Quality Standards

Chronic Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) 0.011 mg/l (4 Day Average)

0.019 mg/l (1 Hour Average)

Chronic Dissolved Oxygen (DO) 5.00 mg/l (30 Day Average)

N/A mg/l (7Day Average) 3.00 mg/l (1 Day Average

Maximum Total Dissolved Solids 1200.0 mg/l

### **Acute and Chronic Heavy Metals (Dissolved)**

	4 Day Average (Chronic) Standard			1 Hour Average (Acute) Standard			
Parameter	Concentration	Load*	Concentration		Load*		
Aluminum	87.00 ug/l**	0.022 lbs/day	750.00	ug/l	0.188 lbs/day		
Arsenic	190.00 ug/l	0.048 lbs/day	340.00	ug/l	0.085 lbs/day		
Cadmium	0.76 ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	8.73	ug/l	0.002 lbs/day		
Chromium III	268.22 ug/l	0.067 lbs/day	5611.67	ug/l	1.404 lbs/day		
ChromiumVI	11.00 ug/l	0.003 lbs/day	16.00	ug/l	0.004 lbs/day		
Copper	30.50 ug/l	0.008 lbs/day	51.68	ug/l	0.013 lbs/day		
Iron	-	·	1000.00	ug/l	0.250 lbs/day		
Lead	18.58 ug/l	0.005 lbs/day	476.82	ug/l	0.119 lbs/day		
Mercury	0.0120 ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	2.40	ug/l	0.001 lbs/day		
Nickel	168.54 ug/l	0.042 lbs/day	1515.91	ug/l	0.379 lbs/day		
Selenium	4.60 ug/l	0.001 lbs/day	20.00	ug/l	0.005 lbs/day		
Silver	N/A ug/l	N/A lbs/day	41.07	ug/l	0.010 lbs/day		
Zinc	387.83 ug/l	0.097 lbs/day	387.83	ug/l	0.097 lbs/day		
* Allov	ved below discharge	·		_	•		

<sup>\*\*</sup>Chronic Aluminum standard applies only to waters with a pH < 7.0 and a Hardness < 50 mg/l as CaCO3

Metals Standards Based upon a Hardness of 400 mg/l as CaCO3

### **Organics [Pesticides]**

	4 Day Average (Chronic) Standard			1 Hour Average (Acute) Standard			
Parameter	Concen	tration	Load*	Concentration	on	Load*	
Aldrin				1.500	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Chlordane	0.004	ug/l	0.001 lbs/day	1.200	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
DDT, DDE	0.001	ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	0.550	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Dieldrin	0.002	ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	1.250	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Endosulfan	0.056	ug/l	0.014 lbs/day	0.110	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Endrin	0.002	ug/l	0.001 lbs/day	0.090	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Guthion				0.010	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Heptachlor	0.004	ug/l	0.001 lbs/day	0.260	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Lindane	0.080	ug/l	0.020 lbs/day	1.000	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Methoxychlor				0.030	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Mirex				0.010	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
Parathion				0.040	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	
PCB's	0.014	ug/l	0.004 lbs/day	2.000	) ug/l	0.001 lbs/day	
Pentachlorophenol	13.00	ug/l	3.252 lbs/day	20.000	) ug/l	0.005 lbs/day	
Toxephene	0.0002	ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	0.7300	) ug/l	0.000 lbs/day	

IV. Numeric Stream S	Standards for	Protection o	f Agriculture
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4	4 Day Average (Chronic) Standard		1 Hour Average (Acute) Standard		
	Concentration	Load*	Concentration	Load*	
Arsenic			100.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
Boron			750.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
Cadmium			10.0 ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	
Chromium			100.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
Copper			200.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
Lead			100.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
Selenium			50.0 ug/l	lbs/day	
TDS, Summer			1200.0 mg/l	0.15 tons/day	

### V. Numeric Stream Standards for Protection of Human Health (Class 1C Waters)

4 Day Average (Chronic) Standard			1 Hour Average (Acute) Standard			
Metals	Concentration	Load*	Concentration	Load*		
Arsenic			ug/l	lbs/day		
Barium			ug/l	lbs/day		
Cadmium			ug/l	lbs/day		
Chromium			ug/l	lbs/day		
Lead			ug/l	lbs/day		
Mercury			ug/l	lbs/day		
Selenium			ug/l	lbs/day		
Silver			ug/l	lbs/day		
Fluoride (3)			ug/l	lbs/day		
to			ug/l	lbs/day		
Nitrates as N			ug/l	lbs/day		
Chlorophenoxy Herbicid	es					
2,4-D			ug/l	lbs/day		
2 4 5-TP			ua/l	lhs/day		

2,4-D	ug/i	lbs/day
2,4,5-TP	ug/l	lbs/day
Endrin	ug/l	lbs/day
ocyclohexane (Lindane)	ug/l	lbs/day
Methoxychlor	ug/l	lbs/day
Toxaphene	ug/l	lbs/day

### VI. Numeric Stream Standards the Protection of Human Health from Water & Fish Consumption [Toxics]

### Maximum Conc., ug/I - Acute Standards

	Class 1C			Class 3A, 3B		
Toxic Organics	[2 Liters/Day for 70 Kg Pe	erson over 70 Yr.]	[6.5 g for 70 Kg Person over 70 Yr.]			
Acenaphthene	ug/l	lbs/day	2700.0	ug/l	0.68 lbs/day	
Acrolein	ug/l	lbs/day	780.0	ug/l	0.20 lbs/day	
Acrylonitrile	ug/l	lbs/day	0.7	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	
Benzene	ug/l	lbs/day	71.0	ug/l	0.02 lbs/day	
Benzidine	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	
Carbon tetrachloride	ug/l	lbs/day	4.4	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	
Chlorobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	21000.0	ug/l	5.25 lbs/day	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene						
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ug/l	lbs/day	99.0	ug/l	0.02 lbs/day	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane						
Hexachloroethane	ug/l	lbs/day	8.9	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day	

1,1-Dichloroethane					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ug/l	lbs/day	42.0	ua/l	0.01 lbs/day
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethai	ug/l	lbs/day	11.0	-	0.00 lbs/day
Chloroethane	3		0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	ug/l	lbs/day		ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/l	lbs/day	4300.0	ug/l	1.08 lbs/day
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	6.5	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
p-Chloro-m-cresol	3	,	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Chloroform (HM)	ug/l	lbs/day	470.0	ug/l	0.12 lbs/day
2-Chlorophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	400.0		0.10 lbs/day
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	17000.0	_	4.25 lbs/day
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	2600.0	ug/l	0.65 lbs/day
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	2600.0		0.65 lbs/day
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/l	lbs/day	0.1	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
1,1-Dichloroethylene	ug/l	lbs/day	3.2	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
1,2-trans-Dichloroethyle	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	790.0	ug/l	0.20 lbs/day
1,2-Dichloropropane	ug/l	lbs/day	39.0	ug/l	0.01 lbs/day
1,3-Dichloropropylene	ug/l	lbs/day	1700.0	ug/l	0.43 lbs/day
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/l	lbs/day	2300.0	ug/l	0.58 lbs/day
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/l	lbs/day	9.1	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	ug/l	lbs/day	0.5	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Ethylbenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	29000.0	ug/l	7.25 lbs/day
Fluoranthene	ug/l	lbs/day	370.0	-	0.09 lbs/day
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		·		Ū	·
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether					
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) e	ug/l	lbs/day	170000.0	ug/l	42.53 lbs/day
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) met	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Methylene chloride (HM	ug/l	lbs/day	1600.0	ug/l	0.40 lbs/day
Methyl chloride (HM)	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Methyl bromide (HM)	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Bromoform (HM)	ug/l	lbs/day	360.0	ug/l	0.09 lbs/day
Dichlorobromomethane	ug/l	lbs/day	22.0	ug/l	0.01 lbs/day
Chlorodibromomethane	ug/l	lbs/day	34.0	ug/l	0.01 lbs/day
Hexachlorobutadiene(c)	ug/l	lbs/day	50.0		0.01 lbs/day
Hexachlorocyclopentadi	ug/l	lbs/day	17000.0		4.25 lbs/day
Isophorone	ug/l	lbs/day	600.0		0.15 lbs/day
Naphthalene					
Nitrobenzene	ug/l	lbs/day	1900.0	ug/l	0.48 lbs/day
2-Nitrophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
4-Nitrophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/l	lbs/day	14000.0	ug/l	3.50 lbs/day
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	ug/l	lbs/day	765.0	ug/l	0.19 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ug/l	lbs/day	8.1	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/l	lbs/day	16.0	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylami	ug/l	lbs/day	1.4	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Pentachlorophenol	ug/l	lbs/day		ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Phenol	ug/l	lbs/day	4.6E+06		1.15E+03 lbs/day
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthala	ug/l	lbs/day		ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ug/l	lbs/day	5200.0	-	1.30 lbs/day
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ug/l	lbs/day	12000.0	ug/l	3.00 lbs/day
Di-n-octyl phthlate					

Diethyl phthalate	ug/l	lbs/day	120000.0	ıa/l	30.02 lbs/day
Dimethyl phthlate	ug/l	lbs/day	2.9E+06 (	_	7.25E+02 lbs/day
Benzo(a)anthracene (P/	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	_	0.00 lbs/day
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAH)	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 (		0.00 lbs/day
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (F	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 (	-	0.00 lbs/day
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (F	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 (		0.00 lbs/day
` ,		lbs/day	0.0 (		0.00 lbs/day
Chrysene (PAH)	ug/l	ibs/uay	0.0	ug/i	0.00 lbs/day
Acenaphthylene (PAH)	//	lbo/dov	00.	.a/I	0.00 lbo/dov
Anthracene (PAH)	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
Pyrene (PAH)	ug/l	lbs/day	11000.0	-	2.75 lbs/day
Tetrachloroethylene	ug/l	lbs/day		ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
Toluene	ug/l	lbs/day		ıg/l	50.03 lbs/day
Trichloroethylene	ug/l	lbs/day	81.0 t		0.02 lbs/day
Vinyl chloride	ug/l	lbs/day	525.0 ເ	ıg/l	0.13 lbs/day
					lbs/day
Pesticides					lbs/day
Aldrin	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
Dieldrin	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
Chlordane	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
4,4'-DDT	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
4,4'-DDE	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
4,4'-DDD	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0 ι	ıg/l	0.00 lbs/day
alpha-Endosulfan	ug/l	lbs/day	2.0 u	ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
beta-Endosulfan	ug/l	lbs/day	2.0 ι	-	0.00 lbs/day
Endosulfan sulfate	ug/l	lbs/day	2.0 ι		0.00 lbs/day
Endrin	ug/l	lbs/day	0.8 (		0.00 lbs/day
Endrin aldehyde	ug/l	lbs/day	0.8 (		0.00 lbs/day
Heptachlor	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	-	0.00 lbs/day
Heptachlor epoxide	3.5	,		- J	,
горгания орожина					
PCB's					
PCB 1242 (Arochlor 124	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	Ja/l	0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1254 (Arochlor 125	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	-	0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1221 (Arochlor 122	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	-	0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1232 (Arochlor 123	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	_	0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1248 (Arochlor 124	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0	-	0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1260 (Arochlor 126	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
PCB-1016 (Arochlor 10 <sup>-</sup>	ug/l	lbs/day	0.0		0.00 lbs/day
TOTO (Allocition To	ug/i	ib3/day	0.0	ag/i	0.00 lb3/day
Pesticide					
Toxaphene	ug/l		0.0	ıa/l	0.00 lbs/day
голартоно	а <i>у,</i> .		0.0		0.00 1.00/day
Dioxin					
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)	ug/l	lbs/day			
2.67 (2,0,1,0 1.02.2)	~ <del>.</del> 9/.	o/ day			
Metals					
Antimony	ug/l	lbs/day			
Arsenic	ug/l	lbs/day	4300.00 t	ug/l	1.08 lbs/day
Asbestos	ug/l	lbs/day		J	1123 122, 334
Beryllium	~∃ <sup>,</sup> ·	1.00, 44			
Cadmium					
- Common					

Chromium (III) Chromium (VI)				
Copper				
Cyanide	ug/l	lbs/day	2.2E+05 ug/l	55.03 lbs/day
Lead	ug/l	lbs/day	•	·
Mercury	-	•	0.15 ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Nickel			4600.00 ug/l	1.15 lbs/day
Selenium	ug/l	lbs/day	•	·
Silver	ug/l	lbs/day		
Thallium	G	·	6.30 ug/l	0.00 lbs/day
Zinc			J	•

There are additional standards that apply to this receiving water, but were not considered in this modeling/waste load allocation analysis.

#### VII. Mathematical Modeling of Stream Quality

Model configuration was accomplished utilizing standard modeling procedures. Data points were plotted and coefficients adjusted as required to match observed data as closely as possible.

The modeling approach used in this analysis included one or a combination of the following models.

- (1) The Utah River Model, Utah Division of Water Quality, 1992. Based upon STREAMDO IV (Region VIII) and Supplemental Ammonia Toxicity Models; EPA Region VIII, Sept. 1990 and QUAL2E (EPA, Athens, GA).
- (2) Utah Ammonia/Chlorine Model, Utah Division of Water Quality, 1992.
- (3) AMMTOX Model, University of Colorado, Center of Limnology, and EPA Region 8
- (4) Principles of Surface Water Quality Modeling and Control. Robert V. Thomann, et.al. Harper Collins Publisher, Inc. 1987, pp. 644.

Coefficients used in the model were based, in part, upon the following references:

- (1) Rates, Constants, and Kinetics Formulations in Surface Water Quality Modeling. Environmental Research Laboratory, Office of Research and Development, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Athens Georgia. EPA/600/3-85/040 June 1985.
- (2) Principles of Surface Water Quality Modeling and Control. Robert V. Thomann, et.al. Harper Collins Publisher, Inc. 1987, pp. 644.

### VIII. Modeling Information

The required information for the model may include the following information for both the upstream conditions at low flow and the effluent conditions:

Flow, Q, (cfs or MGD) D.O. mg/l

Temperature, Deg. C. Total Residual Chlorine (TRC), mg/l

рН	Total NH3-N, mg/l
BOD5, mg/l	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS), mg/l
Metals, ug/l	Toxic Organics of Concern, ug/l

#### **Other Conditions**

In addition to the upstream and effluent conditions, the models require a variety of physical and biological coefficients and other technical information. In the process of actually establishing the permit limits for an effluent, values are used based upon the available data, model calibration, literature values, site visits and best professional judgement.

#### **Model Inputs**

The following is upstream and discharge information that was utilized as inputs for the analysis. Dry washes are considered to have an upstream flow equal to the flow of the discharge.

#### Current Upstream Information Stream Critical Low

	Critical Low							
	Flow	Temp.	рН	T-NH3	BOD5	DO	TRC	TDS
	cfs	Deg. C		mg/l as N	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
Summer (Irrig. Season)	0.0	20.0	8.2	0.01	0.10	10.12	0.00	1200.0
Fall	0.0	12.0	8.2	0.01	0.10		0.00	1200.0
Winter	0.0	5.0	8.2	0.01	0.10		0.00	1200.0
Spring	0.0	12.0	8.2	0.01	0.10		0.00	1200.0
Dissolved	I AI	As	Cd	CrIII	CrVI	Copper	Fe	Pb
Metals	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l
All Seasons	1.59*	0.53*	0.053*	0.53*	2.65*	0.53*	0.6	0.53*
Dissolved	I Hg	Ni	Se	Ag	Zn	Boron		
Metals		ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l		
All Seasons	-	0.53*	1.06*	0.1*	0.053*	10.0	,	* 1/2 MDL

#### **Projected Discharge Information**

Season	Flow, MGD	Temp.	TDS mg/l	TDS tons/day
Summer	0.03000	25.3	464.75	0.05813
Fall	0.03000	9.5		
Winter	0.03000	7.4		
Spring	0.03000	12.7		

All model numerical inputs, intermediate calculations, outputs and graphs are available for discussion, inspection and copy at the Division of Water Quality.

#### IX. Effluent Limitations

Current State water quality standards are required to be met under a variety of conditions including in-stream flows targeted to the 7-day, 10-year low flow (R317-2-9).

Other conditions used in the modeling effort coincide with the environmental conditions expected at low stream flows.

#### **Effluent Limitation for Flow based upon Water Quality Standards**

In-stream criteria of downstream segments will be met with an effluent flow maximum value as follows:

Season	Daily Average		
Summer	0.030 MGD	0.046 cfs	
Fall	0.030 MGD	0.046 cfs	
Winter	0.030 MGD	0.046 cfs	
Spring	0.030 MGD	0.046 cfs	

#### Flow Requirement or Loading Requirement

The calculations in this wasteload analysis utilize the maximum effluent discharge flow of 0.03 MGD. If the discharger is allowed to have a flow greater than 0.03 MGD during 7Q10 conditions, and effluent limit concentrations as indicated, then water quality standards will be violated. In order to prevent this from occuring, the permit writers must include the discharge flow limitiation as indicated above; or, include loading effluent limits in the permit.

#### Effluent Limitation for Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) based upon WET Policy

Effluent Toxicity will not occur in downstream segements if the values below are met.

WET Requirements	LC50 >	EOP Effluent	[Acute]
•	IC25 >	100.0% Effluent	[Chronic]

### Effluent Limitation for Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD) based upon Water Quality Standards or Regulations

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Dissolved Oxygen will be met with an effluent BOD limitation as follows:

Season	Concentration	
Summer	25.0 mg/l as BOD5	6.3 lbs/day
Fall	25.0 mg/l as BOD5	6.3 lbs/day
Winter	25.0 mg/l as BOD5	6.3 lbs/day
Spring	25.0 mg/l as BOD5	6.3 lbs/day

#### Effluent Limitation for Dissolved Oxygen (DO) based upon Water Quality Standards

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Dissolved Oxygen will be met with an effluent D.O. limitation as follows:

Season	Concentration
Summer	5.50
Fall	5.50
Winter	5.50
Spring	5.50

#### **Effluent Limitation for Total Ammonia based upon Water Quality Standards**

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Total Ammonia will be met with an effluent limitation (expressed as Total Ammonia as N) as follows:

Seasor
--------

	Concent	ration		Load	
Summer	4 Day Avg Chronic	1.4	mg/l as N	0.3	lbs/day
	1 Hour Avg Acute	3.4	mg/l as N	0.9	lbs/day
Fall	4 Day Avg Chronic	1.9	mg/l as N	0.5	lbs/day
	1 Hour Avg Acute	4.8	mg/l as N	1.2	lbs/day
Winter	4 Day Avg Chronic	4.0	mg/l as N	1.0	lbs/day
	1 Hour Avg Acute	11.4	mg/l as N	2.9	lbs/day
Spring	4 Day Avg Chronic	1.9	mg/l as N	0.5	lbs/day
	1 Hour Avg Acute	4.8	mg/l as N	1.2	lbs/day

Acute limit calculated with an Acute Zone of Initial Dilution (ZID) to be equal to 100.%.

#### **Effluent Limitation for Total Residual Chlorine based upon Water Quality Standards**

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Total Residual Chlorine will be met with an effluent limitation as follows:

Season		Concentration		Load	Load	
Summer	4 Day Avg Chronic	0.011	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
	1 Hour Avg Acute	0.019	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
Fall	4 Day Avg Chronic	0.011	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
	1 Hour Avg Acute	0.019	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
Winter	4 Day Avg Chronic	0.011	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
	1 Hour Avg Acute	0.019	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
Spring	4 Day Avg Chronic	0.011	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	
	1 Hour Avg Acute	0.019	mg/l	0.00	lbs/day	

#### **Effluent Limitations for Total Dissolved Solids based upon Water Quality Standards**

Seas	on	Concentr	ation	Load	i
Summer Fall Winter Spring	Maximum, Acute Maximum, Acute Maximum, Acute Maximum, Acute	1200.0 1200.0 1200.0 1200.0	mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l	0.15 0.15 0.15 0.15	tons/day tons/day tons/day tons/day
Colorado Sa	alinity Forum Limits	Determine	ed by Perm	itting Section	

### Effluent Limitations for Total Recoverable Metals based upon Water Quality Standards

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Dissolved Metals will be met with an effluent limitation as follows (based upon a hardness of 400 mg/l):

		4 Day Average		1 Hour	Average	
	Concen	tration	Load	Concentration		Load
Aluminum	N/A		N/A	750.0	ug/l	0.2 lbs/day
Arsenic	190.00	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	340.0	ug/l	0.1 lbs/day
Cadmium	0.76	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	8.7	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Chromium III	268.23	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	5,611.8	ug/l	1.4 lbs/day
Chromium VI	11.00	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	16.0	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Copper	30.50	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	51.7	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Iron	N/A		N/A	1,000.0	ug/l	0.3 lbs/day
Lead	18.58	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	476.8	ug/l	0.1 lbs/day
Mercury	0.01	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	2.4	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Nickel	168.54	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	1,515.9	ug/l	0.4 lbs/day
Selenium	4.60	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	20.0	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Silver	N/A	ug/l	N/A lbs/day	41.1	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day
Zinc	387.84	ug/l	0.1 lbs/day	387.8	ug/l	0.1 lbs/day

Cyanide	5.20 ug/l	0.0 lbs/day	22.0	ug/l	0.0 lbs/day

### Effluent Limitations for Heat/Temperature based upon Water Quality Standards

Summer	22.0 Deg. C.	71.6 Deg. F
Fall	14.0 Deg. C.	57.2 Deg. F
Winter	7.0 Deg. C.	44.6 Deg. F
Spring	14.0 Deg. C.	57.2 Deg. F

## Effluent Limitations for Organics [Pesticides] Based upon Water Quality Standards

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Organics [Pesticides] will be met with an effluent limit as follows:

	4 Day Average	1 Hour A			
	Concentration	Load	Concentration	_	Load
Aldrin			1.5E+00	ug/l	5.80E-04 lbs/day
Chlordane	4.30E-03 ug/l	1.08E-03 lbs/day	1.2E+00	ug/l	4.64E-04 lbs/day
DDT, DDE	1.00E-03 ug/l	2.50E-04 lbs/day	5.5E-01	ug/l	2.13E-04 lbs/day
Dieldrin	1.90E-03 ug/l	4.75E-04 lbs/day	1.3E+00	ug/l	4.84E-04 lbs/day
Endosulfan	5.60E-02 ug/l	1.40E-02 lbs/day	1.1E-01	ug/l	4.26E-05 lbs/day
Endrin	2.30E-03 ug/l	5.75E-04 lbs/day	9.0E-02	ug/l	3.48E-05 lbs/day
Guthion	0.00E+00 ug/l	0.00E+00 lbs/day	1.0E-02	ug/l	3.87E-06 lbs/day
Heptachlor	3.80E-03 ug/l	9.51E-04 lbs/day	2.6E-01	ug/l	1.01E-04 lbs/day
Lindane	8.00E-02 ug/l	2.00E-02 lbs/day	1.0E+00	ug/l	3.87E-04 lbs/day
Methoxychlor	0.00E+00 ug/l	0.00E+00 lbs/day	3.0E-02	ug/l	1.16E-05 lbs/day
Mirex	0.00E+00 ug/l	0.00E+00 lbs/day	1.0E-02	ug/l	3.87E-06 lbs/day
Parathion	0.00E+00 ug/l	0.00E+00 lbs/day	4.0E-02	ug/l	1.55E-05 lbs/day
PCB's	1.40E-02 ug/l	3.50E-03 lbs/day	2.0E+00	ug/l	7.74E-04 lbs/day
Pentachlorophenol	1.30E+01 ug/l	3.25E+00 lbs/day	2.0E+01	ug/l	7.74E-03 lbs/day
Toxephene	2.00E-04 ug/l	5.00E-05 lbs/day	7.3E-01	ug/l	2.82E-04 lbs/day

### Effluent Targets for Pollution Indicators Based upon Water Quality Standards

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Pollution Indicators will be met with an effluent limit as follows:

	1 Hour Average		
	Concentration	Loading	
Gross Beta (pCi/l)	50.0 pCi/L		
BOD (mg/l)	5.0 mg/l	1.3 lbs/day	
Nitrates as N	4.0 mg/l	1.0 lbs/day	
Total Phosphorus as P	0.05 mg/l	0.0 lbs/day	
Total Suspended Solids	90.0 mg/l	22.5 lbs/day	

Note: Pollution indicator targets are for information purposes only.

### Effluent Limitations for Protection of Human Health [Toxics Rule] Based upon Water Quality Standards (Most stringent of 1C or 3A & 3B as appropriate.)

In-stream criteria of downstream segments for Protection of Human Health [Toxics] will be met with an effluent limit as follows:

sindone iiiine do ronowo.	Maximum C	Maximum Concentration			
	Concentration	Load			
Toxic Organics					
Acenaphthene	2.70E+03 ug/l	6.75E-01 lbs/day			
Acrolein	7.80E+02 ug/l	1.95E-01 lbs/day			
Acrylonitrile	6.60E-01 ug/l	1.65E-04 lbs/day			
Benzene	7.10E+01 ug/l	1.78E-02 lbs/day			
Benzidine	ug/l	lbs/day			
Carbon tetrachloride	4.40E+00 ug/l	1.10E-03 lbs/day			
Chlorobenzene	2.10E+04 ug/l	5.25E+00 lbs/day			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene					
Hexachlorobenzene	7.70E-04 ug/l	1.93E-07 lbs/day			
1,2-Dichloroethane	9.90E+01 ug/l	2.48E-02 lbs/day			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					
Hexachloroethane	8.90E+00 ug/l	2.23E-03 lbs/day			
1,1-Dichloroethane					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4.20E+01 ug/l	1.05E-02 lbs/day			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.10E+01 ug/l	2.75E-03 lbs/day			
Chloroethane					
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	1.40E+00 ug/l	3.50E-04 lbs/day			
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether					
2-Chloronaphthalene	4.30E+03 ug/l	1.08E+00 lbs/day			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	6.50E+00 ug/l	1.63E-03 lbs/day			
p-Chloro-m-cresol					
Chloroform (HM)	4.70E+02 ug/l	1.18E-01 lbs/day			
2-Chlorophenol	4.00E+02 ug/l	1.00E-01 lbs/day			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1.70E+04 ug/l	4.25E+00 lbs/day			
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	2.60E+03 ug/l	6.50E-01 lbs/day			
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	2.60E+03 ug/l	6.50E-01 lbs/day			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	7.70E-02 ug/l	1.93E-05 lbs/day			

1,1-Dichloroethylene	3.20E+00 ug/l	8.00E-04 lbs/day
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene1		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	7.90E+02 ug/l	1.98E-01 lbs/day
1,2-Dichloropropane	3.90E+01 ug/l	9.76E-03 lbs/day
1,3-Dichloropropylene	1.70E+03 ug/l	4.25E-01 lbs/day
2,4-Dimethylphenol	2.30E+03 ug/l	5.75E-01 lbs/day
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	9.10E+00 ug/l	2.28E-03 lbs/day
	9.10E+00 dg/1	2.20L-03 lb3/day
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	5 405 04 ·····/	4.055.04.15-7-1
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	5.40E-01 ug/l	1.35E-04 lbs/day
Ethylbenzene	2.90E+04 ug/l	7.25E+00 lbs/day
Fluoranthene	3.70E+02 ug/l	9.26E-02 lbs/day
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether		
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	1.70E+05 ug/l	4.25E+01 lbs/day
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane		
Methylene chloride (HM)	1.60E+03 ug/l	4.00E-01 lbs/day
Methyl chloride (HM)	_	•
Methyl bromide (HM)		
Bromoform (HM)	3.60E+02 ug/l	9.01E-02 lbs/day
Dichlorobromomethane(HM)	2.20E+01 ug/l	5.50E-03 lbs/day
Chlorodibromomethane (HM)	3.40E+01 ug/l	8.51E-03 lbs/day
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	1.70E+04 ug/l	4.25E+00 lbs/day
	<u> </u>	
Isophorone	6.00E+02 ug/l	1.50E-01 lbs/day
Naphthalene	4.005.00//	4.755.04.11-2/-12
Nitrobenzene	1.90E+03 ug/l	4.75E-01 lbs/day
2-Nitrophenol		
4-Nitrophenol	_	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1.40E+04 ug/l	3.50E+00 lbs/day
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	7.65E+02 ug/l	1.91E-01 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	8.10E+00 ug/l	2.03E-03 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	1.60E+01 ug/l	4.00E-03 lbs/day
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	1.40E+00 ug/l	3.50E-04 lbs/day
Pentachlorophenol	8.20E+00 ug/l	2.05E-03 lbs/day
Phenol	4.60E+06 ug/l	1.15E+03 lbs/day
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.90E+00 ug/l	1.48E-03 lbs/day
Butyl benzyl phthalate	5.20E+03 ug/l	1.30E+00 lbs/day
Di-n-butyl phthalate	1.20E+04 ug/l	3.00E+00 lbs/day
Di-n-octyl phthlate	1.20L104 dg/1	3.00E100 1b3/day
Diethyl phthalate	1.20E+05 ug/l	3.00E+01 lbs/day
	_	-
Dimethyl phthlate	2.90E+06 ug/l	7.25E+02 lbs/day
Benzo(a)anthracene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Benzo(a)pyrene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Chrysene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Acenaphthylene (PAH)		
Anthracene (PAH)		
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (PAH)	3.10E-02 ug/l	7.75E-06 lbs/day
Pyrene (PAH)	1.10E+04 ug/l	2.75E+00 lbs/day
Tetrachloroethylene	8.90E+00 ug/l	2.23E-03 lbs/day
Toluene	2.00E+05 ug/l	5.00E+01 lbs/day
Trichloroethylene	8.10E+01 ug/l	2.03E-02 lbs/day
Vinyl chloride	5.25E+02 ug/l	1.31E-01 lbs/day
Villy Official	0.20E 102 dg/1	1.01E 01 103/day

Pesticides Aldrin Dieldrin Chlordane 4,4'-DDT 4,4'-DDE 4,4'-DDD alpha-Endosulfan beta-Endosulfan Endosulfan sulfate Endrin Endrin aldehyde Heptachlor Heptachlor epoxide	1.40E-04 ug/l 1.40E-04 ug/l 5.90E-04 ug/l 5.90E-04 ug/l 5.90E-04 ug/l 8.40E-04 ug/l 2.00E+00 ug/l 2.00E+00 ug/l 2.00E+01 ug/l 8.10E-01 ug/l 8.10E-04 ug/l	3.50E-08 lbs/day 3.50E-08 lbs/day 1.48E-07 lbs/day 1.48E-07 lbs/day 1.48E-07 lbs/day 2.10E-07 lbs/day 5.00E-04 lbs/day 5.00E-04 lbs/day 5.00E-04 lbs/day 2.03E-04 lbs/day 2.03E-04 lbs/day 5.25E-08 lbs/day
PCB's PCB 1242 (Arochlor 1242) PCB-1254 (Arochlor 1254) PCB-1221 (Arochlor 1221) PCB-1232 (Arochlor 1232) PCB-1248 (Arochlor 1248) PCB-1260 (Arochlor 1260) PCB-1016 (Arochlor 1016)	4.50E-05 ug/l 4.50E-05 ug/l 4.50E-05 ug/l 4.50E-05 ug/l 4.50E-05 ug/l 4.50E-05 ug/l	1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day 1.13E-08 lbs/day
Pesticide Toxaphene	7.50E-04 ug/l	1.88E-07 lbs/day
Toxaphene  Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III)	7.50E-04 ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	1.88E-07 lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Toxaphene  Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI) Copper	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Toxaphene  Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI)	ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI) Copper Cyanide Lead Mercury	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Toxaphene  Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI) Copper Cyanide Lead Mercury Nickel Selenium	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Toxaphene  Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI) Copper Cyanide Lead Mercury Nickel	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day
Metals Antimony Arsenic Asbestos Beryllium Cadmium Chromium (III) Chromium (VI) Copper Cyanide Lead Mercury Nickel Selenium Silver Thallium	ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l ug/l	lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day lbs/day

Metals Effluent Limitations for Protection of All Beneficial Uses Based upon Water Quality Standards and Toxics Rule

		Class 3					Class 3
	Class 4	Acute	<b>Acute Toxics</b>	Acute	1C Acute	Acute	Chronic
	Acute	Aquatic	Drinking	Toxics	Health	Most	Aquatic
	Agricultural	Wildlife	Water Source	Wildlife	Criteria	Stringent	Wildlife
	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l
Aluminum		750.0				750.0	N/A
Antimony				4300.1		4300.1	
Arsenic	100.0	340.0			0.0	100.0	190.0
Barium						0.0	
Beryllium						0.0	
Cadmium	10.0	8.7			0.0	8.7	0.8
Chromium (III)		5611.8			0.0	5611.8	268.2
Chromium (VI)	100.0	16.0			0.0	16.00	11.00
Copper	200.0	51.7				51.7	30.5
Cyanide		22.0	220004.7			22.0	5.2
Iron		1000.0215				1000.0	
Lead	100.0	476.8			0.0	100.0	18.6
Mercury		2.40		0.15	0.0	0.15	0.012
Nickel		1515.9		4600.1		1515.9	168.5
Selenium	50.0	20.0			0.0	20.0	4.6
Silver		41.1			0.0	41.1	
Thallium				6.3		6.3	
Zinc		387.8				387.8	387.8
Boron	750.0					750.0	

### **Summary Effluent Limitations for Metals [Wasteload Allocation, TMDL]**

[If Acute is more stringent than Chronic, then the Chronic takes on the Acute value.]

	WLA Acute ug/l	WLA Chroi ug/l	nic
Aluminum	750.0	N/A	
Antimony	4300.09		
Arsenic	100.0	190.0	Acute Controls
Asbestos	0.00E+00		
Barium			
Beryllium			
Cadmium	8.7	0.8	
Chromium (III)	5611.8	268	
Chromium (VI)	16.0	11.0	
Copper	51.7	30.5	
Cyanide	22.0	5.2	
Iron	1000.0		
Lead	100.0	18.6	
Mercury	0.150	0.012	
Nickel	1515.9	169	
Selenium	20.0	4.6	
Silver	41.1	N/A	
Thallium	6.3		
Zinc	387.8	387.8	
Boron	750.02		

Other Effluent Limitations are based upon R317-1.

E. coli 126.0 organisms per 100 ml

#### X. Antidegradation Considerations

The Utah Antidegradation Policy allows for degradation of existing quality where it is determined that such lowering of water quality is necessary to accommodate important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are protected [R317-2-3]. It has been determined that certain chemical parameters introduced by this discharge will cause an increase of the concentration of said parameters in the receiving waters. Under no conditions will the increase in concentration be allowed to interfere with existing instream water uses.

The antidegradation rules and procedures allow for modification of effluent limits less than those based strictly upon mass balance equations utilizing 100% of the assimilative capacity of the receiving water. Additional factors include considerations for "Blue-ribbon" fisheries, special recreational areas, threatened and endangered species, and drinking water sources.

An Antidegradation Level I Review was conducted on this discharge and its effect on the receiving water. Based upon that review, it has been determined that an Antidegradation Level II Review is not required

#### XI. Colorado River Salinity Forum Considerations

Discharges in the Colorado River Basin are required to have their discharge at a TDS loading of less than 1.00 tons/day unless certain exemptions apply. Refer to the Forum's Guidelines for additional information allowing for an exceedence of this value.

This doesn't apply to facilities that do not discharge to the Colorado River Basin.

#### XII. Summary Comments

The mathematical modeling and best professional judgement indicate that violations of receiving water beneficial uses with their associated water quality standards, including important downstream segments, will not occur for the evaluated parameters of concern as discussed above if the effluent limitations indicated above are met.

#### XIII. Notice of UPDES Requirement

This Addendum to the Statement of Basis does not authorize any entity or party to discharge to the waters of the State of Utah. That authority is granted through a UPDES permit issued by the Utah Division of Water Quality. The numbers presented here may be changed as a function of other factors. Dischargers are strongly urged to contact the Permits Section for further information. Permit writers may utilize other information to adjust these limits and/or to determine other limits based upon best available technology and other considerations provided that the values in this wasteload analysis [TMDL] are not compromised. See special provisions in Utah Water Quality Standards for adjustments in the Total Dissolved Solids values based upon background concentration.

Utah Division of Water Quality Suzan Tahir 801-536-4341

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### **APPENDIX - Coefficients and Other Model Information**

CBOD	CBOD	CBOD	REAER.	REAER.	REAER.	NBOD	NBOD
Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.	Coeff.
(Kd)20	FORCED	(Ka)T	(Ka)20	FORCED	(Ka)T	(Kn)20	(Kn)T
1/day	(Kd)/day	1/day	(Ka)/day	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day
2.000	0.000	0.798	110455.660	0.000	68737.052	0.400	0.086
Open	Open	NH3	NH3	NO2+NO3	NO2+NO3	TRC	TRC
Coeff.	Coeff.	LOSS		LOSS		Decay	
(K4)20	(K4)T	(K5)20	(K5)T	(K6)20	(K6)T	K(CI)20	K(CI)(T)
1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day	1/day
0.000	0.000	4.000	1.596	0.000	0.000	32.000	9.978
BENTHIC DEMAND (SOD)20 gm/m2/day 1.000	BENTHIC DEMAND (SOD)T gm/m2/day 0.284						
K1 CBOD {theta} 1.0	K2 Reaer. {theta} 1.0	K3 NH3 {theta} 1.1	K4 Open {theta} 1.0	K5 NH3 Loss {theta} 1.0	K6 NO2+3 {theta} 1.0	K(CI) TRC {theta} 1.1	S Benthic {theta} 1.1