1. SCOPE

This Attachment describes the processes and process requirements for the Evaporation Tanks, the Decontamination Pad Settling Tank, and the Mixed Waste Facility Tanks.

a. The Mixed Waste Facility includes the following:
   i. Mixed Waste Treatment Building;
   ii. Mixed Waste Operations Building;
   iii. Mixed Waste Storage Building; and

b. Attachment II-1-3, Waste Stabilization Plan; Attachment II-1-4, Liquid Waste Management Plan; Attachment II-1-6, Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan; and Attachment II-1-12, Thermal Desorption Separation Plan, provide the process flow for their respective tank systems.

2. EVAPORATION AND DECONTAMINATION PAD SETTLING TANKS:

a. Evaporation and Decontamination Pad Settling Tank Systems and descriptions are provided in Table IV-1 of Module IV, Storage and Treatment in Tanks and Surface Impoundments.

b. Requirements for the Evaporation and Decontamination Pad Settling Tank Systems are provided in Attachment II-1-6, Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan.

c. Descriptions of Evaporation Tank Controls, Feed Systems and Safety Cut-Off Systems are outlined in Attachment II-1-6, Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan.
   i. There are no bypass systems for the Evaporation Tanks.
   ii. There are no pressure controls on the Evaporation Tanks.
iii. The tanks are open-topped tanks that shall be subject to atmospheric pressure at all times.


i. There are no bypass systems for the Decontamination Pad Settling Tank.

ii. There are no pressure controls on the Decontamination Pad Settling Tank.

iii. The tank system consists of open-topped tanks that are subject to atmospheric pressure at all times.

3. TESTING PLANS AND PROCEDURES

a. New tanks shall be hydrostatic tested for tightness before they are placed into use. Such tests shall be performed on a day that the area surrounding the tank is otherwise dry.

i. The hydrostatic test shall be performed on each new tank by filling the tanks to fullest capacity with water and letting them sit for a minimum of four hours.

ii. An inspection for evidence of leaks shall be performed while the hydrostatic test is being performed.

b. The water from the hydrostatic test may be used for dust suppression or other on-site purposes after completion.

4. DESCRIPTION OF EVAPORATION TANK SYSTEM SECONDARY CONTAINMENT

a. Secondary containment for the Evaporation Tanks is provided by a concrete vault.

i. The vault systems shall prevent run-on.

ii. The Evaporation Tanks shall rest above grade on a concrete pad.

iii. The joints on the secondary containment vault and internal tank surface shall be maintained with appropriate water-and chemical-resistant coating.
b. The secondary containment system shall be sloped toward a sump to allow for recovery of the leaks, spills and precipitation.

c. The largest rectangular tank is a 21,000-gallon tank.

   i. The containment system shall contain at least 21,000-gallons (100 percent of the volume of the largest tank).

d. Management of secondary containment systems is outlined in Attachment II-1-6, *Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan*.

5. DESCRIPTION OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT FOR THE DECONTAMINATION PAD SETTLING TANK

   a. Secondary containment for the decontamination pad settling tank is provided by a concrete vault.

      i. The vault also serves as secondary containment for the Mixed Waste Storage Building.

      ii. The secondary containment system shall be sloped toward a sump to allow for recovery of leaks, spills and precipitation.

      iii. The vault system shall prevent run-on.

      iv. The decontamination pad settling tank rests below grade on a concrete pad.

      v. The joints on the secondary containment vault and internal tank surface shall be maintained with water and chemical-resistant epoxy coating.

   b. The largest tank inside the concrete vault is a 4,990-gallon tank.

      i. The largest tank in the Mixed Waste Storage Building shall be no more than 4,990 gallons.

      ii. The maximum volume of containers of waste in the Mixed Waste Storage Building shall be 49,900 gallons.

   c. Management of this secondary containment system is outlined in Attachment II-1-6, *Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan*. 

Attachment IV-1 - *Tank Management Plan* - Page 3
6. TREATMENT TANK SYSTEMS AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT


b. Facility Description

i. The Mixed Waste Treatment Building and Mixed Waste Operations Building provide a level of protection from precipitation, wind and run-on, and prevent run-off.

ii. The Mixed Waste Treatment Building and Mixed Waste Operations Building have several tank systems for the different treatment operations. These tank systems consist of:

A. Waste Receiver Tank;
B. Liquid Waste Storage Tanks (2);
C. Sizing Screen Tank;
D. Primary Shredder Tank;
E. Secondary/Tertiary Shredder Tank;
F. Mixer Tank No. 1; and
G. Small-Scale Mixer Tank (Portable).

iii. The Primary Shredder Tank shall be equipped with a misting system.

iv. The Thermal Desorption system, located in the Mixed Waste Storage Building, contains three identical condensate collection tanks and the Dryer Tank.

A. The Thermal Desorption condensate collection tanks shall be vented through a drum filled with activated carbon.

c. Secondary Containment.

i. Tanks A- F, listed in Condition 6.b.ii. are located in the Mixed Waste Treatment Building. With the exception of the Liquid Waste Storage Tanks, each includes a metal containment tank beneath the treatment operation.
A. The metal tanks include concrete, secondary containment vaults.

B. The tanks are designed so that loaders can remove waste from the tank system.

ii. A system of leak detection is provided by sumps that are built into the concrete vaults so that leaks can be observed by visual inspection.

iii. The Small-Scale Mixer Tank shall be secondarily contained by the floor of the area in which it is operating.

iv. The Liquid Waste Storage Tanks are double-walled tanks provided with a built-in continuous leak detection system.

v. The Thermal Desorption condensate collection tanks shall be secondarily contained by the skid that they are mounted upon; furthermore, they shall be located in the Mixed Waste Storage Building for which the decontamination pad settling tank vault provides secondary containment (see Condition 5.a.i.).

d. The Small-Scale Mixer System is a portable 15 cubic foot (112 gallon) mixer with a self-contained 185 gallon containment tank. This mixer may treat waste in the Mixed Waste Operations Building, the Mixed Waste Treatment Building, or on any secondarily contained storage pad. The unit is secondarily contained by the floor in the area in which it is operating.

e. Mixer Tank No. 1 and the Small-Scale Mixer may be filled manually provided that two operators are present to perform the following operations:

i. Pouring from a container;

ii. filling from other tanks or containers using a manually-controlled pump and hoses or pipes; or

iii. similar manual techniques.

f. The feed and safety cutoff systems for the Treatment Facility tanks are manually controlled.

g. Sumps shall be inspected for the presence of liquid at least once each operating day. If liquid is present, the sump shall be emptied.
h. On-site generated liquid wastes and wastes with liquids from off site shall be managed in tanks in accordance with Attachment II-1-6, *Leachate, Evaporation, and Decontamination Waste Management Plan*; and Attachment II-1-3, *Waste Stabilization Plan*.

i. Treatment Residues shall be managed, stored and disposed in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Permit.

END OF ATTACHMENT IV-1