

MODULE VII
GROUNDWATER MONITORING/PROTECTION

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ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment VII-1: Example Potentiometric/Velocity Map Showing the WMAs and with Coordinates and Elevations of the Monitoring Wells
- Attachment VII-2: Groundwater Sampling and Field Standard Operating Procedure
- Attachment VII-3: Class 1, 2 and 3 Groundwater Monitoring Parameters for CHGM and Method Requirements Sample Table
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MODULE VII - GROUNDWATER MONITORING / PROTECTION

VII.A APPLICABILITY

1. HAZARDOUS WASTE LAND DISPOSAL UNITS

The requirements of this module pertain to the following units:

Surface Impoundment A

Surface Impoundment B

Landfill Cell 1

Landfill Cell 2

Landfill Cell 3

Landfill Cell 4

Landfill Cell 5

Landfill Cell B/6 (Permitted as a RCRA/TSCA Landfill from Cell B)

Landfill Cell 7

Landfill Cell 8 (Permitted as RCRA/TSCA Landfill on August 1, 2021)

Landfill Cell 9

Landfill Cell 10

Landfill Cell 11

Landfill Cell 12

Landfill Cell 13

Industrial Waste Landfill Cell 1

Industrial Waste Landfill Cell 2

Note: Landfill Cell B/6 was previously clean-closed as Landfill Cell 6 and re-permitted as TSCA Landfill Cell B. On August 31, 2005, it was permitted as TSCA/RCRA Landfill Cell B/6.

2. SOLID WASTE LAND DISPOSAL UNITS

In addition, the following units shall also be subject to certain provisions of this module:

TSCA Landfill Cell X

TSCA Landfill Cell Y

TSCA Landfill Cell Z

3. New land disposal units constructed at the facility shall also be subject to this Module. Permit modification provisions under Section VII.E. shall be followed for the specific well placement and other groundwater monitoring requirements.
4. Where there are conflicts with conditions of this permit and TSCA, the requirements under TSCA shall take precedence at designated TSCA landfill cells and the PCB treatment area; whereas the requirements under this permit shall take precedence at all other areas.
 - a. In addition to required monitoring at the PCB landfill cells under TSCA, the Clean Harbors Grassy Mountain facility (CHGM) shall monitor for the same compounds in detection monitoring as for regulated Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU)s in accordance with Condition VII.A.6. CHGM shall submit the data to the Director of The Division of Waste Management and Radiation Control (Director) at the same time as those semi-annual or other submissions required herein, except that sampling and reporting may be adjusted to meet any required timetables under TSCA.
5. CHGM shall follow all the provisions under Utah Administrative Code (UAC) R315-264-92 and as defined by these permit conditions. For purposes of this permit, R315-264-92 regulations for Groundwater Protection applies to all land disposal units; however, provisions for detection and compliance monitoring are defined in VII.A.5.a through VII.A.5.q for specific unit waste management compliance points under R315-264-95, except as determined by the Director. Compliance points are all groundwater monitoring wells listed for the Waste Management Areas (WMAs) as defined in Conditions VII.A.5.b through VII.A.5.q. Given the nature of the groundwater piezometric surface at the facility, downgradient conditions may occur in any direction from the WMA units. The present WMAs and compliance points defined below are shown in Attachment VII-1.
 - a. There shall be a common well system serving as background for all the individual waste management units. Monitoring wells MW-1, PZ-06, PZ-07, and PZ-08 shall serve as the background well system.
 - b. WMA 1 shall include Surface Impoundment A. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer dike. Wells MW-10, MW-11, and MW-12 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 1.
 - c. The land treatment units have been clean-closed. There is no requirement to maintain the wells for WMA 2, which defined the land treatment unit monitoring system. However, at the discretion of CHGM, Wells MW-8, MW- 18A, and MW-19 which served as downgradient monitoring wells for the WMA 2, may be maintained or closed. If CHGM wishes to abandon these wells, a well abandonment plan shall be submitted to the Director for approval.

- d. WMA 3 shall include Landfill Cells 1, 2, 3, and 4. The points of compliance are a line encircling these cells at the toe of the outer berm on all sides (north, south, east, and west). Wells MW-2, MW-24, MW-25, MW-27A, MW-28, MW-29A, MW-30A, MW-42, MW-43, MW-44, MW-45, MW-46, MW-58A, and MW-59 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 3.
- e. WMA 4 shall include TSCA Landfill Cells X, Y and Z. The points of compliance are a line encircling these cells on all sides at the toe of the outer berm. Wells MW-2, MW-21, MW-22, MW-23, MW-36, MW-40A, MW-41, MW-53, MW-54, MW-55, MW-56, and MW-57 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 4.
- f. WMA 5 shall include Industrial Landfill Cell 1. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer berm. Wells 32A and MW-33 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 5. The Director may specify any additional downgradient wells that may be required for WMA 5.
- g. WMA 6 shall include Industrial Landfill Cell 2. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer berm on the southern, western, and eastern sides and the center of the common dike with Industrial Landfill Cell 1 on the northern side. Wells MW-18A, MW-34, and MW-35 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 6.
- h. WMA 7 shall include Landfill Cell 5. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer berm on the northern, eastern, and southern sides and the center of the common dike with Landfill Cells 4 and 1 on the western side. Wells MW-50, MW-51, MW-52, and MW-60 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 7.
- i. WMA 9 shall include RCRA/TSCA Landfill Cell B/6. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer berm on the northern, eastern, and southern sides and the center of the common dike Landfill Cell 5 on the western side. Wells MW-67, MW-68, MW-69, MW-70, MW-71, MW-72, MW-73, MW-74, and MW-9 shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 9.
- j. WMA 11 shall include Landfill Cell 7. The points of compliance are a line encircling these cells on all sides at the toe of the outer berm. Wells MW-76, MW-77, MW-78A, and MW-79A shall serve as initial downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 11.
- k. WMA 12 shall include Surface Impoundment B. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer dike. Wells MW-80, MW-81, and MW-82 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 12.
- l. WMA 13 shall include Landfill Cell 8. The points of compliance are two monitoring wells adjacent to the sumps along the toe of the north berm and two monitoring wells located on the south berm of the cell. Wells MW-95, MW-96, MW-83, and MW-84 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 13. Additionally, MW-78A and MW79A are located on the west berm of the WMA-13.

- m. WMA 14 shall include Landfill Cell 9. The points of compliance are monitoring wells adjacent to the sumps along the toe of the north and south berms of the cell. Wells MW-83, MW-84, MW-85, and MW-86 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 14.
 - n. WMA 15 shall include Landfill Cell 10. The points of compliance are two monitoring wells adjacent to the sumps along the toe of the north berm and two monitoring wells located on the south berm of the cell. Wells MW-97, MW-98, MW-87, and MW-88 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 15.
 - o. WMA 16 shall include Landfill Cell 11. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer dike. Wells MW-87, MW-88, MW-89, and MW-90 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 16.
 - p. WMA 17 shall include Landfill Cell 12. The points of compliance are two monitoring wells adjacent to the sumps along the toe of the north berm and two monitoring wells located on the south berm of the cell. Wells MW-99, MW-100, MW-91, and MW-92 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 17.
 - q. WMA 18 shall include Landfill Cell 13. The points of compliance are a line encircling this unit at the toe of the outer dike. Wells MW-91, MW-92, MW-93, and MW-94 shall serve as downgradient monitoring wells for WMA 18.
 - r. Addition of new WMAs subject to this module shall follow the modifications procedures of Section I.D.
6. The regulations and conditions of this permit for groundwater monitoring apply during the active life of the regulated unit including the closure period, and as defined in UAC R315-264-90(c) during compliance monitoring and post-closure periods. These regulations shall also apply for the life of SWMUs.

VII.B REQUIRED PROGRAMS

- 1. CHGM shall conduct a monitoring and response program as follows for all units subject to these provisions.
 - a. Whenever hazardous constituents under UAC R315-264-93 (Class 1 compounds selected for the detection monitoring program (Attachment VII-3, Table 1)) from a regulated unit or SWMU are detected at the compliance point(s), CHGM shall institute a compliance monitoring program as specified in Section VII.F. and UAC R315-264-95. The compliance monitoring program will be in force for the affected WMA(s), initially including the full list of constituents found in UAC R315-261 Appendix VIII, in addition to the hazardous constituent(s) detected. The compliance monitoring program supersedes the detection monitoring program for the affected WMA(s) and detected hazardous constituent(s). For Class 1 parameters, “detected” shall mean exceeding the critical level as defined in Attachment VII-3, Table 1.
 - b. CHGM shall evaluate hazardous constituents defined in UAC R315-264-93 (Class 3 compounds) according to Attachment VII-7.

- c. Whenever the groundwater protection standard under UAC R315-264-92 and Section VII.C is exceeded, CHGM shall institute a corrective action program under UAC R315-264-100 and Section VII.G.
- d. Whenever hazardous constituents under UAC R315-264-93 exceed concentration limits under Section VII.C of this permit in groundwater between the compliance point defined in Condition VII.A.5 above and the facility property boundary, CHGM shall institute a corrective action program under R315-264-100, and section VII.G of this permit.
- e. In all other cases, CHGM shall institute and maintain a detection monitoring program under UAC R315-264-98 and Section VII.E of this permit.

VII.C GROUNDWATER PROTECTION STANDARD

- 1. The Director may specify groundwater protection standards for each hazardous constituent that has entered groundwater at the time the detection monitoring program or other evidence indicates that hazardous constituents have entered groundwater beneath a WMA. The Director may also determine at such time the hazardous constituents to which the protection standard applies as defined in UAC R315-264- 93, the concentration limits as defined in UAC R315-264-94, the point(s) of compliance under UAC R315-264-95 and the compliance period under UAC R315-264-96.

VII.D GENERAL GROUNDWATER MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. CHGM shall comply with the following requirements for groundwater monitoring:
 - a. The groundwater monitoring system shall consist of a sufficient number of wells, installed at appropriate locations and depths to yield groundwater samples from the uppermost aquifer that:
 - i. Represent the quality of background water that has not been affected by leakage from a regulated unit; and
 - ii. Represent the quality of groundwater passing the point of compliance.
 - b. Separate groundwater monitoring systems shall be required for each present and any new unit (and solid waste management unit as appropriate).
 - c. CHGM shall propose and install the minimum number of wells for any unit subject to the written approval of the Director.
 - d. CHGM shall construct all monitoring wells in accordance with the provisions in UAC R315-264-97(c) and Condition VII.D.2.
 - e. The groundwater monitoring program shall include sampling and analysis procedures defined in UAC R315-264-97(d) and (e) and Condition VII.D.3.
 - f. CHGM shall follow requirements for measurement of the groundwater surface elevation in UAC R315-264-97(f) and Condition VII.D.4.

- g. CHGM shall follow the requirements for establishing background water quality for specified hazardous constituents and monitoring parameters as defined in UAC R315-264-97(g) and Condition VII.D.5.
 - h. CHGM shall follow the procedures for statistical evaluation in determining whether background values of concentration limits have been exceeded as defined in UAC R315-264-97(h) and Condition VII.D.6.
2. The following guidelines shall apply to well location and construction:
- a. Well construction shall follow the techniques described in the Technical Enforcement Guidance Document A (TEGD), OSWER-9950.1, August 25, 1986, and the 1992 TEGD addendum, both incorporated in Attachment 7-5. All monitoring wells shall be cased in a manner that maintains the integrity of the borehole. This casing shall be screened or perforated and packed with gravel or sand where necessary (i.e., the space between the borehole and well casing). Above the sampling depth, the annulus shall be sealed to prevent contamination of samples and the groundwater. All wells shall be developed until the turbidity of groundwater being withdrawn from the well is less than five Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTUs). If CHGM cannot reach this standard, CHGM is required to submit the documentation and development procedure to the Director. The Director may accept the well development or require further development if proper demonstration of well development is inadequate.
 - b. CHGM shall construct and maintain new monitoring wells in accordance with plans and specifications to be submitted to the Director for approval at the time of permit modification under Condition VII.E.5. Prior to the installation of all new wells, CHGM must have approval of the Director for the following: number of wells, construction details and locations of all new wells.
 - c. CHGM shall install additional saturated zone monitoring wells to maintain compliance if subsurface conditions change after permit issuance. Such changes may include, but are not limited to, water level elevation or apparent flow direction changes, detection of saturated conditions below a leak detection sump, or detection of organic constituents in a well. The Director may require CHGM to install and sample additional wells at any time during the active life, closure, or post-closure or compliance periods, if new information or unforeseen circumstances reveal a need for additional monitoring to protect human health and the environment.
 - d. Within 90 days of the completion of a new monitoring well, CHGM shall submit the completion reports (schematics) which shall include boring logs with lithological descriptions, sieve analyses (grain size), water levels, and well development results including recharge rates. CHGM shall also submit new cross sections or fence diagrams which incorporate the new data.

- e. CHGM shall maintain existing monitoring wells in a fully operating condition for the duration of this permit. CHGM shall notify the Director within 72 hours when a well is no longer properly functioning (including a marked change in pumping rate, presence of sandy or silty materials, and cracked or broken casings), and if the cause of the malfunction cannot be repaired within two weeks, or if a well is out of service during a sampling episode and cannot be sampled within two weeks of schedule. Any time a well is found to be unfit for monitoring, CHGM shall make a notation in the Operating Record with a similar notation made when the well is returned to service. CHGM shall notify the Director prior to the event when CHGM intends to close one or more wells associated with a regulated unit or solid waste management unit. The Director shall approve the conditions for replacement or correction of improperly operating wells.
 - f. CHGM shall determine the depth to the bottom of all groundwater monitoring wells once every two years, or within two weeks of final development of any new well, or when a given well does not function properly. All total depth information shall be recorded, with the date, on the field data sheets and reported to the Director within 30 days of completion of the survey. If a problem is observed, CHGM shall follow the procedures described above in Condition VII.D.2.e regarding notification and corrective procedures.
3. The following guidelines shall apply to sampling and analysis procedures:
- a. CHGM shall include and maintain consistent sampling and analysis procedures in the groundwater monitoring program that are designed to ensure reliable monitoring results of groundwater quality downgradient of a WMA. At a minimum, the program shall include procedures and techniques for:
 - i. Sample collection;
 - ii. Sample preservation and shipment;
 - iii. Analytical procedures; and
 - iv. Chain-of-custody control.
 - b. The sampling and analytical methods shall be appropriate for groundwater sampling and accurately measure hazardous constituents in groundwater samples.
 - c. CHGM shall use the following techniques and procedures when obtaining samples and analyzing samples from the groundwater monitoring wells:
 - i. Samples shall be collected by the technique described in Attachment VII-2.
 - ii. Samples shall be preserved and transported in accordance with the procedures specified in Attachment VII-2.
 - iii. Samples shall be analyzed according to the methods and/or procedures specified in Attachment VII-3, Tables 1 through 4, in addition to the following:
 - (a) The use of quality control sample data shall be explained in full detail. CHGM shall provide field blanks for analysis at each annual sampling interval under the detection monitoring program as specified in

Attachment VII-2. Any field, trip, or laboratory blanks exceeding three times the critical level for any organic parameter, shall result in evaluation of the data for that parameter for the samples collected during the day the quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples were collected, or for the samples that are associated with the QA/QC sample laboratory lot number. Detections in field, trip, bottle or equipment blank samples shall be evaluated with respect to the results of analyses performed on samples collected from the related monitoring wells. Qualifiers shall be indicated on all organic laboratory reports when blanks indicate contamination above the method detection level. If laboratory data indicate that the data should be rejected, re-sampling of the affected wells shall be performed within three weeks. If CHGM determines that the contamination does not invalidate the environmental sample results, CHGM may petition the Director to use those results and not have to resample. This consultation must take place within two weeks of receiving the data from the laboratory. Re-sampling will be performed in accordance with Section V.E and Attachment VII-2.

- (b) The Director may request at any time all laboratory QA/QC documentation and supporting data on any sampling episode. CHGM shall retain either at the laboratory or the facility for organic compounds being analyzed, the raw information for required sampling and analysis, including gas chromatographic printouts, mass spectral analyses, QA/QC surrogate and spiking results, etc. These data shall be retained for a period of not less than three years.
 - iv. Samples shall be tracked and controlled using the chain-of-custody procedures specified in Attachment VII-2.
 - d. In the case of sample container breakage (i.e., during shipping), missed holding times, or any other unforeseen event, CHGM shall initiate resampling within two weeks of the facility being notified of such an event.
4. The following guidelines shall apply to measurement of groundwater elevation.
- a. CHGM shall determine the groundwater surface elevation in all monitoring wells and piezometers on an annual basis, unless otherwise instructed by the Director. CHGM shall resurvey well casing elevations every three years commencing in 2009 and upon request of the Director.
 - b. CHGM shall determine the groundwater flow rate and direction in the uppermost aquifer based on the most current surveyed well elevations and submit an updated groundwater contour (potentiometric) map to the Director no later than May 15th of each year.
5. The following guidelines shall apply to monitoring of background groundwater quality and groundwater chemical parameters:

- a. For purposes of the detection monitoring program as specified in Section VII.E, the three classes of parameters for measurement and analysis are:
 - i. Class 1- Class 1 parameters consist of a set of organic hazardous constituents or indicator compounds measurable by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS), and are listed in Attachment VII-3, Table 1. Attachment VII- 3 lists a set of numerical standards for each Class 1 Detection Monitoring parameter considered to be the concentration equal to or above which a given parameter value exceeds the critical level.
 - ii. Class 2- Class 2 parameters consist of a set of compounds considered analyzable by available methods specified in SW-846, 3rd Edition and referred to in Attachment VII-3, Table 2.
 - iii. Class 3- Class 3 parameters are identified as “Background Groundwater Quality Parameters” in Attachment VII-3, Table 3.
- b. CHGM shall use the Class 1 GC/MS detection monitoring parameters as the principal hazardous constituents and indicators. They shall be monitored and analyzed annually and shall be subjected to statistical evaluation as defined in Condition VII.E.1. Class 2 parameters shall be sampled as required under Condition VII.E.1.k, when the detection monitoring program indicates a statistically significant difference in detection monitoring. Class 3 parameters shall be monitored annually during required detection monitoring events and shall be subjected to statistical evaluation as defined in Condition VII.E.2.
- c. A tentative value is defined as any measured concentration for an analyte less than the laboratory practical quantitation limit/limit of quantitation (PQL/LOQ) and above the laboratory method detection limit (MDL), but otherwise meeting criteria for identification using GC/MS techniques. CHGM shall report these values to the Director as values identified by the letter J but shall not be used as indications of detection.
- d. A tentatively identified compound is a non-target compound that is detected using GC/MS technology. The mass spectrum is compared to standard reference spectra for potential identification. Manual interpretation may be necessary. Identification and quantitation may vary significantly when compared to authentic standards. These values shall be reported to the Director as values identified by the letter A.
- e. A reportable value is defined as any measured concentration for an analyte in Attachment VII- 3, Table 1 that equals or exceeds the laboratory PQL/LOQ as determined by the analytical laboratory.
- f. A critical value for a given compound is any measured concentration that equals or exceeds the 0.01 level of significance as listed in Attachment VII-3.
- g. CHGM may petition the Director to modify the background data, based on future detection monitoring results obtained during the term of this permit.

- h. CHGM has conducted groundwater monitoring at all monitoring wells identified in Condition VII.A.5.a. for the background water quality parameters listed in Attachment VII-3, Table 1. CHGM shall provide information on past and required monitoring events as described in Section VII.E.
6. Other Conditions:
- a. CHGM shall monitor all wells covered by this permit annually at a minimum, in either the detection or compliance monitoring program, and notify the Director at least 14 days prior to a regularly scheduled groundwater sampling event. This notice requirement does not include any re-sampling or other testing performed to follow-up a regularly scheduled monitoring event. CHGM shall also notify the Director at least 72 hours prior to any re-sampling activities.
 - b. All newly constructed monitoring wells shall require two years of quarterly sampling for all Class 3 parameters listed in Attachment VII-3. CHGM shall conduct at least one evaluation of Class 1 parameters immediately following completion of the wells. If no hazardous constituents are found, then detection monitoring for Class 1 parameters shall begin in the next semi-annual period following installation of the wells. However, if hazardous organic constituents are detected above the critical levels, CHGM shall also conduct quarterly sampling at those wells for a one-year period for Class 2 parameters. The Director may or may not determine that the wells can be used at any time in this period for detection monitoring.
 - c. The Director may modify parameters or methods analysis, including statistical analysis, for any samples upon written notice to CHGM. Conditions requiring modification may include maintaining or upgrading the quality or type of data produced by CHGM to account for background conditions, future conditions such as availability of improved analytical methods, the presence of better indicators, or more easily detectable parameters in leachate. The Director will also prescribe in writing additional sampling and analysis for wastes contained in a unit or leachate deemed appropriate to determine whether a hazardous constituent may have originated from a unit, to establish appropriate monitoring parameters, or for other reasons. The Director may request at any time all laboratory QA/QC documentation and GC/MS data pertaining to the additional sampling and analysis.
7. Maintenance and Calibration of a Groundwater Flow and Solute Transport Model
- a. CHGM shall refine and recalibrate the groundwater flow and groundwater solute transport models annually. CHGM shall submit a report describing annual model recalibration runs for both groundwater flow and contaminant transport models by August 31st of every year, utilizing the previous spring and fall groundwater monitoring data.

- b. CHGM shall perform a one-time Monte Carlo-type uncertainty analysis of predictive simulations for contaminants 1,1-Dichloroethylene and 1,1,1-Trichloroethylene at WMA 5, based on the transient calibration of the groundwater flow model, by August 25, 2023. CHGM shall submit a work plan outlining the scope and methods to be employed by October 30, 2023.
- c. Based on the most current calibration of the groundwater flow and transport model, CHGM shall, starting in 2018, evaluate if groundwater monitoring wells MW-45, MW-46, and MW-50 are placed at locations which can unambiguously detect potential leaks of contaminants emanating from Cell 8. This evaluation shall be repeated every 5 years. If it is determined that the existing wells cannot detect potential leaks, dedicated groundwater monitoring wells shall be drilled north of the sumps of Cells 8, 10 and 12.

VII.E DETECTION MONITORING PROGRAM AND DATA EVALUATION

- 1. The detection monitoring program for Class 1 parameters listed in Attachment VII-3, Table 1, shall follow the protocol given in Attachment VII-2 and as specified by the following conditions:
 - a. CHGM shall analyze for Class 1 parameters listed in Attachment VII-3 annually for all monitoring wells covered in this module. CHGM shall report results from all replicates, all field blanks, all trip blanks, and all laboratory blanks annually. All dilutions made shall be specified on laboratory reports.
 - b. CHGM shall provide the Director, within 60 days after analysis, a list of compounds analyzed, reportable and tentative values for each compound found in a well sample, the critical level for each compound, a determination whether any reportable values have exceeded critical values in Attachment VII-3, and any additional relevant analyses.
 - c. CHGM shall provide an organized table of the reportable Class 1 compound information. All reportable, flagged values, tentatively identified compounds, and critical values shall be shown for each well and for each of the last three analyses (including repeat analyses). Wells shall be grouped as background and for each of the WMA well sets defined in Condition VII.A.1. A summary cover sheet shall be submitted which shows all values that are at or above the critical values identified for all wells.
 - d. CHGM shall determine whether a given compound concentration value has equaled or exceeded the critical value by simple comparison with the table values in Attachment VII-3.
 - e. CHGM shall provide to the Director information regarding observed patterns of any compound in wells, concentrations found in well samples at levels similar to current or past QA/QC data, and as otherwise provided in Attachment VII-4, to explain statistical trends of compounds.

- f. For any well where one or more Class 1 parameters are found at or above critical levels, CHGM shall re-sample the well within one month of notification to the Facility, unless the Director has determined that re-sampling is not necessary or that the compound is already being tracked in the compliance monitoring program. CHGM may choose to re-sample immediately upon receipt of initial data results, where values at or slightly above the critical levels are indicated. CHGM shall provide a copy of the initial data along with the re-sampling data to the Director within 30 days of completion of the re-sample. Re-sampling need only take place for those compounds and at those wells where values at or above the critical levels are indicated.
- g. Once the monitoring data has been submitted to the Director, CHGM shall continue to develop evidence that could indicate a source of contamination other than in groundwater. If repeat sampling, as indicated in Condition VII.E.1.f, indicates exceedances of the critical level for at least one compound in a well, the data shall be considered a statistically significant indication of well contamination, subject to one further monitoring analysis as described in Condition VII.E.1.h.
- h. For a well or wells which have indicated potential contamination by twice exceeding the critical level for the annual sampling event, CHGM shall obtain a third sample no later than 45 days from the second re-sampling event. CHGM shall provide the results from the third re-sampling event to the Director within 60 days of the third re-sampling event. CHGM shall analyze for all Class 1 parameters at the well(s) detected in the two previous sampling events (Conditions VII.E.g and VII.E.f) which are not already being tracked in the compliance monitoring program.
- i. If the third sampling event (Condition VII.E.h) shows Class 1 parameter concentrations at or above the critical levels, actions under Conditions VII.E.1.k and Section VII.F shall be required.
- j. The Director shall consider the indicator parameters identified in Attachment VII-3, Table 3, to evaluate the likelihood and potential severity of contamination to determine the appropriate course of action. However, unless informed otherwise, CHGM shall follow the prescribed courses of action in Conditions VII.E.1.k and Section VII.F.
- k. If, pursuant to Conditions VII.E.1.h and VII.E.1.i, there is a statistically significant increase in any Class 1 parameters, CHGM shall notify the Director in writing within seven days. The notification shall indicate the affected parameter(s) and well(s). CHGM may demonstrate under UAC R315-264-98(g)(6) that a source other than a regulated unit caused the increase, or that the increase resulted from an error in sampling, analysis, or evaluation. In making this demonstration CHGM shall:
 - i. Within 90 days, submit a report to the Director which demonstrates that a source other than a regulated unit caused the contamination, or that the contamination resulted from an error in sampling, analysis, or evaluation;
 - ii. Within 90 days, submit to the Director a permit modification request to make

- any appropriate changes to the detection monitoring program at the facility;
- iii. Continue to monitor according to the detection monitoring program outlined in this permit; and
 - iv. CHGM shall submit a permit modification request under Condition VII.E.5.a unless the demonstration successfully shows that a source other than a regulated unit caused the increase or that the increase resulted from error in sampling, analysis, or evaluation.
1. For a WMA in which one or more of the downgradient monitoring wells have shown statistically significant levels of Class 1 parameter contamination (Condition VII.E.1.k), CHGM shall immediately sample the groundwater in all monitoring wells associated with that WMA. This sampling event will occur no later than 45 days of the third sampling date. These wells will be sampled and analyzed to identify and quantify any Class 2 parameters identified in Attachment VII-3, Table 2.
 - m. CHGM shall establish a background value for each Class 2 parameter that has been detected at the compliance point(s).
 - n. Within 90 days of the notification that the results of three analysis showed levels at or above the critical value of any Class 1 parameter, CHGM shall submit to the Director a permit modification to establish a compliance monitoring program for the affected WMAs:
 - i. An identification of the concentration of any Class 2 parameter found in the groundwater at each monitoring well in the affected WMA;
 - ii. Any proposed modification to the groundwater monitoring system at the facility necessary to meet the requirements of the facility's compliance monitoring program, as detailed in Section VII.F. and UAC R315-264-99;
 - iii. Any proposed modification to change the monitoring frequency, sampling and analysis procedures used at the facility necessary to meet the requirements of the facility's compliance monitoring program, Section VII.F and UAC R315-264-99; and
 - iv. For each hazardous constituent found at the compliance point, a proposed concentration limit or a notice of intent to seek an alternate concentration limit under UAC R315-264-94(b).
 - o. Within 180 days of the notification that any Class 1 compound was found to be at or above the critical value in three consecutive samples, CHGM shall submit to the Director all data necessary to justify any alternate concentration limit sought under UAC R315-264-94(b) and an engineering feasibility plan for a corrective action program necessary to meet the requirements of Section VII.G and UAC R315-264-100, unless:
 - i. All hazardous constituents identified under this section are listed in Table 1 of UAC R315-264-94 and their concentrations do not exceed the respective values given in that Table, or
 - ii. CHGM has sought an alternate concentration limit under UAC R315-264-94(b) for each hazardous constituent identified in UAC

R315-264-1107.

- p. If the detection monitoring program for a WMA no longer satisfies the requirements of this section, CHGM shall apply for a permit modification within 90 days to make appropriate changes to the program.
 - q. CHGM shall assure that monitoring and corrective action measures necessary to achieve compliance with the groundwater protection standard under UAC R315-264-92 and Section VII.C of this module are taken during the term of permit modification.
 - r. CHGM shall maintain, and upon request, provide to the Director, historical data series of total depth, water levels, general water quality parameters, Class 3 parameters, and detected Class 1 parameters for any well in the detection monitoring program.
2. Class 3 Detection Monitoring Background Water Quality Parameters
 - a. CHGM shall monitor all Class 3 parameters listed in Attachment VII-3, Table 3 at each annual sampling interval for all wells covered under this section. In addition, field measurements shall be conducted for pH, specific conductance, turbidity, and sample temperature. CHGM shall report the results of all measurements to the Director. The field measurements shall be used as a qualitative measure of Class 3 water quality unless CHGM or the Director has reason to believe the field data is inaccurate, in which case pH, specific conductance, turbidity, and sample temperature will need to be analyzed quantitatively by a Utah Certified Laboratory.
 - b. CHGM shall provide an analysis by WMA of each of the Class 3 parameters as defined in Attachment VII-3, Table 3 with Attachment VII-7 and a summary of the gross cation/anion balance with each report of the annual sampling event.
 - c. The Director shall utilize these data and information in assessing the weight of evidence regarding potential statistical significance of Class 1 parameters, as described in Attachment VII-3, Table 1.
 3. CHGM shall report quality control and quality assurance data, including required method blanks annually, in conjunction with the submission of annual groundwater sampling reports.
 4. CHGM shall enter all monitoring, testing and analytical data into the Operating Record as required by UAC R315-264-73(a)(6) and this permit.
 5. Permit Modification
 - a. If the detection, compliance monitoring, or corrective action program required by this permit no longer satisfies the requirements of the regulations, CHGM shall, within 90 days of this determination, apply for a permit modification to make any appropriate changes to the program which will satisfy the regulations.

- b. CHGM shall ensure that monitoring and corrective action measures necessary to achieve compliance with the groundwater protection standard under UAC R315-264-92 and this Module VII are being implemented.

VII.F COMPLIANCE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. The compliance monitoring program and assessment shall begin for wells within a WMA at the time the third consecutive sample shows positive indication of contamination as described in Condition VII.E.1 and shall extend until CHGM demonstrates satisfactorily that the groundwater protection standard in Section VII.C has not been exceeded at the compliance point(s) for three consecutive years. The compliance monitoring program shall consist of a semi- annual monitoring program, in which a full Class 2 (Attachment VII-3, Table 2) parameter analysis is conducted every fall and a Class 1 and 3 parameter analysis is conducted every spring for all compliance point wells within an affected WMA.
 - a. Only those parameters showing statistically significant contamination shall be included in the compliance monitoring program;
 - b. The rest of the class 1 parameters, including the annual Class 2 parameters, are monitored in the detection monitoring program;
 - c. The procedures for sampling and analysis defined in the detection monitoring program shall be used in the compliance monitoring program;
 - d. The Director may modify, change, add, or delete any specific parameters, to meet the criteria of UAC R315-264-92.
2. The Director may require monitoring of hazardous constituents in wastes, leachate, or suspected sources of contamination to determine whether contaminants entering groundwater are reasonably expected to be derived from the unit in question.
3. The Director may require additional field tests, groundwater monitoring or soil vapor well installation, or further analytical tests necessary to adequately assess the horizontal and vertical rate and extent of migration of the contaminants, including the unsaturated zone routes of migration.
4. If any regulated or solid waste management unit within the WMAs defined in Condition VII.A.1 is determined to be the source of hazardous constituents in groundwater, CHGM shall include actions to contain or stop the release from that unit in the Corrective Action Plan developed pursuant to Module VIII.
5. CHGM shall, if appropriate, request a permit modification to comply with UAC R315-264-98(h) and Condition VII.E.5.

6. Within 90 days from initiation of the compliance monitoring program, CHGM shall submit to the Director an interim information report of all information collected or proposed to be collected to identify the source of contaminants and extent of release in groundwater, and any proposed alternate concentration limits. This interim information report is not intended to be a petition for an alternative concentration limit.
 - a. The Director may accept, reject, or modify any part of the proposed information collection procedures, based on the technical adequacy of the proposals, in complying with the requirements of UAC R315-264-99.
 - b. CHGM shall ensure that monitoring and corrective action measures necessary to achieve compliance with the groundwater protection standard are taken during the compliance monitoring period.
7. The Director may modify statistical testing procedures, as outlined in Attachment VII-7, as necessary.
8. CHGM shall determine whether there is a statistically significant increase over concentration limits established for each hazardous constituent under the groundwater protection standard, each time the concentration of hazardous constituents is determined at the compliance point(s).
9. If the groundwater protection standard is being exceeded at any monitoring well for any parameters, other than those already in the compliance monitoring program, within the point(s) of compliance, CHGM shall:
 - a. Notify the Director of this finding in writing within seven days. The notification shall include identifying the compound(s) that exceeded the concentration limits and their respective concentrations;
 - b. Submit to the Director an application for a modification to the corrective action program developed for the preexisting contaminants within 180 days, or within 90 days if a corrective action program has already been approved under Module VIII. The application shall include, at a minimum, a detailed description of corrective actions that will achieve compliance with the groundwater protection standard specified in the permit, and a plan for a groundwater monitoring program that will demonstrate the effectiveness of corrective action.
10. If the compliance monitoring program no longer is needed or no longer satisfies the requirements of this section, CHGM shall, within 90 days, request a permit modification to make any appropriate changes to the program.

VII.G CORRECTIVE ACTION REQUIREMENTS

1. If CHGM is required to establish a corrective action program under this section, they shall establish it pursuant to Module VIII meeting the following requirements:
 - a. Take corrective action to ensure that regulated and solid waste units under these requirements are in compliance with the groundwater protection standard under UAC R315-264-92 and Module VII. The Director may specify the groundwater protection standard requirements in the facility permit modification, including but not limited to:
 - i. A list of hazardous constituents identified under UAC R315-264-93;
 - ii. Concentration limits under UAC R315-264-94 for each of those hazardous constituents;
 - iii. The compliance point(s) under UAC R315-264-95; and
 - iv. The compliance period under UAC R315-264-96.
2. CHGM shall implement a corrective action program that prevents hazardous constituents from exceeding their respective concentration limits at the compliance point(s) by removing the hazardous constituents or treating them in place. CHGM shall submit to the Director a permit modification request that will list the specific measures to be taken.
3. CHGM shall begin corrective action as soon as the groundwater standard has been reported to have been exceeded. The Director will specify the time in the permit modification. If the facility intends to include a corrective action program in addition to a compliance monitoring program, the permit modification shall specify when the corrective action will begin, and such a requirement shall operate in lieu of UAC R315-264-99(i)(2).
4. In conjunction with a corrective action program, CHGM shall establish and implement a groundwater monitoring program to demonstrate the effectiveness of the corrective action program. Such a monitoring program shall be based on the requirements for a compliance monitoring program under UAC R315-264-99 and Section VII.F.
5. Corrective action measures under this permit shall be terminated once the concentration of hazardous constituents identified in UAC R315-264-93 and Section VII.F meet the criteria of Module VII for a period of three consecutive years.
6. CHGM shall continue corrective action measures during and beyond the compliance period for as long as necessary to achieve compliance with the groundwater protection standard.
7. CHGM shall report semi-annually in writing to the Director on the effectiveness of the corrective action program.

8. If corrective action is no longer needed or no longer satisfies the requirements of this section, CHGM shall, within 90 days, request a permit modification.
9. CHGM shall initiate corrective action as necessary to protect human health and the environment for all releases of hazardous waste or constituents from any solid waste management unit at the facility, regardless of the time at which the waste was applied in such unit. This requirement shall remain in effect for the life of the permit and through the closure/post-closure period for all SWMUs at the facility.