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UTAH ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

The Utah Administrative Code is the body of all effective administrative rules as compiled and organized by the Division of Administrative Rules (Subsection <u>63G-3-102(5)</u>; see also Sections <u>63G-3-701</u> and <u>702</u>).

NOTE: For a list of rules that have been made effective since December 1, 2014, please see the <u>codification segue</u> page.

NOTE TO RULEFILING AGENCIES: Use the RTF version for submitting rule changes. Download the <u>RTF file</u>

R317. Environmental Quality, Water Quality.

Rule R317-2. Standards of Quality for Waters of the State.

As in effect on December 1, 2014

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R317-2-1A. Statement of Intent.

Whereas the pollution of the waters of this state constitute a menace to public health and welfare, creates public nuisances, is harmful to wildlife, fish and aquatic life, and impairs domestic, agricultural, industrial, recreational and other legitimate beneficial uses of water, and whereas such pollution is contrary to the best interests of the state and its policy for the conservation of the water resources of the state, it is hereby declared to be the public policy of this state to conserve the waters of the state and to protect, maintain and improve the quality thereof for public water supplies, for the propagation of wildlife, fish and aquatic life, and for domestic, agricultural, industrial, recreational and other legitimate beneficial uses; to provide that no waste be discharged into any waters of the state without first being given the degree of treatment necessary to protect the legitimate beneficial uses of such waters; to provide for the prevention, abatement and control of new or existing water pollution; to place first in priority those control measures directed toward elimination of pollution which creates hazards to the public health; to insure due consideration of financial problems imposed on water polluters through pursuit of these objectives; and to cooperate with other agencies of the state, agencies of other states and the federal government in carrying out these objectives.

R317-2-1B. Authority.

These standards are promulgated pursuant to Sections 19-5-104 and 19-5-110.

R317-2-1C. Triennial Review.

The water quality standards shall be reviewed and updated, if necessary, at least once every three years. The Director will seek input through a cooperative process from stakeholders representing state and federal agencies, various interest groups, and the public to develop a preliminary draft of changes. Proposed changes will be presented to the Water Quality Board for information. Informal public meetings may be held to present preliminary proposed changes to the public for comments and suggestions. Final proposed changes will be presented to the Water Quality Board for approval and authorization to initiate formal rulemaking. Public hearings will be held to solicit formal comments from the public. The Director will incorporate appropriate changes and return to the Water Quality Board to petition for formal adoption of the proposed changes following the requirements of the Utah Rulemaking Act, Title 63G, Chapter 3.

R317-2-2. Scope.

These standards shall apply to all waters of the state and shall be assigned to specific waters through the classification procedures prescribed by Sections 19-5-104(5) and 19-5-110 and R317-2-6.

R317-2-3. Antidegradation Policy.

3.1 Maintenance of Water Quality

Waters whose existing quality is better than the established standards for the designated uses will be maintained at high quality unless it is determined by the Director, after appropriate intergovernmental coordination and public participation in concert with the Utah continuing planning process, allowing lower water quality is necessary to accommodate important economic or social development in the area in which the waters are located. However, existing instream water uses shall be maintained and protected. No water quality degradation is allowable which would interfere with or become injurious to existing instream water uses.

In those cases where potential water quality impairment associated with a thermal discharge is involved, the antidegradation policy and implementing method shall be consistent with Section 316 of the Federal Clean Water Act.

3.2 Category 1 Waters

Waters which have been determined by the Board to be of exceptional recreational or ecological significance or have been determined to be a State or National resource requiring protection, shall be maintained at existing high quality through designation, by the Board after public hearing, as Category 1 Waters. New point source discharges of wastewater, treated or otherwise, are prohibited in such segments after the effective date of designation. Protection of such segments from pathogens in diffuse, underground sources is covered in R317-5 and R317-7 and the rules for Individual Wastewater Disposal Systems (R317-501 through R317-515). Other diffuse sources (nonpoint sources) of wastes shall be controlled to the extent feasible through implementation of best management practices or regulatory programs.

Discharges may be allowed where pollution will be temporary and limited after consideration of the factors in R317-2-3.5.b.4., and where best management practices will be employed to minimize pollution effects.

Waters of the state designated as Category 1 Waters are listed in R317-2-12.1.

3.3 Category 2 Waters

Category 2 Waters are designated surface water segments which are treated as Category 1 Waters except that a point source discharge may be permitted provided that the discharge does not degrade existing water quality. Discharges may be allowed where pollution will be temporary and limited after consideration of the factors in R317-2- .3.5.b.4., and where best management practices will be employed to minimize pollution effects. Waters of the state designated as Category 2 Waters are listed in R317-2-12.2.

3.4 Category 3 Waters

For all other waters of the state, point source discharges are allowed and degradation may occur, pursuant to the conditions and review procedures outlined in Section 3.5.

3.5 Antidegradation Review (ADR)

An antidegradation review will determine whether the proposed activity complies with the applicable antidegradation requirements for receiving waters that may be affected.

An antidegradation review (ADR) may consist of two parts or levels. A Level I review is conducted to insure that existing uses will be maintained and protected.

Both Level I and Level II reviews will be conducted on a parameter-by-parameter basis. A decision to move to a Level II review for one parameter does not require a Level II review for other parameters. Discussion of parameters of concern is those expected to be affected by the proposed activity.

Antidegradation reviews shall include opportunities for public participation, as described in Section 3.5e.

a. Activities Subject to Antidegradation Review (ADR)

1. For all State waters, antidegradation reviews will be conducted for proposed federally regulated activities, such as those under Clean Water Act Sections 401 (FERC and other Federal actions), 402 (UPDES permits), and 404 (Army Corps of Engineers permits). The Director may conduct an ADR on any projects with the potential for major impact on the quality of waters of the state. The review will determine whether the proposed activity complies with the applicable antidegradation requirements for the particular receiving waters that may be affected.

2. For Category 1 Waters and Category 2 Waters, reviews shall be consistent with the requirement established in Sections 3.2 and 3.3, respectively.

3. For Category 3 Waters, reviews shall be consistent with the requirements established in this section

b. An Anti-degradation Level II review is not required where any of the following conditions apply:

1. Water quality will not be lowered by the proposed activity or for existing permitted facilities, water quality will not be further lowered by the proposed activity, examples include situations where:

(a) the proposed concentration-based effluent limit is less than or equal to the ambient concentration in the receiving water during critical conditions; or

(b) a UPDES permit is being renewed and the proposed effluent concentration and loading limits are equal to or less than the concentration and loading limits in the previous permit; or

(c) a UPDES permit is being renewed and new effluent limits are to be added to the permit, but the new effluent limits are based on maintaining or improving upon effluent concentrations and loads that have been observed, including variability; or

2. Assimilative capacity (based upon concentration) is not available or has previously been allocated, as indicated by water quality monitoring or modeling information. This includes situations where:

(a) the water body is included on the current 303(d) list for the parameter of concern; or

(b) existing water quality for the parameter of concern does not satisfy applicable numeric or narrative water quality criteria; or

(c) discharge limits are established in an approved TMDL that is consistent with the current water quality standards for the receiving water (i.e., where TMDLs are established, and changes in effluent limits that are consistent with the existing load allocation would not trigger an antidegradation review).

Under conditions (a) or (b) the effluent limit in an UPDES permit may be equal to the water quality numeric criterion for the parameter of concern.

3. Water quality impacts will be temporary and related only to sediment or turbidity and fish spawning will not be impaired,

4. The water quality effects of the proposed activity are expected to be temporary and limited. As general guidance, CWA Section 402 general discharge permits, CWA Section 404 general permits, or activities of short duration, will be deemed to have a temporary and limited effect on water quality where there is a reasonable factual basis to support such a conclusion. Factors to be considered in determining whether water quality effects will be temporary and limited may include the following:

(a) Length of time during which water quality will be lowered.

(b) Percent change in ambient concentrations of pollutants of concern

(c) Pollutants affected

(d) Likelihood for long-term water quality benefits to the segment (e.g., dredging of contaminated sediments)

(e) Potential for any residual long-term influences on existing uses.

(f) Impairment of the fish spawning, survival and development of aquatic fauna excluding fish removal efforts.

c. Anti-degradation Review Process

For all activities requiring a Level II review, the Division will notify affected agencies and the public with regards to the requested proposed activity and discussions with stakeholders may be held. In the case of Section 402 discharge permits, if it is determined that a discharge will be allowed, the Director will develop any needed UPDES permits for public notice following the normal permit issuance process.

The ADR will cover the following requirements or determinations:

1. Will all Statutory and regulatory requirements be met?

The Director will review to determine that there will be achieved all statutory and regulatory requirements for all new and existing point sources and all required cost-effective and reasonable best management practices for nonpoint source control in the area of the discharge. If point sources exist in the area that have not achieved all statutory and regulatory requirements, the Director will consider whether schedules of compliance or other plans have been established when evaluating whether compliance has been assured. Generally, the "area

of the discharge" will be determined based on the parameters of concern associated with the proposed activity and the portion of the receiving water that would be affected.

2. Are there any reasonable less-degrading alternatives?

There will be an evaluation of whether there are any reasonable non-degrading or less degrading alternatives for the proposed activity. This question will be addressed by the Division based on information provided by the project proponent. Control alternatives for a proposed activity will be evaluated in an effort to avoid or minimize degradation of the receiving water. Alternatives to be considered, evaluated, and implemented to the extent feasible, could include pollutant trading, water conservation, water recycling and reuse, land application, total containment, etc.

For proposed UPDES permitted discharges, the following list of alternatives should be considered, evaluated and implemented to the extent feasible:

(a) innovative or alternative treatment options

- (b) more effective treatment options or higher treatment levels
- (c) connection to other wastewater treatment facilities
- (d) process changes or product or raw material substitution

(e) seasonal or controlled discharge options to minimize discharging during critical water quality periods

- (f) pollutant trading
- (g) water conservation
- (h) water recycle and reuse
- (i) alternative discharge locations or alternative receiving waters
- (j) land application
- (k) total containment
- (l) improved operation and maintenance of existing treatment systems
- (m) other appropriate alternatives

An option more costly than the cheapest alternative may have to be implemented if a substantial benefit to the stream can be realized. Alternatives would generally be considered feasible where costs are no more than 20% higher than the cost of the discharging alternative, and (for POTWs) where the projected per connection service fees are not greater than 1.4% of MAGHI (median adjusted gross household income), the current affordability criterion now being used by the Water Quality Board in the wastewater revolving loan program. Alternatives within these cost ranges should be carefully considered by the discharger. Where State financing is appropriate, a financial assistance package may be influenced by this evaluation, i.e., a less polluting alternative may receive a more favorable funding arrangement in order to make it a more financially attractive alternative.

It must also be recognized in relationship to evaluating options that would avoid or reduce discharges to the stream, that in some situations it may be more beneficial to leave the water in the stream for instream flow purposes than to remove the discharge to the stream.

3. Does the proposed activity have economic and social importance?

Although it is recognized that any activity resulting in a discharge to surface waters will have positive and negative aspects, information must be submitted by the applicant that any discharge or increased discharge will be of economic or social importance in the area.

The factors addressed in such a demonstration may include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) employment (i.e., increasing, maintaining, or avoiding a reduction in employment);

(b) increased production;

(c) improved community tax base;

(d) housing;

(e) correction of an environmental or public health problem; and

(f) other information that may be necessary to determine the social and economic importance of the proposed surface water discharge.

4. The applicant may submit a proposal to mitigate any adverse environmental effects of the proposed activity (e.g., instream habitat improvement, bank stabilization). Such mitigation plans should describe the proposed mitigation measures and the costs of such mitigation. Mitigation plans will not have any effect on effluent limits or conditions included in a permit (except possibly where a previously completed mitigation project has resulted in an improvement in background water quality that affects a water quality-based limit). Such mitigation plans will be developed and implemented by the applicant as a means to further minimize the environmental effects of the proposed activity and to increase its socio-economic importance. An effective mitigation plan may, in some cases, allow the Director to authorize proposed activities that would otherwise not be authorized.

5. Will water quality standards be violated by the discharge?

Proposed activities that will affect the quality of waters of the state will be allowed only where the proposed activity will not violate water quality standards.

6. Will existing uses be maintained and protected?

Proposed activities can only be allowed if "existing uses" will be maintained and protected. No UPDES permit will be allowed which will permit numeric water quality standards to be exceeded in a receiving water outside the mixing zone. In the case of nonpoint pollution sources, the non-regulatory Section 319 program now in place will address these sources through application of best management practices to ensure that numeric water quality standards are not exceeded.

7. If a situation is found where there is an existing use which is a higher use (i.e., more stringent protection requirements) than that current designated use, the Director will apply the water quality standards and anti- degradation policy to protect the existing use. Narrative

criteria may be used as a basis to protect existing uses for parameters where numeric criteria have not been adopted. Procedures to change the stream use designation to recognize the existing use as the designated use would be initiated.

d. Special Procedures for Drinking Water Sources

An Antidegradation Level II Review will be required by the Director for discharges to waters with a Class 1C drinking water use assigned.

Depending upon the locations of the discharge and its proximity to downstream drinking water diversions, additional treatment or more stringent effluent limits or additional monitoring, beyond that which may otherwise be required to meet minimum technology standards or in stream water quality standards, may be required by the Director in order to adequately protect public health and the environment. Such additional treatment may include additional disinfection, suspended solids removal to make the disinfection process more effective, removal of any specific contaminants for which drinking water maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) exists, and/or nutrient removal to reduce the organic content of raw water used as a source for domestic water systems.

Additional monitoring may include analyses for viruses, Giardia, Cryptosporidium, other pathogenic organisms, and/or any contaminant for which drinking water MCLs exist. Depending on the results of such monitoring, more stringent treatment may then be required.

The additional treatment/effluent limits/monitoring which may be required will be determined by the Director after consultation with the Division of Drinking Water and the downstream drinking water users.

e. Public Notice

The public will be provided notice and an opportunity to comment on the conclusions of all completed antidegradation reviews. When possible, public notice on the antidegradation review conclusions will be combined with the public notice on the proposed permitting or certifying action. In the case of UPDES permits, public notice will be provided through the normal permitting process, as all draft permits are public noticed for 30 days, and public comment solicited, before being issued as a final permit. The Statement of Basis for the draft UPDES permit will contain information on how the ADR was addressed including results of the Level I and Level II reviews. In the case of Section 404 permits from the Corps of Engineers, the Division of Water Quality will develop any needed 401 Certifications and the public notice may be published in conjunction with the US Corps of Engineers public notice procedures. Other permits requiring a Level II review will receive a separate public notice according to the normal State public notice procedures.

f. Implementation Procedures

The Director shall establish reasonable protocols and guidelines (1) for completing technical, social, and economic need demonstrations, (2) for review and determination of adequacy of Level II ADRs and (3) for determination of additional treatment requirements. Protocols and guidelines will consider federal guidance and will include input from local governments, the regulated community, and the general public. The Director will inform the Water Quality Board of any protocols or guidelines that are developed.

R317-2-4. Colorado River Salinity Standards.

In addition to quality protection afforded by these rules to waters of the Colorado River and its tributaries, such waters shall be protected also by requirements of "Proposed Water Quality Standards for Salinity including Numeric Criteria and Plan of Implementation for Salinity Control, Colorado River System, June 1975" and a supplement dated August 26, 1975, entitled "Supplement, including Modifications to Proposed Water Quality Standards for Salinity including Numeric Criteria and Plan of Implementation for Salinity including Numeric Criteria and Plan of Implementation for Salinity Control, Colorado River System, June 1975", as approved by the seven Colorado River Basin States and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, as updated by the 1978 Revision and the 1981, 1984, 1987, 1990, 1993, 1996, 1999, 2002, 2005, 2008, and 2011 reviews of the above documents.

R317-2-5. Mixing Zones.

A mixing zone is a limited portion of a body of water, contiguous to a discharge, where dilution is in progress but has not yet resulted in concentrations which will meet certain standards for all pollutants. At no time, however, shall concentrations within the mixing zone be allowed which are acutely lethal as determined by bioassay or other approved procedure. Mixing zones may be delineated for the purpose of guiding sample collection procedures and to determine permitted effluent limits. The size of the chronic mixing zone in rivers and streams shall not to exceed 2500 feet and the size of an acute mixing zone shall not exceed 50% of stream width nor have a residency time of greater than 15 minutes. Streams with a flow equal to or less than twice the flow of a point source discharge may be considered to be totally mixed. The size of the chronic mixing zone in lakes and reservoirs shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing zone shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing zone shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing zone shall not exceed 200 feet and the size of an acute mixing zone shall not exceed 35 feet. Domestic wastewater effluents discharged to mixing zones shall meet effluent requirements specified in R317-1-3.

5.1 Individual Mixing Zones. Individual mixing zones may be further limited or disallowed in consideration of the following factors in the area affected by the discharge:

a. Bioaccumulation in fish tissues or wildlife,

b. Biologically important areas such as fish spawning/nursery areas or segments with occurrences of federally listed threatened or endangered species,

c. Potential human exposure to pollutants resulting from drinking water or recreational activities,

d. Attraction of aquatic life to the effluent plume, where toxicity to the aquatic life is occurring.

e. Toxicity of the substance discharged,

f. Zone of passage for migrating fish or other species (including access to tributaries), or

g. Accumulative effects of multiple discharges and mixing zones.

R317-2-6. Use Designations.

The Board as required by Section 19-5-110, shall group the waters of the state into classes so as to protect against controllable pollution the beneficial uses designated within each class as set forth below. Surface waters of the state are hereby classified as shown in R317-2-13.

6.1 Class 1 -- Protected for use as a raw water source for domestic water systems.

a. Class 1A -- Reserved.

b. Class 1B -- Reserved.

c. Class 1C -- Protected for domestic purposes with prior treatment by treatment processes as required by the Utah Division of Drinking Water

6.2 Class 2 -- Protected for recreational use and aesthetics.

a. Class 2A -- Protected for frequent primary contact recreation where there is a high likelihood of ingestion of water or a high degree of bodily contact with the water. Examples include, but are not limited to, swimming, rafting, kayaking, diving, and water skiing.

b. Class 2B -- Protected for infrequent primary contact recreation. Also protected for secondary contact recreation where there is a low likelihood of ingestion of water or a low degree of bodily contact with the water. Examples include, but are not limited to, wading, hunting, and fishing.

6.3 Class 3 -- Protected for use by aquatic wildlife.

a. Class 3A -- Protected for cold water species of game fish and other cold water aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.

b. Class 3B -- Protected for warm water species of game fish and other warm water aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.

c. Class 3C -- Protected for nongame fish and other aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.

d. Class 3D -- Protected for waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife not included in Classes 3A, 3B, or 3C, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.

e. Class 3E -- Severely habitat-limited waters. Narrative standards will be applied to protect these waters for aquatic wildlife.

6.4 Class 4 -- Protected for agricultural uses including irrigation of crops and stock watering.

6.5 Class 5 -- The Great Salt Lake.

a. Class 5A Gilbert Bay

Geographical Boundary -- All open waters at or below approximately 4,208-foot elevation south of the Union Pacific Causeway, excluding all of the Farmington Bay south of the Antelope Island Causeway and salt evaporation ponds.

Beneficial Uses -- Protected for frequent primary and secondary contact recreation, waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife including their necessary food chain.

b. Class 5B Gunnison Bay

Geographical Boundary -- All open waters at or below approximately 4,208-foot elevation north of the Union Pacific Causeway and west of the Promontory Mountains, excluding salt evaporation ponds.

Beneficial Uses -- Protected for infrequent primary and secondary contact recreation, waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife including their necessary food chain.

c. Class 5C Bear River Bay

Geographical Boundary -- All open waters at or below approximately 4,208-foot elevation north of the Union Pacific Causeway and east of the Promontory Mountains, excluding salt evaporation ponds.

Beneficial Uses -- Protected for infrequent primary and secondary contact recreation, waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife including their necessary food chain.

d. Class 5D Farmington Bay

Geographical Boundary -- All open waters at or below approximately 4,208-foot elevation east of Antelope Island and south of the Antelope Island Causeway, excluding salt evaporation ponds.

Beneficial Uses -- Protected for infrequent primary and secondary contact recreation, waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife including their necessary food chain.

e. Class 5E Transitional Waters along the Shoreline of the Great Salt Lake Geographical Boundary -- All waters below approximately 4,208-foot elevation to the current lake elevation of the open water of the Great Salt Lake receiving their source water from naturally occurring springs and streams, impounded wetlands, or facilities requiring a UPDES permit. The geographical areas of these transitional waters change corresponding to the fluctuation of open water elevation.

Beneficial Uses -- Protected for infrequent primary and secondary contact recreation, waterfowl, shore birds and other water-oriented wildlife including their necessary food chain.

R317-2-7. Water Quality Standards.

7.1 Application of Standards

The numeric criteria listed in R317-2-14 shall apply to each of the classes assigned to waters of the State as specified in R317-2-6. It shall be unlawful and a violation of these rules for any person to discharge or place any wastes or other substances in such manner as may interfere with designated uses protected by assigned classes or to cause any of the applicable standards to be violated, except as provided in R317-1-3.1. At a minimum, assessment of the beneficial use support for waters of the state will be conducted biennially and available for a 30-day period of public comment and review. Monitoring locations and target indicators of water quality standards shall be prioritized and published yearly. For water quality assessment purposes, up to 10 percent of the representative samples may exceed the minimum or maximum criteria for dissolved oxygen, pH, E. coli, total dissolved solids, and temperature, including situations where such criteria have been adopted on a site-specific basis. Site-specific standards may be adopted by rulemaking where biomonitoring data, bioassays, or other scientific analyses indicate that the statewide criterion is over or under protective of the designated uses or where natural or un-alterable conditions or other factors as defined in 40 CFR 131.10(g) prevent the attainment of the statewide criteria as prescribed in Subsections R317-2-7.2, and R317-2-7.3, and Section R317-2-14.

7.2 Narrative Standards

It shall be unlawful, and a violation of these rules, for any person to discharge or place any waste or other substance in such a way as will be or may become offensive such as unnatural

deposits, floating debris, oil, scum or other nuisances such as color, odor or taste; or cause conditions which produce undesirable aquatic life or which produce objectionable tastes in edible aquatic organisms; or result in concentrations or combinations of substances which produce undesirable physiological responses in desirable resident fish, or other desirable aquatic life, or undesirable human health effects, as determined by bioassay or other tests performed in accordance with standard procedures; or determined by biological assessments in Subsection R317-2-7.3.

7.3 Biological Water Quality Assessment and Criteria

Waters of the State shall be free from human-induced stressors which will degrade the beneficial uses as prescribed by the biological assessment processes and biological criteria set forth below:

a. Quantitative biological assessments may be used to assess whether the purposes and designated uses identified in R317-2-6 are supported.

b. The results of the quantitative biological assessments may be used for purposes of water quality assessment, including, but not limited to, those assessments required by 303(d) and 305(b) of the federal Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1313(d) and 1315(b)).

c. Quantitative biological assessments shall use documented methods that have been subject to technical review and produce consistent, objective and repeatable results that account for methodological uncertainty and natural environmental variability.

d. If biological assessments reveal a biologically degraded water body, specific pollutants responsible for the degradation will not be formally published (i.e., Biennial Integrated Report, TMDL) until a thorough evaluation of potential causes, including nonchemical stressors (e.g., habitat degradation or hydrological modification or criteria described in 40 CFR 131.10 (g)(1 - 6) as defined by the Use Attainability Analysis process), has been conducted.

R317-2-8. Protection of Downstream Uses.

All actions to control waste discharges under these rules shall be modified as necessary to protect downstream designated uses.

R317-2-9. Intermittent Waters.

Failure of a stream to meet water quality standards when stream flow is either unusually high or less than the 7-day, 10-year minimum flow shall not be cause for action against persons discharging wastes which meet both the requirements of R317-1 and the requirements of applicable permits.

R317-2-10. Laboratory and Field Analyses.

10.1 Laboratory Analyses

All laboratory examinations of samples collected to determine compliance with these regulations shall be performed in accordance with standard procedures as approved by the Director by the Utah Office of State Health Laboratory or by a laboratory certified by the Utah Department of Health.

10.2 Field Analyses

All field analyses to determine compliance with these rules shall be conducted in accordance with standard procedures specified by the Utah Division of Water Quality.

R317-2-11. Public Participation.

Public hearings will be held to review all proposed revisions of water quality standards, designations and classifications, and public meetings may be held for consideration of discharge requirements set to protect water uses under assigned classifications.

R317-2-12. Category 1 and Category 2 Waters.

12.1 Category 1 Waters.

In addition to assigned use classes, the following surface waters of the State are hereby designated as Category 1 Waters:

a. All surface waters geographically located within the outer boundaries of U.S. National Forests whether on public or private lands with the following exceptions:

1. Category 2 Waters as listed in R317-2-12.2.

2. Weber River, a tributary to the Great Salt Lake, in the Weber River Drainage from Uintah to Mountain Green.

b. Other surface waters, which may include segments within U.S. National Forests as follows:

1. Colorado River Drainage

Calf Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Escalante River to headwaters.

Sand Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Escalante River to headwaters.

Mamie Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Escalante River to headwaters.

Deer Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Boulder Creek to headwaters (Garfield County).

Indian Creek and tributaries, through Newspaper Rock State Park to headwaters.

2. Green River Drainage

Price River (Lower Fish Creek from confluence with White River to Scofield Dam.

Range Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters.

Strawberry River and tributaries, from confluence with Red Creek to headwaters.

Ashley Creek and tributaries, from Steinaker diversion to headwaters.

Jones Hole Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters.

Green River, from state line to Flaming Gorge Dam.

Tollivers Creek, from confluence with Green River to headwaters.

Allen Creek, from confluence with Green River to headwaters.

3. Virgin River Drainage

North Fork Virgin River and tributaries, from confluence with East Fork Virgin River to headwaters.

East Fork Virgin River and tributaries from confluence with North Fork Virgin River to headwaters.

4. Kanab Creek Drainage

Kanab Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion at confluence with Reservoir Canyon to headwaters.

5. Bear River Drainage

Swan Creek and tributaries, from Bear Lake to headwaters.

North Eden Creek, from Upper North Eden Reservoir to headwaters.

Big Creek and tributaries, from Big Ditch diversion to headwaters.

Woodruff Creek and tributaries, from Woodruff diversion to headwaters.

6. Weber River Drainage

Burch Creek and tributaries, from Harrison Boulevard in Ogden to headwaters.

Hardscrabble Creek and tributaries, from confluence with East Canyon Creek to headwaters.

Chalk Creek and tributaries, from Main Street in Coalville to headwaters.

Weber River and tributaries, from Utah State Route 32 near Oakley to headwaters.

7. Jordan River Drainage

City Creek and tributaries, from City Creek Water Treatment Plant to headwaters (Salt Lake County).

Emigration Creek and tributaries, from Hogle Zoo to headwaters (Salt Lake County).

Red Butte Creek and tributaries, from Foothill Boulevard in Salt Lake City to headwaters.

Parley's Creek and tributaries, from 13th East in Salt Lake City to headwaters.

Mill Creek and tributaries, from Wasatch Boulevard in Salt Lake City to headwaters.

Big Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from Wasatch Boulevard in Salt Lake City to headwaters.

Little Willow Creek and tributaries, from diversion to headwaters (Salt Lake County.)

Bell Canyon Creek and tributaries, from Lower Bells Canyon Reservoir to headwaters (Salt Lake County).

South Fork of Dry Creek and tributaries, from Draper Irrigation Company diversion to headwaters (Salt Lake County).

8. Provo River Drainage

Upper Falls drainage above Provo City diversion (Utah County).

Bridal Veil Falls drainage above Provo City diversion (Utah County).

Lost Creek and tributaries, above Provo City diversion (Utah County).

9. Sevier River Drainage

Chicken Creek and tributaries, from diversion at canyon mouth to headwaters.

Pigeon Creek and tributaries, from diversion to headwaters.

East Fork of Sevier River and tributaries, from Kingston diversion to headwaters.

Parowan Creek and tributaries, from Parowan City to headwaters.

Summit Creek and tributaries, from Summit City to headwaters.

Braffits Creek and tributaries, from canyon mouth to headwaters.

Right Hand Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Coal Creek to headwaters.

10. Raft River Drainage

Clear Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters (Box Elder County).

Birch Creek (Box Elder County), from state line to headwaters.

Cotton Thomas Creek from confluence with South Junction Creek to headwaters.

11. Western Great Salt Lake Drainage

All streams on the south slope of the Raft River Mountains above 7000' mean sea level.

Donner Creek (Box Elder County), from irrigation diversion to Utah-Nevada state line.

Bettridge Creek (Box Elder County), from irrigation diversion to Utah-Nevada state line.

Clover Creek, from diversion to headwaters.

All surface waters on public land on the Deep Creek Mountains.

12. Farmington Bay Drainage

Holmes Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters (Davis County).

Shepard Creek and tributaries, from Haight Bench diversion to headwaters (Davis County).

Farmington Creek and tributaries, from Haight Bench Canal diversion to headwaters (Davis County).

Steed Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters (Davis County).

12.2 Category 2 Waters.

In addition to assigned use classes, the following surface waters of the State are hereby designated as Category 2 Waters:

a. Green River Drainage

Deer Creek, a tributary of Huntington Creek, from the forest boundary to 4800 feet upstream.

Electric Lake.

R317-2-13. Classification of Waters of the State (see R317-2-6).

a. Colorado River Drainage

13.1 Upper Colorado River Basin

			TABLE	
Paria River and tributaries, from state line to headwaters		2в	3C	4
All tributaries to Lake Powell, except as listed below Tributaries to Escalante River from confluence with Boulder Creek to		2в	3B	4
headwaters, including Boulder Creek		2B 3 <i>I</i>	J	4
Dirty Devil River and tributaries, from Lake Powell to Fremont River		2В	3C	4
Deer Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Boulder Creek to headwaters		2B 37	A	4
Fremont River and tributaries, from confluence with Muddy Creek to Capitol				
Reef National Park, except as listed below	1C	2в	3C	4
Pleasant Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Fremont River to East boundary of Capitol Reef National Park		2в	3C	4
Pleasant Creek and tributaries, from East boundary of Capitol Reef National Park to headwaters	1C	2B 37	A	
Fremont River and tributaries, through Capitol Reef National Park to				
headwaters	1C 2A	37	J	4
Muddy Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Fremont River to Highway U-10 crossing, except as listed below		2в	3C	4
Quitchupah Creek and				

	ibutaries, from Highway 10 crossing to headwaters			2в	ЗA			4
fro hea Muddy from H	ie Creek and tributaries, om Highway U-10 to adwaters Creek and tributaries, Highway U-10 crossing adwaters	1C			3A 3A			4
Tribut Powell	aan River and caries, from Lake L to state line except As d below:	1C	2A			3в		4
tr wi	ohnson Creek and ributaries, from confluence ith Recapture Creek to eadwaters	1C		2в	ЗA			4
fr to	erdure Creek and tributaries, com Highway US-191 crossing o headwaters orth Creek and tributaries,			2в	ЗA			4
fr	com confluence with Montezuma reek to headwaters	1C		2в	ЗA			4
fr	outh Creek and tributaries, com confluence with Montezuma reek to headwaters	1C		2в	3A			4
fr	oring Creek and tributaries, com confluence with Vega reek to headwaters			2В	3A			4
fr	ontezuma Creek and tributaries, com U.S. Highway 191 to eadwaters	1C		2в	ЗA			4
from I	ado River and tributaries, Lake Powell to state line t as listed below	1C	2A			3В		4
	Indian Creek and tributaries, through Newspaper Rock State Park to headwaters	1C		2в	3A			4
	Kane Canyon Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Colorado River to headwaters			2B			3C	4
	Mill Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Colorado River to headwaters	1C		2В	ЗA			4
	Dolores River and tributaries,							

from confluence with Colorado River to state line		2в		3C	4
Roc Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Dolores River to headwaters		2в 3	3A		4
LaSal Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters		2в 3	3A		4
Lion Canyon Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters		2в 3	3A		4
Little Dolores River and tributaries, from confluence with Colorado River to state line		2в		3C	4
Bitter Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Colorado River to headwaters		2в		3C	4
b. Green River Drainage			T	ABLE	
Green River and tributaries, from confluence with Colorado River to state line except as listed below:	1C 2A		3В		4
Thompson Creek and tributaries from Interstate Highway 70 to headwaters		2в		3C	4
San Rafael River and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to confluence with Ferron Creek Ferron Creek and tributaries,		2в		3C	4
from confluence with San Rafael River to Millsite					
Reservoir		2B		3C	4
Ferron Creek and tributaries, from Millsite Reservoir to headwaters Huntington Creek and tributaries, from confluence	1C	2в 3	3A		4
with Cottonwood Creek to Highway U-10 crossing		2в		3C	4
Huntington Creek and tributaries, from Highway U-10 crossing to headwaters	1C	2в 3	3A		4

Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Huntington Creek to 2B 3C 4 Highway U-57 crossing Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from Highway U-57 crossing to headwaters 1C 2B 3A Cottonwood Canal, Emery County 1C 2в 3E 4 Price River and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to Carbon Canal Diversion at Price City Golf Course 2B 3C 4 Except as listed below Grassy Trail Creek and tributaries, from Grassy Trail Creek Reservoir to 1C 2B 3A headwaters Price River and tributaries, from Carbon Canal Diversion at Price City Golf Course to Price City Water 2B 3A Treatment Plant intake. 4 Price River and tributaries, from Price City Water Treatment Plant intake to headwaters 1C 2B 3A Range Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to Range Creek Ranch 2B 3A Range Creek and tributaries, from Range Creek Ranch to headwaters 1C 2B 3A Rock Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters 2B 3A Nine Mile Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters 2B 3A Pariette Draw and tributaries, from confluence 2B 3B 3D 4 with Green River to headwaters Willow Creek and tributaries (Uintah County), from

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confluence with Green River 2B 3A to headwaters

White River and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to state line, except as listed below		2B	3В		4
Bitter Creek and Tributaries from White River to Headwaters		2B 3A			4
Duchesne River and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to Myton Water Treatment Plant intake, except as listed below		2В	ЗВ		4
Uinta River and tributaries, From confluence with Duchesne River to Highway US-40 crossing		2в	3в		4
Uinta River and tributaries, From Highway US-4- crossing to headwaters		2B 3A			4
Power House Canal from Confluence with Uinta River to headwaters		2B 3A			4
Whiterocks River and Canal, From Tridell Water Treatment Plant to Headwaters	1C	2B 3A			4
Duchesne River and tributaries, from Myton Water Treatment Plant intake to headwaters	1C	2b 3a			4
Lake Fork River and tributaries, from confluence with Duchesne River to headwaters	1C	2b 3a			4
Lake Fork Canal from Dry Gulch Canal Diversion to Moon Lake	1C	2B 31		ЗE	
Dry Gulch Canal, from Myton Water Treatment Plant to Lake Fork Canal	1C	2в		3E	
Ashley Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to Steinaker diversion		2В	3в		4
Ashley Creek and tributaries, from Steinaker diversion to					

	headwaters	1C	2B	ЗA		4
	Big Brush Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to Tyzack (Red Fleet) Dam		2в		3в	4
	Big Brush Creek and tributaries, from Tyzack (Red Fleet) Dam to headwaters	1C	2в	ЗA		4
	Jones Hole Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters		2в	ЗA		
	Diamond Gulch Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to headwaters		2в	ЗA		4
	Pot Creek and tributaries, from Crouse Reservoir to headwaters		2в	ЗA		4
Utał	en River and tributaries, from n-Colorado state line to Flaming Gor except as listed below:		2A	3A		4
	Sears Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	ЗA		
	Tolivers Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	3A		
	Red Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Green River to state line		2в		3C	4
	Jackson Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	3A		
	Davenport Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	3A		
	Goslin Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	ЗA		
	Gorge Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2B	3A		
	Beaver Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2в	ЗA		
	O-Wi-Yu-Kuts Creek and tributaries, Daggett County		2В	3A		

Tributaries to Flaming Gorge Reservoir, except as listed below		2B 3A		4
Birch Spring Draw and tributaries, from Flaming Gorge Reservoir to headwaters		2В	3C	4
Spring Creek and tributaries, from Flaming Gorge Reservoir to headwaters		2b 3a		
All Tributaries of Flaming Gorge Reservoir from Utah-Wyoming state line to headwaters		2b 3a		4
13.2 Lower Colorado River Basin				
a. Virgin River Drainage				
			TABLE	
Beaver Dam Wash and tributaries, from Motoqua to headwaters		2в	3в	4
Virgin River and tributaries from state line to Quail Creek diversion except as listed below		2B	3в	4
Santa Clara River from confluence with Virgin River to Gunlock Reservoir	1C	2в	3в	4
Santa Clara River and tributaries, from Gunlock Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Leed's Creek, from confluence with Quail Creek to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Quail Creek from Quail Creek Reservoir to headwaters	1C	2B 3A		4
Ash Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Virgin River to Ash Creek Reservoir		2B 3A		4
Ash Creek and tributaries, From Ash Creek Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Virgin River and tributaries, from the Quail Creek diversion to headwaters, except as listed below	1C	2в	3C	4
Nouth Doub Vingin Dinou and				

North Fork Virgin River and

tributaries	1C 2A	37	ł		4	
East Fork Virgin River, from town of Glendale to headwaters	2	в 32	A		4	
Kolob Creek, from confluence with Virgin River to headwaters	2	в 32	A		4	
b. Kanab Creek Drainage						
			TA	BLE		
Kanab Creek and tributaries, from state line to irrigation diversion at confluence with Reservoir Canyon	2	В		3C	4	
Kanab Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion at confluence with Reservoir Canyon to headwaters	2	в 32	ł		4	
Johnson Wash and tributaries, from state line to confluence with Skutumpah Canyon	2	в		3C	4	
Johnson Wash and tributaries, from confluence with Skutumpah Canyon to headwaters	2	в 32	A		4	
13.3 Bear River Basin						
a. Bear River Drainage						
		TABLE				
Bear River and tributaries, from Great Salt Lake to Utah-Idaho border, except as listed below:	2	в	3B	3D	4	
Perry Canyon Creek from U.S. Forest boundary to headwaters	2	в 32	A		4	
Box Elder Creek from confluence with Black Slough to Brigham City Reservoir (the Mayor's Pond)	2	в		3C	4	
Box Elder Creek, from Brigham City Reservoir (the Mayor's Pond) to headwaters	2	в 32	ł		4	
Salt Creek, from confluence with Bear River to Crystal Hot Springs	2	в	3в	3D		
Malad River and tributaries, from confluence with Bear River						

to state line		2B		3C	
Little Bear River and tributaries, from Cutler Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3	A	3D	4
Logan River and tributaries, from Cutler Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3	A	3D	4
Blacksmith Fork and tributaries, from confluence with Logan River to headwaters		2B 3	A		4
Newton Creek and tributaries, from Cutler Reservoir to Newton Reservoir		2B 3	A		4
Clarkston Creek and tributaries, from Newton Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3	A		4
Birch Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Clarkston Creek to headwaters		2B 3	A		4
Summit Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Bear River to headwaters		2B 3	A		4
Cub River and tributaries, from confluence with Bear River to state line, except as listed below:		2в	3В		4
High Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Cub River to headwaters		2B 3	A		4
All tributaries to Bear Lake from Bear Lake to headwaters, except as listed below		2B 3	A		4
Swan Springs tributary to Swan Creek	1C	2B 3	A		
Bear River and tributaries in Rich County		2B 3	A		4
Bear River and tributaries, from Utah-Wyoming state line to headwaters (Summit County)		2B 3	A		4
Mill Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters (Summit County)		2B 3	A		4

TABLE

13.4 Weber River Basin

a. Weber River Drainage

Willard Creek, from Willard Bay Reservoir to headwaters	2в	ЗA		4
Weber River, from Great Salt Lake to except as listed below:	Slaterville 2B		ion, 3D 4	
Four Mile Creek from I-15 To headwaters	2в	3A		4
Weber River and tributaries, from Slaterville diversion to Stoddard diversion, except as listed below	2в	ЗА		4
Ogden River and tributaries, From confluence with Weber River To Pineview Dam, except as listed Below	2A	ЗА		4
Wheeler Creek from Confluence with Ogden River to headwaters	1C 2B	3A		4
All tributaries to Pineview Reservoir	1C 2B	ЗA		4
Strongs Canyon Creek and Tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C 2B	3A		4
Burch Creek and tributaries, from Harrison Boulevard in Ogden to Headwaters		3A		
Spring Creek and tributaries, From U.S. National Forest Boundary to headwaters	1C 2B	ЗА		4
Weber River and tributaries, from Stoddard diversion to headwaters	1C 2B	ЗА		4
13.5 Utah Lake-Jordan River Basin				
a. Jordan River Drainage				
		TAI	BLE	
Jordan River, from Farmington Bay to North Temple Street, Salt Lake City	2в	3B ,	* 3D	4

State Canal, from Farmington Bay to confluence with the Jordan River		2в	3B *	- 3E)	4
Jordan River, from North Temple Street in Salt Lake City to confluence with Little Cottonwood Creek		2в	3B *	÷		4
Surplus Canal from Great Salt Lake to the diversion from the Jordan River		2в	3B *	3E)	4
Jordan River from confluence with Little Cottonwood Creek to Narrows Diversion		2B 3A				4
Jordan River, from Narrows Diversion to Utah Lake	1C	2в	3в			4
City Creek, from Memory Park in Salt Lake City to City Creek Water Treatment Plant		2B 3A				
City Creek, from City Creek Water Treatment Plant to headwaters	1C	2B 3A				
Red Butte Creek and tributaries from Liberty Park pond inlet to Red Butte Reservoir		2B 3A				4
Red Butte Creek and tributaries, from Red Butte Reservoir to headwaters	1C	2B 3A				
Emigration Creek and tributaries, from 1100 East in Salt Lake City to headwaters		2B 3A				4
Parley's Creek and tributaries, from 1300 East in Salt Lake City to Mountain Dell Reservoir	1C	2B 3A				
Parley's Creek and tributaries, from Mountain Dell Reservoir to headwaters	1C	2B 3A				
Mill Creek (Salt Lake County) from confluence with Jordan River to Interstate Highway 15		2в	3	BC		4
Mill Creek (Salt Lake County) and tributaries from Interstate Highway 15 to headwaters		2B 3A				4
Big Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from confluence						

with Jordan River to Big Cottonwood Water Treatment Plant		2в	ЗA			4
Big Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from Big Cottonwood Water Treatment Plant to headwaters	1C	2в	3A			
Deaf Smith Canyon Creek and						4
tributaries	1C	2В	ЗA			4
Little Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from confluence with Jordan River to Metropolitan Water Treatment Plant		2в	ЗA			4
Little Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, from Metropolitan Water Treatment Plant to						
headwaters	1C	2в	3A			
Bell Canyon Creek and tributaries, from lower Bell's Canyon reservoir to headwaters	1C	2в	ЗA			
Little Willow Creek and tributaries, from Draper Irrigation Company diversion to headwaters Big Willow Creek and tributaries,	1C	2в	ЗA			
from Draper Irrigation Company diversion to headwaters	1C	2в	3A			
South Fork of Dry Creek and tributaries, from Draper						
Irrigation Company diversion to headwaters	1C	2В	ЗA			
All permanent streams on east slope of Oquirrh Mountains (Coon, Barney's, Bingham, Butterfield,		<u> </u>			0-	
and Rose Creeks)		2B			3D	4
Kersey Creek from confluence of C-7 Ditch to headwaters		2В			3D	
* Site specific criteria for dissolved	oxygen	. s	ee	Table	2.14	1.5.
b. Provo River Drainage						
				TABL	Ξ	
Provo River and tributaries, from Utah Lake to Murdock						

from Utah Lake to Murdock diversion Provo River and tributaries,

from Murdock Diversion to

2B 3A 4

headwaters, except as listed below	1C	2b 3a		4
Upper Falls drainage above Provo City diversion	1C	2B 3A		
Bridal Veil Falls drainage above Provo City diversion	1C	2B 3A		
Lost Creek and tributaries above Provo City diversion	1C	2B 3A		
c. Utah Lake Drainage				
			TABLE	
Dry Creek and tributaries (above Alpine), from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters		2b 3a		4
American Fork Creek and tributaries, from diversion at				
mouth of American Fork Canyon to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Spring Creek and tributaries, from Utah Lake near Lehi to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Lindon Hollow Creek and tributaries, from Utah Lake to headwaters		2в	3в	4
Rock Canyon Creek and tributaries (East of Provo) from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2B 3A		4
Mill Race (except from Interstate Highway 15 to the Provo City WWTP discharge) and tributaries from Utah Lake to headwaters		2в	3в	4
Mill Race from Interstate Highway 15 to the Provo City wastewater treatment plant discharge		2в	3в	4
Spring Creek and tributaries from Utah Lake (Provo Bay) to 50 feet upstream from the east boundary of the Industrial Parkway Road Right-of-way		2в	Зв	4
Tributary to Spring Creek (Utah County) which receives the Springville City WWTP effluent from confluence with Spring Creek to headwaters		2B 2B	3Б 3D	
Spring Creek and tributaries from				Ţ

50 feet upstream from the east

boundary of the Industrial Parkway Road right-of-way to the headwaters	2в	ЗA					4
Ironton Canal from Utah Lake (Provo Bay) to the east boundary of the Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad right-of-way	2в			3C			4
Ironton Canal from the east boundary of the Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad right-of-way to the point	2.5	0 4					Δ
of diversion from Spring Creek	2B	3A					4
Hobble Creek and tributaries, from Utah Lake to headwaters Dry Creek and tributaries from Utab Lake (Prove Pau) to	2в	ЗA					4
Utah Lake (Provo Bay) to Highway-US 89	2В					3E	4
Dry Creek and tributaries from Highway-US 89 to headwaters	2в	ЗA					4
Spanish Fork River and tributaries, from Utah Lake to diversion at Moark Junction	2в		3в		3D		4
Spanish Fork River and tributaries, from diversion at Moark Junction to headwaters	2в	ЗA					4
Benjamin Slough and tributaries from Utah Lake to headwaters, except as listed below	2в		3в				4
Beer Creek (Utah County) from 4850 West (in NE1/4NE1/4 sec. 36, T.8 S., R.1 E.) to							
headwaters	2В			3C			4
Salt Creek, from Nephi diversion to headwaters	2В	ЗA					4
Currant Creek, from mouth of Goshen Canyon to Mona Reservoir	20	ЗA					4
Reservoir Currant Creek, from Mona Reservoir to headwaters		3A					4
Peteetneet Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion above Maple Dell to headwaters Summit Creek and tributaries (above Santaquin), from U.S. National Forest boundary to	2В	ЗА					4

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headwaters	2B 3A	4
All other permanent streams entering Utah Lake	2в	3B 4
13.6 Sevier River Basin		
a. Sevier River Drainage		
		TABLE
Sevier River and tributaries from Sevier Lake to Gunnison Bend Reservoir to U.S.National Forest boundary except	0.5	
as listed below	2в	3C 4
Beaver River and tributaries from Minersville City to headwaters	2B 3A	4
Little Creek and tributaries, From irrigation diversion to Headwaters	2B 3A	4
Pinto Creek and tributaries, From Newcastle Reservoir to Headwaters	2B 3A	4
Coal Creek and tributaries	2b 3a	4
Summit Creek and tributaries	2B 3A	4
Parowan Creek and tributaries	2B 3A	4
Tributaries to Sevier River from Sevier Lake to Gunnison Bend Reservoir from U.S.		
National Forest boundary to headwaters, including:	2B 3A	4
Pioneer Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Chalk Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Meadow Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Corn Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Sevier River and tributaries below U.S. National Forest boundary from Gunnison Bend Reservoir to Annabella Diversion except as listed below	2B .	3в 4

Oak Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Round Valley Creek and tributaries, Millard County	2B 3A	4
Judd Creek and tributaries, Juab County	2B 3A	4
Meadow Creek and tributaries, Juab County	2B 3A	4
Cherry Creek and tributaries Juab County	2B 3A	4
Tanner Creek and tributaries, Juab County	2в	3E 4
Baker Hot Springs, Juab County	2B	3D 4
Chicken Creek and tributaries, Juab County San Pitch River and tributaries, from confluence with Sevier River to Highway	2B 3A	4
U-132 crossing except As listed below:	2B	3C 3D 4
Twelve Mile Creek (South Creek) and tributaries, from U.S. Forest Service boundary to headwaters	2b 3a	4
Six Mile Creek and tributaries, Sanpete County	2B 3A	4
Manti Creek (South Creek) and tributaries, from U.S. Forest Service boundary to headwaters	2B 3A	4
Ephraim Creek (Cottonwood Creek) and tributaries, from U.S. Forest Service to headwaters	2B 3A	4
Oak Creek and tributaries, from U.S. Forest Service boundary near Spring City to headwaters	2B 3A	4
Fountain Green Creek and tributaries, from U.S. Forest Service boundary to headwaters	2B 3A	4
San Pitch River and tributaries,		

from Highway U-132 crossing to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Tributaries to Sevier River from Gunnison Bend Reservoir to Annabelle Diversion from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Sevier River and tributaries, from Annabella diversion to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Monroe Creek and tributaries, from diversion to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Little Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Pinto Creek and tributaries, from Newcastle Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Coal Creek and tributaries		2B 3A		4
Summit Creek and tributaries		2B 3A		4
Parowan Creek and tributaries		2B 3A		4
Duck Creek and tributaries	1C	2B 3A		4
13.7 Great Salt Lake Basin				
a. Western Great Salt Lake Drainage				
			TABLE	
Grouse Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2b 3a		4
Muddy Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2b 3a		4
Dove Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2b 3a		4
Pine Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2B 3A		4
Rock Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2b 3a		4
Fisher Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2B 3A		4

Dunn Creek and tributaries, Box

Elder County		2B 3A			4
Indian Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2B 3A			4
Tenmile Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County		2B 3A			4
Curlew (Deep) Creek, Box Elder County		2B 3A	L		4
Blue Creek and tributaries, from Great Salt Lake to Blue Creek Reservoir		2в		3D	4
Blue Creek and tributaries, from Blue Creek Reservoir to headwaters		2в	3в		4
All perennial streams on the east slope of the Pilot Mountain Range	1C	2B 3A			4
Donner Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion to Utah-Nevada state line		2B 3A			4
Bettridge Creek and tributaries, from irrigation diversion to Utah-Nevada state line		2B 3A			4
North Willow Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
South Willow Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Hickman Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Barlow Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Clover Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Faust Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Vernon Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Ophir Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B 3A			4
Soldier Creek and Tributaries from the Drinking Water Treatment Facility Headwaters, Tooele					

County	1C	2B	ЗA				4
Settlement Canyon Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2В	ЗA				4
Middle Canyon Creek and tributaries, Tooele County		2B	ЗA				4
Tank Wash and tributaries, Tooele County		2В	ЗA				4
Basin Creek and tributaries, Juab and Tooele Counties		2В	ЗA				4
Thomas Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2В	ЗA				4
Indian Farm Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2в	ЗA				4
Cottonwood Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2в	ЗA				4
Red Cedar Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2в	ЗA				4
Granite Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2В	ЗA				4
Trout Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2в	ЗA				4
Birch Creek and tributaries, Juab County		2В	ЗA				4
Deep Creek and tributaries, from Rock Spring Creek to headwaters, Juab and Tooele Counties		2B	32				4
Cold Spring, Juab County		2.B	-		3C	3D	1
Cane Spring, Juab County		2в			3C		
Lake Creek, from Garrison (Pruess) Reservoir to Nevada state line		2в	ЗA				4
Snake Creek and tributaries, Millard County		2В		3в			4
Salt Marsh Spring Complex, Millard County		2в	ЗA				
Twin Springs, Millard County		2В		3в			
Tule Spring, Millard County		2В			3C	3D	

Coyote Spring Complex, Millard County		2в	3C 3D	
Hamblin Valley Wash and tributaries, from Nevada state line to headwaters (Beaver and Iron Counties)		2в	3D	4
Indian Creek and tributaries, Beaver County, from Indian Creek Reservoir to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Shoal Creek and tributaries, Iron County		2B 3A		4
b. Farmington Bay Drainage				
			TABLE	
Corbett Creek and tributaries, from Highway to headwaters		2b 3a		4
Kays Creek and tributaries, from Farmington Bay to U.S. National Forest boundary		2B	3в	4
North Fork Kays Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters		2B 3A		4
Middle Fork Kays Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2b 3a		4
South Fork Kays Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2b 3a		4
Snow Creek and tributaries		2в	3C	4
Holmes Creek and tributaries, from Farmington Bay to U.S. National Forest boundary		2в	3в	4
Holmes Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2b 3a		4
Baer Creek and tributaries, from Farmington Bay to Interstate Highway 15		2в	3C	4
Baer Creek and tributaries, from Interstate Highway 15 to Highway US-89		2В	3в	4

Baer Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters	1C	2B 32	Α	4
Shepard Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2B 32	A	4
Farmington Creek and tributaries, from Farmington Bay Waterfowl Management Area to U.S. National Forest boundary		2B	3в	4
Farmington Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
Rudd Creek and tributaries, from Davis aqueduct to headwaters		2B 32	Ą	4
Steed Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2B 32	Ą	4
Davis Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters		2B 3	A	4
Lone Pine Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters Ricks Creek and tributaries, from Highway I-15 to headwaters	1C	2B 3. 2B 3.		4 4
Barnard Creek and tributaries, from Highway US-89 to headwaters Parrish Creek and tributaries, from Davis Aqueduct to headwaters		2B 3. 2B 3.		4
Deuel Creek and tributaries, (Centervil Canyon) from Davis Aqueduct to headwaters	le	2B 32	Ą	4
Stone Creek and tributaries, from Farmington Bay Waterfowl Management Area to U.S. National Forest boundary		2B 3.	Ą	4
Stone Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2B 32	Ą	4
Barton Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters		2B 32	Α	4
Mill Creek (Davis County) and tributaries, from confluence with State Canal to U.S. National Forest boundary		2В	ЗВ	4

Mill Creek (Davis County) and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters	1C	2в 3	A	4
North Canyon Creek and tributaries, from U.S. National Forest boundary to headwaters		2B 3	A	4
Howard Slough		2B	3C	4
Hooper Slough		2B	3C	4
Willard Slough		2B	3C	4
Willard Creek to Headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
Chicken Creek to Headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
Cold Water Creek to Headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
One House Creek to Headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
Garner Creek to Headwaters	1C	2B 3	A	4
13.8 Snake River Basin				
0				
a. Raft River Drainage (Box Elder County)				
a. Raft River Drainage (Box Elder County)			TABLE	
a. Raft River Drainage (Box Elder County) Raft River and tributaries		2B 3		4
		2B 3 2B 3	A	4
Raft River and tributaries Clear Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to		-	A	
Raft River and tributaries Clear Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Onemile Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to		2B 3	A A	4
Raft River and tributaries Clear Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Onemile Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters George Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to		2B 3 2B 3	А А А	4
Raft River and tributaries Clear Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Onemile Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters George Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Johnson Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to		2B 3 2B 3 2B 3	А А А	4
Raft River and tributaries Clear Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Onemile Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters George Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Johnson Creek and tributaries, from Utah-Idaho state line to headwaters Birch Creek and tributaries,		2B 3 2B 3 2B 3 2B 3	A A A A	4 4 4

Hardesty Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters	2В	ЗА	4
Meadow Creek and tributaries, from state line to headwaters	2В	ЗА	4

13.9 All irrigation canals and ditches statewide, except as otherwise designated: 2B, 3E, 4

13.10 All drainage canals and ditches statewide, except as otherwise designated: 2B, 3E

13.11 National Wildlife Refuges and State

Waterfowl Management Areas, and other Areas Associated with the Great Salt Lake

	TABLE			
Bear River National Wildlife Refuge, Box Elder County	2В	3В	3D	
Bear River Bay Open Water below approximately 4,208 ft. Transitional Waters approximately 4,208 ft. to Open Water Open Water above approximately 4,208 ft.	2В	3В	3D	5C 5E
Brown's Park Waterfowl Management Area, Daggett County	2B 3A		3D	
Clear Lake Waterfowl Management Area, Millard County	2B	3C	3D	
Desert Lake Waterfowl Management Area, Emery County	2B	3C	3D	
Farmington Bay Waterfowl Management Area, Davis and Salt Lake Counties	2в	3C	3D	
Farmington Bay Open Water below approximately 4,208 ft. Transitional Waters approximately 4,208 ft. to Open Water Open Water above approximately 4,208 ft.	2В	3в	3D	5D 5E
Fish Springs National Wildlife Refuge, Juab County	2в	3C	3D	
Harold Crane Waterfowl Management Area, Box Elder County	2в	3C	3D	
Gilbert Bay				

Open Water below approximately 4,208 ft. Transitional Waters approximately 4,208 ft. to Open Water Open Water above approximately 4,208 ft.	2B	3B	3D	5A 5E
Gunnison Bay	20	50	52	
Open Water below approximately 4,208 ft.				5B
Transitional Waters approximately 4,208 ft. to Open Water				5E
Open Water above approximately 4,208 ft.	2в	3B	3D	
Howard Slough Waterfowl Management Area, Weber County	2В	:	3C 3D	
Locomotive Springs Waterfowl Management Area, Box Elder County Ogden Bay Waterfowl Management	2в	3B	3D	
Area, Weber County	2В	:	3C 3D	
Ouray National Wildlife Refuge, Uintah County	2в	3B	3D	
Powell Slough Waterfowl Management Area, Utah County	2в	:	3C 3D	
Public Shooting Grounds Waterfowl Management Area, Box Elder County	2B		3C 3D	
Salt Creek Waterfowl Management Area, Box Elder County	2B		3C 3D	
Stewart Lake Waterfowl Management Area, Uintah County	2в	3в	3D	
Timpie Springs Waterfowl Management Area, Tooele County	2в	3в	3D	

13.12 Lakes and Reservoirs. All lakes and any reservoirs greater than 10 acres not listed in 13.12 are assigned by default to the classification of the stream with which they are associated.

		TABL	E	
Anderson Meadow Reservoir	2в	ЗA		4
Manderfield Reservoir	2В	3A		4
LaBaron Reservoir	2в	ЗA		4
Kent's Lake	2В	3A		4
Minersville Reservoir	2в	ЗA	3D	4

a. Beaver County

Puffer Lake			2B	3A			
Three Creeks Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
b. Box Elder County							
					TABLE	Ξ	
Cutler Reservoir (including portion in Cache County)			2В		3B	3D	4
Etna Reservoir			2в	ЗA			4
Lynn Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
Mantua Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
Willard Bay Reservoir	1C	2A			3в	3D	4
c. Cache County							
					TABLE	Ξ	
Hyrum Reservoir		2A		ЗA			4
Newton Reservoir			2в	ЗA			4
Porcupine Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
Pelican Pond			2В		3в		4
Tony Grove Lake			2в	ЗA			4
d. Carbon County							
					TABLE	Ξ	
Grassy Trail Creek Reservoir	1C		2в	ЗA			4
Olsen Pond			2В		3в		4
Scofield Reservoir	1C		2в	ЗA			4
e. Daggett County							
					TABLE	Ξ	
Browne Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
Daggett Lake			2В	ЗA			4
Flaming Gorge Reservoir (Utah portion)	1C	2A		ЗA			4
Long Park Reservoir	1C		2B	ЗA			4

Sheep Creek Reservoir		2B 32	A	4
Spirit Lake		2B 32	A	4
Upper Potter Lake		2B 32	A	4
f. Davis County				
			TABLE	
Farmington Ponds		2B 32	A	4
Kaysville Highway Ponds		2B 3	Ą	4
Holmes Creek Reservoir		2в	3В	4
g. Duchesne County				
			TABLE	
Allred Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Atwine Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Atwood Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Betsy Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Big Sandwash Reservoir	1C	2B 32	Ą	4
Bluebell Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Brown Duck Reservoir		2B 32	Ą	4
Butterfly Lake		2B 32	A	4
Cedarview Reservoir		2B 32	A	4
Chain Lake #1		2B 32	Α	4
Chepeta Lake		2B 32	Α	4
Clements Reservoir		2B 32	Α	4
Cleveland Lake		2B 3	Ą	4
Cliff Lake		2B 32	Α	4
Continent Lake		2B 3	Ą	4
Crater Lake		2B 32	Ą	4
Crescent Lake		2в 32	Ą	4
Daynes Lake		2B 32	A	4

Dean Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Doll Lake		2в	ЗA		4
Drift Lake		2в	ЗA		4
Elbow Lake		2в	ЗA		4
Farmer's Lake		2в	ЗA		4
Fern Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Fish Hatchery Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Five Point Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Fox Lake Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Governor's Lake		2B	ЗA		4
Granddaddy Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Hoover Lake		2B	ЗA		4
Island Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Jean Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Jordan Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Kidney Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Kidney Lake West		2В	ЗA		4
Lily Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Midview Reservoir (Lake Boreham)		2В		3в	4
Milk Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Mirror Lake		2в	ЗA		4
Mohawk Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Moon Lake	1C 2A		ЗA		4
North Star Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Palisade Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Pine Island Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Pinto Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Pole Creek Lake		2В	ЗA		4

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Potter's Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Powell Lake			2в	ЗA		4
Pyramid Lake		2A		ЗA		4
Queant Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Rainbow Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Red Creek Reservoir			2В	ЗA		4
Rudolph Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Scout Lake		2A		ЗA		4
Spider Lake			2в	3A		4
Spirit Lake			2в	3A		4
Starvation Reservoir	1C	2A		3A		4
Superior Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Swasey Hole Reservoir			2в	3A		4
Taylor Lake			2в	3A		4
Thompson Lake			2в	3A		4
Timothy Reservoir #1			2в	3A		4
Timothy Reservoir #6			2в	3A		4
Timothy Reservoir #7			2в	ЗA		4
Twin Pots Reservoir	1C		2в	3A		4
Upper Stillwater Reservoir	1C		2в	3A		4
X - 24 Lake			2в	3A		4
h. Emery County						
					TABLE	
Cleveland Reservoir			2в	3A		4
Electric Lake			2В	ЗA		4
Huntington Reservoir			2в	3A		4
Huntington North Reservoir		2A			3в	4
Joe's Valley Reservoir		2A		3A		4

Millsite Reservoir

1C 2A 3A 4

i. Garfield County

		TABLE	
Barney Lake	2B 3A		4
Cyclone Lake	2B 3A		4
Deer Lake	2B 3A		4
Jacob's Valley Reservoir	2B	3C 3D	4
Lower Bowns Reservoir	2B 3A		4
North Creek Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Panguitch Lake	2B 3A		4
Pine Lake	2B 3A		4
Oak Creek Reservoir (Upper Bowns)	2B 3A		4
Pleasant Lake	2B 3A		4
Posey Lake	2B 3A		4
Purple Lake	2B 3A		4
Raft Lake	2B 3A		4
Row Lake #3	2B 3A		4
Row Lake #7	2B 3A		4
Spectacle Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Tropic Reservoir	2B 3A		4
West Deer Lake	2B 3A		4
Wide Hollow Reservoir	2B 3A		4
j. Iron County			
		TABLE	
Newcastle Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Red Creek Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Yankee Meadow Reservoir	2B 3A		4

k. Juab County

Chicken Creek Reservoir	2В	3C 3D	4
Mona Reservoir	2B	3в	4
Sevier Bridge (Yuba) Reservoir	2A	3в	4
l. Kane County			
		TABLE	
Navajo Lake	2B 32	Ą	4
m. Millard County			
·		TABLE	
DMAD Reservoir	2В	3в	4
Fools Creek Reservoir	2В	3C 3D	4
Garrison Reservoir (Pruess Lake)	2B	3В	4
Gunnison Bend Reservoir	2B	3В	4
n. Morgan County			
		TABLE	
East Canyon Reservoir	1C 2A 32	Ą	4
Lost Creek Reservoir	1C 2B 32	7	4
o. Piute County			
		TABLE	
Barney Reservoir	2B 32	Ą	4
Lower Boxcreek Reservoir	2B 32	7	4
Manning Meadow Reservoir	2B 32	7	4
Otter Creek Reservoir	2B 32	4	4
Piute Reservoir	2B 32	4	4
Upper Boxcreek Reservoir	2B 32	Ą	4
p. Rich County			
		TABLE	
Bear Lake (Utah portion)	2A 32	Ā	4
Birch Creek Reservoir	2B 32	Ą	4

Little Creek Reservoir		2в	ЗA			4
Woodruff Creek Reservoir		2в	3A			4
q. Salt Lake County						
				TABLE	2	
Decker Lake		2в		3B	3D	4
Lake Mary	1C	2в	ЗA			
Little Dell Reservoir	1C	2В	3A			
Mountain Dell Reservoir	1C	2В	ЗA			
r. San Juan County						
				TABLE	2	
Blanding Reservoir #4	1C	2в	ЗA			4
Dark Canyon Lake	1C	2в	ЗA			4
Ken's Lake		2в	3A.	* *		4
Lake Powell (Utah portion)	1C 2A			3B		4
Lloyd's Lake	1C	2В	ЗA			4
Monticello Lake		2В	ЗA			4
Recapture Reservoir		2в	ЗA			4
s. Sanpete County						
				TABLE	2	
Duck Fork Reservoir		2в	ЗA			4
Fairview Lakes	1C	2В	ЗA			4
Ferron Reservoir		2в	ЗA			4
Lower Gooseberry Reservoir	1C	2в	ЗA			4
Gunnison Reservoir		2В		3C		4
Island Lake		2в	ЗA			4
Miller Flat Reservoir		2в	3A			4
Ninemile Reservoir		2в	ЗA			4
Palisade Reservoir	2A		ЗA			4

Rolfson Reservoir	2в		3C	4
Twin Lakes	2В	ЗA		4
Willow Lake	2в	ЗA		4
t. Sevier County				
			TABLE	
Annabella Reservoir	2В	ЗA		4
Big Lake	2В	ЗA		4
Farnsworth Lake	2B	ЗA		4
Fish Lake	2В	ЗA		4
Forsythe Reservoir	2B	ЗA		4
Johnson Valley Reservoir	2В	ЗA		4
Koosharem Reservoir	2B	ЗA		4
Lost Creek Reservoir	2В	ЗA		4
Redmond Lake	2В		3в	4
Rex Reservoir	2В	ЗA		4
Salina Reservoir	2B	ЗA		4
Sheep Valley Reservoir	2B	ЗA		4
u. Summit County				
			TABLE	
Abes Lake	2B	ЗA		4
Alexander Lake	2В	ЗA		4
Amethyst Lake	2B	ЗA		4
Beaver Lake	2B	ЗA		4
Beaver Meadow Reservoir	2B	ЗA		4

2B 3A 4

2B 3A 4

4

4

2B 3A

2B 3A

Big Elk Reservoir

Blanchard Lake

Bridger Lake

China Lake

Cliff Lake		2В	3A	4
Clyde Lake		2В	3A	4
Coffin Lake		2В	3A	4
Cuberant Lake		2В	3A	4
East Red Castle Lake		2В	3A	4
Echo Reservoir	1C 2A		3A	4
Fish Lake		2В	3A	4
Fish Reservoir		2В	3A	4
Haystack Reservoir #1		2В	3A	4
Henry's Fork Reservoir		2в	3A	4
Hoop Lake		2В	3A	4
Island Lake		2В	3A	4
Island Reservoir		2В	3A	4
Jesson Lake		2В	3A	4
Kamas Lake		2В	3A	4
Lily Lake		2В	3A	4
Lost Reservoir		2В	3A	4
Lower Red Castle Lake		2В	3A	4
Lyman Lake	2A		3A	4
Marsh Lake		2В	3A	4
Marshall Lake		2в	3A	4
McPheters Lake		2в	3A	4
Meadow Reservoir		2В	ЗА	4
Meeks Cabin Reservoir		2В	ЗА	4
Notch Mountain Reservoir		2В	ЗА	4
Red Castle Lake		2в	ЗА	4
Rockport Reservoir	1C 2A		3A	4
Ryder Lake		2В	ЗА	4

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Sand Reservoir		2в	3A	4				
Scow Lake		2В	3A	4				
Smith Moorehouse Reservoir	1C	2В	3A	4				
Star Lake		2В	3A	4				
Stateline Reservoir		2В	3A	4				
Tamarack Lake		2В	3A	4				
Trial Lake	1C	2В	ЗА	4				
Upper Lyman Lake		2В	ЗА	4				
Upper Red Castle		2В	ЗА	4				
Wall Lake Reservoir		2В	ЗА	4				
Washington Reservoir		2В	ЗА	4				
Whitney Reservoir		2в	ЗА	4				

v. Tooele County

		TABLE	
Blue Lake	2B	3B	4
Clear Lake	2B	3B	4
Grantsville Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Horseshoe Lake	2B	3B	4
Kanaka Lake	2B	3B	4
Rush Lake	2B	3B	
Settlement Canyon Reservoir	2B 3A		4
Stansbury Lake	2B	3B	4
Vernon Reservoir	2B 3A		4

w. Uintah County

Ashley Twin Lakes (Ashley Creek)	1C	2B 3A	4
Bottle Hollow Reservoir		2B 3A	4
Brough Reservoir		2B 3A	4

TABLE

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Calder Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
Crouse Reservoir			2В	ЗA			4
East Park Reservoir			2В	3A			4
Fish Lake			2В	3A			4
Goose Lake #2			2В	ЗA			4
Matt Warner Reservoir			2в	ЗA			4
Oaks Park Reservoir			2в	ЗA			4
Paradise Park Reservoir			2в	3A			4
Pelican Lake			2В		3в		4
Red Fleet Reservoir	1C	2A		3A			4
Steinaker Reservoir	1C	2A		3A			4
Towave Reservoir			2в	ЗA			4
Weaver Reservoir			2в	3A			4
Whiterocks Lake			2в	3A			4
Workman Lake			2в	3A			4
x. Utah County							
					TABL	E	
Big East Lake			2в	3A			4
Salem Pond		2A		3A			4
Silver Flat Lake Reservoir			2в	3A			4
Tibble Fork Resevoir			2в	3A			4
Utah Lake			2в		3В	3D	4
y. Wasatch County							
					TABL	E	
			_	_			

1C 2B 3A	4
1C 2A 3A	4
1C 2A 3A	4
2B 3A	4
	1C 2A 3A 1C 2A 3A

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Strawberry Reservoir	1C	2В	ЗA		4
z. Washington County					
				TABLE	
Baker Dam Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Gunlock Reservoir	1C 2 <i>P</i>			3B	4
Ivins Reservoir		2В		3B	4
Kolob Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Lower Enterprise Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Quail Creek Reservoir	1C 2 <i>P</i>			3B	4
Sand Hollow Reservoir	1C 2 <i>P</i>			3B	4
Upper Enterprise Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
aa. Wayne County					
				TABLE	
Blind Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Cook Lake		2В	ЗA		4
Donkey Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Fish Creek Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Mill Meadow Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Raft Lake		2B	ЗA		4
bb. Weber County					
				TABLE	
Causey Reservoir		2В	ЗA		4
Pineview Reservoir ** Denotes site-specific temperature,	1C 2A see Tab		3A 2.1	4.2 Notes	4

13.13 Unclassified Waters

All waters not specifically classified are presumptively classified: 2B, 3D

R317-2-14. Numeric Criteria.

TABLE 2.14.1 NUMERIC CRITERIA FOR DOMESTIC, RECREATION, AND AGRICULTURAL USES

Parameter	Domest Sourc		Ae	stheti	and cs B	Agri- culture 4
BACTERIOLOGICAL (30-DAY GEOMETRIC MEAN) (NO.)/100 ML) E. coli	(7)	206		20		-
MAXIMUM (NO.)/100 ML) E. coli	(7)	668	409	66	8	
PHYSICAL						
pH (RANGE) Turbidity Incr (NTU)	ease	6.5-9.0) 6. 10		6.5-9.0 10	6.5-9.0
			ΞŪ		ΤŪ	
METALS (DISSO MG/L) (2)	LVED, M	IAXIMUM				
Arsenic Barium Beryllium		0.01 1.0 <0.004				0.1
Cadmium Chromium		0.01 0.05				0.01 0.10
Copper						0.2
Lead Mercury		0.015 0.002				0.1
Selenium Silver		0.05				0.05
INORGANICS						
(MAXIMUM MG/L) Bromate		0.01				
Boron		<i>(</i> 1 0				0.75
Chlorite Fluoride (3)		<1.0 1.4-2.4	1			
Nitrates as N Total Dissolve	4	10				
Solids (4)	a					1200
(MAXIMUM pCi/L	\ \	RADIOLO	DGICAL			
Gross Alpha)	15				15
Gross Beta (Combined)		4 mrem/ 5	/yr	Radi	um 226,	228
Strontium 90		8				
Tritium		20000				
Uranium		30				
ORGANICS (MAXIMUM UG/L)						
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides						
2,4-D 2,4,5-TP		70 10	Metho	xychlo	r	40

POLLUTION INDICATORS (5)			
BOD (MG/L) Nitrate as N (MG/L) Total Phosphorus as P	5 4	5 4	
(MG/L) (6)	0.05	0.05	

FOOTNOTES:

(1) Reserved

(2) The dissolved metals method involves filtration of the sample in the field, acidification of the sample in the field, no digestion process in the laboratory, and analysis by approved laboratory methods for the required detection levels.

5

(3) Maximum concentration varies according to the daily maximum mean air temperature.

TEMP (C)	MG/L
12.0	2.4
12.1-14.6	2.2
14.7-17.6	2.0
17.7-21.4	1.8
21.5-26.2	1.6
26.3-32.5	1.4

(4) SITE SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS (TDS)

Blue Creek and tributaries, Box Elder County, from Gunnison Bay to Blue Creek Reservoir: maximum 6,300 mg/l and an average of 3,900 mg/l

Blue Creek Reservoir and tributaries, Box Elder County, maximum 2,200 mg/l

Castle Creek from confluence with the Colorado River to Seventh Day Adventist Diversion: 1,800 mg/l;

Cottonwood Creek from the confluence with Huntington Creek to I-57: 3,500 mg/l;

Ferron Creek from the confluence with San Rafael River to Highway
10: 3,500 mg/l;

Huntington Creek and tributaries from the confluence with Cottonwood Creek to U-10: 4,800 mg/l;

Ivie Creek and its tributaries from the confluence with Muddy Creek
to the confluence with Quitchupah Creek:
3,800 mg/l provided that total sulfate not exceed 2,000 mg/l to
protect the livestock watering agricultural existing use;

Ivie Creek and its tributaries from the confluence with Quitchupah Creek to U10: 2,600 mg/l;

Lost Creek from the confluence with Sevier River to U.S. Forest Service Boundary: 4,600 mg/l;

Muddy Creek and tributaries from the confluence with Ivie Creek toU-10: 2,600 mg/l;

Muddy Creek from confluence with Fremont River to confluence with Ivie Creek: 5,800 mg/l;

North Creek from the confluence with Virgin River to headwaters: 2,035 mg/l;

Onion Creek from the confluence with Colorado River to road crossing above Stinking Springs: 3000 mg/l;

Brine Creek-Petersen Creek, from the confluence with the Sevier River to U-119 Crossing: 9,700 mg/l;

Price River and tributaries from confluence with Green River to confluence with Soldier Creek: 3,000 mg/l;

Price River and tributaries from the confluence with Soldier Creek to Carbon Canal Diversion: 1,700 mg/l

Quitchupah Creek from the confluence with Ivie Creek to U-10: 3,800 mg/l provided that total sulfate not exceed 2,000 mg/l to protect the livestock watering agricultural existing use; Rock Canyon Creek from the confluence with Cottonwood Creek to headwaters: 3,500 mg/l;

San Pitch River from below Gunnison Reservoir to the Sevier River: 2,400 mg/l;

San Rafael River from the confluence with the Green River to Buckhorn Crossing: 4,100 mg/l;

San Rafael River from the Buckhorn Crossing to the confluence with Huntington Creek and Cottonwood Creek: 3,500 mg/l;

Sevier River between Gunnison Bend Reservoir and DMAD Reservoir: 1,725 mg/l;

Sevier River from Gunnison Bend Reservoir to Clear Lake: 3,370 mg/l;

South Fork Spring Creek from confluence with Pelican Pond Slough Stream to US 89 1,450 mg/l (Apr.-Sept.) 1,950 mg/l (Oct.-March)

Virgin River from the Utah/Arizona border to Pah Tempe Springs: 2,360 mg/l

(5) Investigations should be conducted to develop more information where these pollution indicator levels are exceeded.(6) Total Phosphorus as P (mg/l) indicator for

lakes and reservoirs shall be 0.025.
(7) Where the criteria are exceeded and there is a reasonable

basis for concluding that the indicator bacteria E. coli are

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primarily from natural sources (wildlife), e.g., in National Wildlife Refuges and State Waterfowl Management Areas, the criteria may be considered attained provided the density attributable to non-wildlife sources is less than the criteria. Exceedences of E. coli from nonhuman nonpoint sources will generally be addressed through appropriate Federal, State, and local nonpoint source programs.

Measurement of E. coli using the "Quanti-Tray 2000" procedure is approved as a field analysis. Other EPA approved methods may also be used.

For water quality assessment purposes, up to 10% of representative samples may exceed the 668 per 100 ml criterion(for 1C and 2B waters) and 409 per 100 ml (for 2A waters). For small datasets, where exceedences of these criteria are observed, follow-up ambient monitoring should be conducted to better characterize water quality.

> TABLE 2.14.2 NUMERIC CRITERIA FOR AQUATIC

WILDLIFE(8)

Parameter	Aquatio 3A	c Wildlife 3B	3C	3D	5
PHYSICAL	511	50	50	50	9
Total Dissolved Gases	(1)	(1)			
Minimum Dissolved Oxy (MG/L) (2)(2a) 30 Day Average 7 Day Average	6.5	5.5) 6.0/4.0	5.0	5.0	
Minimum	8.0/4.0	5.0/3.0	3.0	3.0	
Max. Temperature(C)(3) 20	27	27		
Max. Temperature Change (C)(3)	2	4	4		
pH (Range)(2a) 6	5-0 0 4	5-006	5-0 0	6 5 0 0	
pii (Kalige) (2a) 0	.5-9.0 0	5.5-9.0 0	. 5 - 9.0	6.5-9.0	
Turbidity Increase (NTU) METALS (4) (DISSOLVED, UG/L)(5)	10	10	15	15	
Turbidity Increase (NTU) METALS (4) (DISSOLVED,					
Turbidity Increase (NTU) METALS (4) (DISSOLVED, UG/L)(5) Aluminum 4 Day Average (6)	10 87	10 87	15 87	15 87	

Chromium (Hexavalent) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average Chromium	11 16	11 16	11 16	11 16	
(Trivalent) (7) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	74 570	74 570	74 570	74 570	
Copper (7) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	9 13	9 13	9 13	9 13	
Cyanide (Free) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average Iron (Maximum)	5.2 22 1000	5.2 22 1000	5.2 22 1000	22 1000	
Lead (7) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	2.5 65	2.5 65	2.5 65	2.5 65	
Mercury 4 Day Average	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	
Nickel (7) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	52 468	52 468	52 468	52 468	
Selenium 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	4.6 18.4	4.6 18.4	4.6 18.4	4.6 18.4	
Selenium (14) Gilbert Bay (Class 5A) Great Salt Lake Geometric Mean over Nesting Season (mg/kg					12.5
Silver 1 Hour Average (7)	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
Tributyltin 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.072 0.46	0.072 0.46	0.072 0.46	0.072 0.46	
Zinc (7) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	120 120	120 120	120 120	120 120	
INORGANICS (MG/L) (4) Total Ammonia as N (9) 30 Day Average 1 Hour Average	(9a) (9b)	(9a) (9b)	(9a) (9b)	(9a) (9b)	

Chlorine (Total

Residual) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.011 0.019	0.011 0.019		
Hydrogen Sulfide (13) (Undissociated, Max. UG/L) Phenol(Maximum) RADIOLOGICAL (MAXI	2.0 0.01 IMUM pCi/I	2.0 0.01	2.0 0.01	2.0 0.01
Gross Alpha (10)	15	15	15	15
ORGANICS (UG/L) (4) Acrolein 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	3.0 3.0	3.0 3.0	3.0 3.0	3.0 3.0
Aldrin 1 Hour Average Chlordane	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.0043 1.2	0.0043 1.2	0.0043 1.2	0.0043 1.2
Chlorpyrifos 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.041 0.083	0.041 0.083	0.041 0.083	0.041 0.083
4,4' -DDT 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.0010 0.55	0.0010 0.55	0.0010 0.55	0.0010 0.55
Diazinon 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.17 0.17	0.17 0.17	0.17 0.17	0.17 0.17
Dieldrin 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.056 0.24	0.056 0.24	0.056 0.24	0.056 0.24
Alpha-Endosulfan 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11
beta-Endosulfan 4 Day Average 1 Day Average	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11	0.056 0.11
Endrin 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.036 0.086	0.036 0.086	0.036 0.086	0.036 0.086
Heptachlor 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26
Heptachlor epoxide 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26	0.0038 0.26

Hexachlorocyclohexane (Lindane) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.08	0.08 1.0	0.08 1.0	0.08 1.0
Methoxychlor (Maximum) Mirex (Maximum)	0.03 0.001	0.03 0.001	0.03 0.001	0.03 0.001
Nonylphenol 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	6.6 28.0	6.6 28.0	6.6 28.0	6.6 28.0
Parathion 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.013 0.066	0.013 0.066	0.013 0.066	0.013 0.066
PCB's 4 Day Average	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014
Pentachlorophenol (11) 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	15 19	15 19	15 19	15 19
Toxaphene 4 Day Average 1 Hour Average	0.0002 0.73	0.0002 0.73	0.0002 0.73	0.0002 0.73
POLLUTION INDICATORS (11) Gross Beta (pCi/L) BOD (MG/L) Nitrate as N (MG/L) Total Phosphorus as P(1	50 5 4 MG/L) (12	50 5 4	50 5 4	50 5
	0.05	0.05		

FOOTNOTES:

(1) Not to exceed 110% of saturation.

(2) These limits are not applicable to lower water levels in deep impoundments. First number in column is for when early life stages are present, second number is for when all other life stages present.

(2a) These criteria are not applicable to Great Salt Lake impounded wetlands. Surface water in these wetlands shall be protected from changes in pH and dissolved oxygen that create significant adverse impacts to the existing beneficial uses. To ensure protection of uses, the Director shall develop reasonable protocols and guidelines that quantify the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of these waters. These protocols and guidelines will include input from local governments, the regulated community, and the general public. The Director will inform the Water Quality Board of any protocols or guidelines that are developed. (3) Site Specific Standards for Temperature

Ken's Lake: From June 1st - September 20th, 27 degrees C.

(4) Where criteria are listed as 4-day average and

1-hour average concentrations, these concentrations should not be exceeded more often than once every three years on the average.

(5) The dissolved metals method involves filtration of the sample in the field, acidification of the sample in the field, no digestion process in the laboratory, and analysis by EPA approved laboratory methods for the required detection levels.

(6) The criterion for aluminum will be implemented as follows:

Where the pH is equal to or greater than 7.0 and the hardness is equal to or greater than 50 ppm as CaCO3 in the receiving water after mixing, the 87 ug/1 chronic criterion (expressed as total recoverable) will not apply, and aluminum will be regulated based on compliance with the 750 ug/1 acute aluminum criterion (expressed as total recoverable).

(7) Hardness dependent criteria. 100 mg/l used. Conversion factors for ratio of total recoverable metals to dissolved metals must also be applied. In waters with a hardness greater than 400 mg/l as CaCO3, calculations will assume a hardness of 400 mg/l as CaCO3. See Table 2.14.3 for complete equations for hardness and conversion factors.

(8) Reserved

(9) The following equations are used to calculate Ammonia criteria concentrations:

(9a) The thirty-day average concentration of total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/l as N) does not exceed, more than once every three years on the average, the chronic criterion calculated using the following equations.

Fish Early Life Stages are Present:

mg/l as N (Chronic) = ((0.0577/(1+10^{7.688-pH})) + (2.487/(1+10^{pH-7.688}))) * MIN (2.85, 1.45*10^{0.028*(25-T)})

Fish Early Life Stages are Absent: mg/l as N (Chronic) = ((0.0577/(1+10^{7.688-pH})) + (2.487/

(1+10^{pH-7.688}))))

* 1.45*10^{0.028* (25-MAX(T,7))})

(9b) The one-hour average concentration of total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/l as N) does not exceed, more than once every three years on the average the acute criterion calculated using the following equations.

Class 3A:

mg/l as N (Acute) = $(0.275/(1+10^{7.204-\text{pH}})) + (39.0/1+10^{\text{pH-7.204}}))$ Class 3B, 3C, 3D:

mg/l as N (Acute) = 0.411/(1+10^{7.204-pH})) + (58.4/(1+10^{pH-7.204}))
In addition, the highest four-day average within the 30-day
period should not exceed 2.5 times the chronic criterion.
The "Fish Early Life Stages are Present" 30-day average total
ammonia criterion will be applied by default unless it is
determined by the Director, on a site-specific basis, that it

is appropriate to apply the "Fish Early Life Stages are Absent" 30-day average criterion for all or some portion of the year. At a minimum, the "Fish Early Life Stages are Present" criterion will apply from the beginning of spawning through the end of the early life stages. Early life stages include the pre-hatch embryonic stage, the post-hatch free embryo or yolk-sac fry stage, and the larval stage for the

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species of fish expected to occur at the site. The Director will consult with the Division of Wildlife Resources in making such determinations. The Division will maintain information regarding the waterbodies and time periods where application of the "Early Life Stages are Absent" criterion is determined to be appropriate.

(10) Investigation should be conducted to develop more information where these levels are exceeded.

(11) pH dependent criteria. pH 7.8 used in table. See Table 2.14.4 for equation.

(12) Total Phosphorus as P (mg/l) as a pollution indicator for lakes and reservoirs shall be 0.025.

(13) Formula to convert dissolved sulfide to un-disassociated hydrogen sulfide is: H_2S = Dissolved Sulfide * $e^{((-1.92\,+\,pH)\,+\,12.05)}$

(14) The selenium water quality standard of 12.5 (mg/kg dry weight) for Gilbert Bay is a tissue based standard using the complete egg/embryo of aquatic dependent birds using Gilbert Bay based upon a minimum of five samples over the nesting season. Assessment procedures are incorporated as a part of this standard as follows:

Egg Concentration Triggers: DWQ Responses

Below 5.0 mg/kg: Routine monitoring with sufficient intensity to determine if selenium concentrations within the Great Salt Lake ecosystem are increasing.

5.0 mg/kg: Increased monitoring to address data gaps, loadings, and areas of uncertainty identified from initial Great Salt Lake selenium studies.

6.4 mg/kg: Initiation of a Level II Antidegradation review by the State for all discharge permit renewals or new discharge permits to Great Salt Lake. The Level II Antidegradation review may include an analysis of loading reductions.

 $9.8~{\rm mg/kg}\colon$ Initiation of preliminary TMDL studies to evaluate selenium loading sources.

12.5 mg/kg and above: Declare impairment. Formalize and implement TMDL.

Antidegradation Level II Review procedures associated with this standard are referenced at R317-2-3.5.C.

TABLE1-HOUR AVERAGE (ACUTE) CONCENTRATION

TOTAL AMMONIA AS N (MG/L)

OF

рН	Class 3A	Class 3B, 3C, 3D
6.5	32.6	48.8
6.6	31.3	46.8
6.7	29.8	44.6
6.8	28.1	42.0
6.9	26.2	39.1

7.0	24.1	36.1
7.1	22.0	32.8
7.2	19.7	29.5
7.3	17.5	26.2
7.4	15.4	23.0
7.5	13.3	19.9
7.6	11.4	17.0
7.7	9.65	14.4
7.8	8.11	12.1
7.9	6.77	10.1
8.0	5.62	8.40
8.1	4.64	6.95
8.2	3.83	5.72
8.3	3.15	4.71
8.4	2.59	3.88
8.5	2.14	3.20
8.6	1.77	2.65
8.7	1.47	2.20
8.8	1.23	1.84
8.9	1.04	1.56
9.0	0.89	1.32
	0.00	1.05

TABLE

30-DAY AVERAGE (CHRONIC)

CONCENTRATION OF

TOTAL AMMONIA AS N (MG/l)

Fish Early Life Stages Present

		-	1011 10	=	ature,	-	coene			
Нq	0	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
6.5	6.67	6.67	6.06	5.33	4.68	4.12	3.62	3.18	2.80	2.46
6.6	6.57	6.57	5.97	5.25	4.61	4.05	3.56	3.13	2.75	2.42
6.7	6.44	6.44	5.86	5.15	4.52	3.98	3.50	3.07	2.70	2.37
6.8	6.29	6.29	5.72	5.03	4.42	3.89	3.42	3.00	2.64	2.32
6.9	6.12	6.12	5.56	4.89	4.30	3.78	3.32	2.92	2.57	2.25
7.0	5.91	5.91	5.37	4.72	4.15	3.65	3.21	2.82	2.48	2.18
7.1	5.67	5.67	5.15	4.53	3.98	3.50	3.08	2.70	2.38	2.09
7.2	5.39	5.39	4.90	4.31	3.78	3.33	2.92	2.57	2.26	1.99
7.3	5.08	5.08	4.61	4.06	3.57	3.13	2.76	2.42	2.13	1.87
7.4	4.73	4.73	4.30	3.78	3.32	2.92	2.57	2.26	1.98	1.74
7.5	4.36	4.36	3.97	3.49	3.06	2.69	2.37	2.08	1.83	1.61
7.6	3.98	3.98	3.61	3.18	2.79	2.45	2.16	1.90	1.67	1.47
7.7	3.58	3.58	3.25	2.86	2.51	2.21	1.94	1.71	1.50	1.32
7.8	3.18	3.18	2.89	2.54	2.23	1.96	1.73	1.52	1.33	1.17
7.9	2.80	2.80	2.54	2.24	1.96	1.73	1.52	1.33	1.17	1.03
8.0	2.43	2.43	2.21	1.94	1.71	1.50	1.32	1.16	1.02	0.90
8.1	2.10	2.10	1.91	1.68	1.47	1.29	1.14	1.00	0.88	0.77
8.2	1.79	1.79	1.63	1.43	1.26	1.11	0.97	0.86	0.75	0.66
8.3	1.52	1.52	1.39	1.22	1.07	0.94	0.83	0.73	0.64	0.56
8.4	1.29	1.29	1.17	1.03	0.91	0.80	0.70	0.62	0.54	0.48
8.5	1.09	1.09	0.99	0.87	0.76	0.67	0.59	0.52	0.46	0.40
8.6	0.92	0.92	0.84	0.73	0.65	0.57	0.50	0.44	0.39	0.34
8.7	0.78	0.78	0.71	0.62	0.55	0.48	0.42	0.37	0.33	0.29
8.8	0.66	0.66	0.60	0.53	0.46	0.41	0.36	0.32	0.28	0.24
8.9	0.56	0.56	0.51	0.45	0.40	0.35	0.31	0.27	0.24	0.21
9.0	0.49	0.49	0.44	0.39	0.34	0.30	0.26	0.23	0.20	0.18

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TABLE 30-DAY AVERAGE (CHRONIC)

CONCENTRATION OF

TOTAL AMMONIA AS N (MG/1)

Fish Early Life Stages Absent

		Fish .	Early 1		-	Absent			
			-	eratur					
рH	0-7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	16
6.5	10.8	10.1	9.51	8.92	8.36	7.84	7.36	6.89	6.06
6.6	10.7	10.1	9.37	9.37	8.79	8.24	7.72	7.24	6.36
6.7	10.5	9.99	9.20	8.62	8.08	7.58	7.11	6.66	5.86
6.8	10.2	9.81	8.98	8.42	7.90	7.40	6.94	6.51	5.72
6.9	9.93	9.31	8.73	8.19	7.68	7.20	6.75	6.33	5.56
7.0	9.60	9.00	8.43	7.91	7.41	6.95	6.52	6.11	5.37
7.1	9.20	8.63	8.09	7.58	7.11	6.67	6.25	5.86	5.15
7.2	8.75	8.20	7.69	7.21	6.76	6.34	5.94	5.57	4.90
7.3	8.24	7.73	7.25	6.79	6.37	5.97	5.60	5.25	4.61
7.4	7.69	7.21	6.76	6.33	5.94	5.57	5.22	4.89	4.30
7.5	7.09	6.64	6.23	5.84	5.48	5.13	4.81	4.51	3.97
7.6	6.46	6.05	5.67	5.32	4.99	4.68	4.38	4.11	3.61
7.7	5.81	5.45	5.11	4.79	4.49	4.21	3.95	3.70	3.25
7.8	5.17	4.84	4.54	4.26	3.99	3.74	3.51	3.29	2.89
7.9	4.54	4.26	3.99	3.74	3.51	3.29	3.09	2.89	2.54
8.0	3.95	3.70	3.47	3.26	3.05	2.86	2.68	2.52	2.21
8.1	3.41	3.19	2.99	2.81	2.63	2.47	2.31	2.17	1.91
8.2	2.91	2.73	2.56	2.40	2.25	2.11	1.98	1.85	1.63
8.3	2.47	2.32	2.18	2.04	1.91	1.79	1.68	1.58	1.39
8.4	2.09	1.96	1.84	1.73	1.62	1.52	1.42	1.33	1.17
					1.37		1.42		
8.5	1.77	1.66	1.55	1.46		1.28		1.13	0.990
8.6	1.49	1.40	1.31	1.23	1.15	1.08	1.01		
8.7	1.26	1.18	1.11	1.04		0.915		0.805	
8.8	1.07	1.01				0.778		0.684	
8.9			0.806						
9.0	0.790	0.740	0.694	0.651	0.610	0.572	0.536	0.503	0.442
рH	18	20	22	24	26	28	30		
6.5	5.33	4.68	4.12	3.62	3.18	2.80	2.46		
6.6	5.25	4.61	4.05	3.56	3.13	2.75	2.42		
6.7	5.15	4.52	3.98	3.50	3.07	2.70	2.37		
6.8	5.03	4.42	3.89	3.42	3.00	2.64	2.32		
6.9	4.89	4.30	3.78	3.32	2.92	2.57	2.25		
7.0	4.72	4.15	3.65	3.21	2.82	2.48	2.18		
7.1	4.53	3.98	3.50	3.08	2.70	2.38	2.09		
7.2	4.41	3.78	3.33	2.92	2.57	2.26	1.99		
7.3	4.06	3.57	3.13	2.76	2.42	2.13	1.87		
7.4	3.78	3.32	2.92	2.57	2.42	1.98	1.74		
7.5							1.61		
	3.49	3.06		2.37	2.08	1.83			
7.6	3.18	2.79		2.16	1.90	1.67	1.47		
7.7	2.86	2.51	2.21	1.94	1.71	1.50	1.32		
7.8	2.54	2.23	1.96	1.73	1.52	1.33	1.17		
7.9	2.24	1.96	1.73	1.52	1.33	1.17	1.03		
8.0	0.94	1.71	1.50	1.32	1.16	1.02	0.897		
8.1	0.68	1.47	1.29	1.14	1.00		0.733		
8.2	0.43	1.26	1.11	0.073	0.855	0.752	0.661		
8.3	0.22	1.07	0.941	0.827	0.727	0.639	0.562		
8.4	0.03	0.906	0.796	0.700	0.615	0.541	0.475		
8.5			0.672						

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8.7 8.8 8.9	0.735 0.646 0.568 0.499 0.439 0.396 0.339 0.622 0.547 0.480 0.422 0.371 0.326 0.287 0.528 0.464 0.408 0.359 0.315 0.277 0.244 0.451 0.397 0.349 0.306 0.269 0.237 0.208 0.389 0.342 0.300 0.264 0.232 0.204 0.179
	TABLE 2.14.3a
METALS STAN	EQUATIONS TO CONVERT TOTAL RECOVERABLE
METALS STAN	WITH HARDNESS (1) DEPENDENCE TO DISSOLVED
(CF).	BY APPLICATION OF A CONVERSION FACTOR
Parameter	4-Day Average (Chronic) Concentration (UG/L)
CADMIUM	CF * e $(0.7409 (\ln(hardness)) - 4.719)$ CF = 1.101672 - ln(hardness) (0.041838)
CHROMIUM II	I CF * e ^{(0.8190(ln(hardness)) + 0.6848} CF = 0.860
COPPER	$CF * e^{(0.8545(\ln(hardness)) - 1.702)}$ CF = 0.960
LEAD	CF * $e^{(1.273(\ln(hardness))-4.705)}$ CF = 1.46203 - ln(hardness)(0.145712)
NICKEL	$CF * e^{(0.8460(\ln(hardness))+0.0584)}$ CF = 0.997
SILVER	N/A
ZINC	$Cf * e^{(0.8473(\ln(hardness))+0.884)}$ $CF = 0.986$
	TABLE 2.14.3b
METALS STAN	EQUATIONS TO CONVERT TOTAL RECOVERABLE
METALS STAN	WITH HARDNESS (1) DEPENDENCE TO DISSOLVED
(CF).	BY APPLICATION OF A CONVERSION FACTOR
Parameter	1-Hour Average (Acute) Concentration (UG/L)
CADMIUM	CF * e $(1.0166(\ln(hardness))-3.924)$ CF = 1.136672 - ln(hardness)(0.041838)
CHROMIUM (I	II) CF * e ^{(0.8190(ln(hardness)) +3.7256)} CF = 0.316

COPPER	CF *	$e^{(0.9422(\ln(hardness))-1.700)}$ CF = 0.960			
LEAD	CF *	$e^{(1.273(\ln(hardness))-1.460)}$ CF = 1.46203 -	ln(hardness)(0.145712)		
NICKEL	CF *	e ^{(0.8460(ln(hardness)) +2.255} CF= 0.998			
SILVER	CF *	$e^{(1.72(\ln(hardness))-6.59)}$ CF = 0.85			
ZINC FOOTNOTH	-	$e^{(0.8473(\ln(hardness)))+0.884}$ CF = 0.978			
<pre>(1) Hardness as mg/l CaCO₃.</pre>					
			TABLE 2.14.4 EQUATIONS FOR PENTACHLOROPHENOL (pH DEPENDENT)		
4-Day Av Concenti		(Chronic) (UG/L)	1-Hour Average (Acute) Concentration (UG/L)		
e ^{(1.005(pH))-5.}	134		e ^{(1.005(pH))-4.869}		
TABLE 2.14.5 SITE SPECIFIC CRITERIA FOR DISSOLVED OXYGEN FOR JORDAN RIVER, SURPLUS CANAL,					
AND STATE CAN	IAL		(SEE SECTION 2.13)		
DISSOLVE May-July 7-day av 30-day a Instanta	/ verage averag		5.5 mg/l 5.5 mg/l 4.5 mg/l		
August-A 30-day a Instanta	averag	e minimum	5.5 mg/l 4.0 mg/l		
(CONSUMPTION)			TABLE 2.14.6 LIST OF HUMAN HEALTH CRITERIA		
Chemical Para	ameter	(ug/L)	(ug/L)		
Antimony Arsenic Beryllium Cadmium Chromium III		Class 1 5.6 A C C C			
Chromium VI Copper		C 1,3	С		

	~	~
Lead	C	C
Mercury	A 100 Mat	A
Nickel	100 MCL	4,600
Selenium	A	4,200
Thallium	0.24	0.47
Zinc	7,400	26,000
Cyanide	140	140
Asbestos	7 million	
	Fibers/L	F 1 F 0 F
2,3,7,8-TCDD Dioxin	5.0 E -9 B	5.1 E-9 B
Acrolein	6.0	9.0
Acrylonitrile	0.051 B	0.25 B
Alachlor	2.0	
Atrazine	3.0	51 5
Benzene	2.2 B	51 B
Bromoform	4.3 B	140 B
Carbofuran	40	1 6 5
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.23 B	1.6 B
Chlorobenzene	100 MCL	1,600
Chlorodibromomethane	0.40 в	13 B
Chloroethane		
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether		470 D
Chloroform	5.7 B	470 B
Dalapon Di (2+thulhaul) a dia ata	200	
Di(2ethylhexl)adipate	400	
Dibromochloropropane	0.2	17 5
Dichlorobromomethane	0.55 В	17 B
1,1-Dichloroethane	0 30 5	27 5
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.38 B	37 B
1,1-Dichloroethylene	7 MCL 70	7,100
Dichloroethylene (cis-1,2) Dinoseb	7.0	
	20	
Diquat	20 0.50 B	15 B
1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropene	0.34	15 Б 21
Endothall	100	Ζ⊥
Ethylbenzene	530	2,100
Ethylene Dibromide	0.05	2,100
Glyphosate	700	
Haloacetic acids	700 60 Е	
Methyl Bromide	47	1,500
Methyl Chloride	F	F
Methylene Chloride	4.6 B	590 в
Ocamyl (vidate)	200	590 D
Picloram	500	
Simazine	4	
Styrene	100	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.17 B	4.0 B
Tetrachloroethylene	0.69 B	3.3 B
Toluene	1,000	15,000
1,2 -Trans-Dichloroethylene	100 MCL	10,000
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200 MCL	, F
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.59 B	16 B
Trichloroethylene	2.5 B	30 B
Vinyl Chloride	0.025	2.4
Xylenes	10,000	
2-Chlorophenol	81	150

2,4-Dichlorophenol 2,4-Dimethylphenol 2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol 2,4-Dinitrophenol	77 380 13.0 69	290 850 280 5,300
2-Nitrophenol 4-Nitrophenol 3-Methyl-4-Chlorophenol		
Penetachlorophenol Phenol 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol Acenaphthene	0.27 B 10,000 1.4 B 670	3.0 B 860,000 2.4 B 990
Acenaphthylene Anthracene Benzidine	8,300 0.000086 B	40,000 0.00020 B
BenzoaAnthracene BenzoaPyrene BenzobFluoranthene BenzoghiPerylene	0.0038 B 0.0038 B 0.0038 B	0.018 B 0.018 B 0.018 B
BenzokFluoranthene Bis2-ChloroethoxyMethane	0.0038 B	0.018 B
Bis2-ChloroethylEther Bis2-ChloroisopropylEther Bis2-EthylhexylPhthalate 4-Bromophenyl Phenyl Ether	0.030 B 1,400 1.2 B	0.53 B 65,000 2.2 B
Butylbenzyl Phthalate 2-Chloronaphthalene 4-Chlorophenyl Phenyl Ether	1,500 1,000	1,900 1,600
Chrysene Dibenzoa, hAnthracene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0.0038 B 0.0038 B 420 320 63	0.018 B 0.018 B 1,300 960 190
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine Diethyl Phthalate Dimethyl Phthalate Di-n-Butyl Phthalate 2,4-Dinitrotoluene	0.021 B 17,000 270,000 2,000 0.11 B	0.028 B 44,000 1,100,000 4,500 3.4 B
2,6-Dinitrotoluene Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine Fluoranthene	0.036 B 130	0.20 B 140
Fluorene Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutedine Hexachloroethane Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Ideno 1,2,3-cdPyrene Isophorone	1,100 0.00028 B 0.44 B 1.4 B 40 0.0038 B 35 B	5,300 0.00029 B 18 B 3.3 B 1,100 0.018 B 960 B
Naphthalene Nitrobenzene N-Nitrosodimethylamine N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine PhenanthrenePyrene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene Aldrin alpha-BHC	17 0.00069 B 0.005 B 3.3 B 830 35 0.000049 B 0.0026 B	690 3.0 B 0.51 B 6.0 B 4,000 70 0.000050 B 0.0049 B

beta-BHC gamma-BHC (Lindane) delta-BHC	0.0091 B 0.2 MCL	0.017 B 1.8
Chlordane	0.00080 B	0.00081 B
4,4-DDT	0.00022 B	0.00022 B
4,4-DDE	0.00022 B	0.00022 B
4,4-DDD	0.00031 B	0.00031 B
Dieldrin	0.000052 B	0.000054 B
alpha-Endosulfan	62	89
beta-Endosulfan	62	89
Endosulfan Sulfate	62	89
Endrin	0.059	0.060
Endrin Aldehyde	0.29	0.30
Heptachlor	0.000079 B	0.000079 B
Heptachlor Epoxide	0.000039 B	0.000039 B
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	0.000064 B,D	0.000064 B,D
PCB's		
Toxaphene	0.00028 B	0.00028 B
Footnotes:		
A. See Table 2.14.2		
B. Based on carcinogenicity of 10-6 risk.		
		C

C. EPA has not calculated a human criterion for this contaminant. However, permit authorities should address this contaminant in NPDES permit actions using the State's existing narrative criteria for toxics D. This standard applies to total PCBs.

<u>KEY</u>

water pollution, water quality standards

Date of Enactment or Last Substantive Amendment

July 2, 2014

Notice of Continuation

October 2, 2012

Authorizing, Implemented, or Interpreted Law

19-5

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

CONTACT

For questions regarding the *content* or *application* of rules under Title R317, please contact the promulgating agency (Environmental Quality, Water Quality). A list of agencies with links to their homepages is available at <u>http://www.utah.gov/government/agencylist.html</u> or from<u>http://www.rules.utah.gov/contact/agencycontacts.htm</u>.

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