Chapter 2.4 Bear River Watershed Management Unit

2.4.1 Introduction

The Bear River Basin is part of the Great Basin Hydrologic region, and is comprised of the U.S.G.S. Hydrological Units (HUCs) listed in Table 2.4-1. The Bear River is the principal stream within this drainage area. It flows north out of Utah into Wyoming, then back into Utah, returns to Wyoming, then crosses into Idaho, then flows southwest into Utah and empties into the Great Salt Lake. The Bear River is the longest river (approximately 500 miles long) in the United States whose waters do not eventually empty into an ocean. Originally the Bear River did not flow into Bear Lake, but since the early 1900's, it has been diverted into Bear Lake at Stewart Dam. Water flows from Bear Lake into the Bear River via a canal. Other streams of interest include the Logan, Blacksmith Fork, Cub River and the Little Bear Rivers.

Table 2.4-1 U.S.G.S. Hydrological Units in the Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Hydrological Unit Code	Hydrological Unit Name
16010101	Upper Bear
16010102	Central Bear
16010201	Bear Lake
16010202	Middle Bear
16010203	Little Bear - Logan
16010204	Lower Bear - Malad

2.4.2 Water Quality Assessment Results

Water chemistry and field data collected from January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2006 were used to make assessments. Benthic macroinvertebrate data were collected at several monitoring sites (Chapter 2.15) were used to assess aquatic life beneficial uses under the State's narrative standard. Water quality data were compared against standards established for each of the designated beneficial uses that can be assigned to rivers and streams within the state to determine beneficial use support. The designated beneficial use classes assigned to rivers and streams in the Bear River Watershed Management Unit are mapped in Figure 2.4-1.

2.4.1.1 Overall Beneficial Use Support

An assessment of beneficial use support was made for 1,043.2 miles. Based upon at least one beneficial use being assessed, 741.71 miles (71.1%) were assessed as fully supporting and 28.9% as not supporting (Figure 2.4-2).

Bear River Management Unit

Beneficial Use Classification and Monitoring Sites

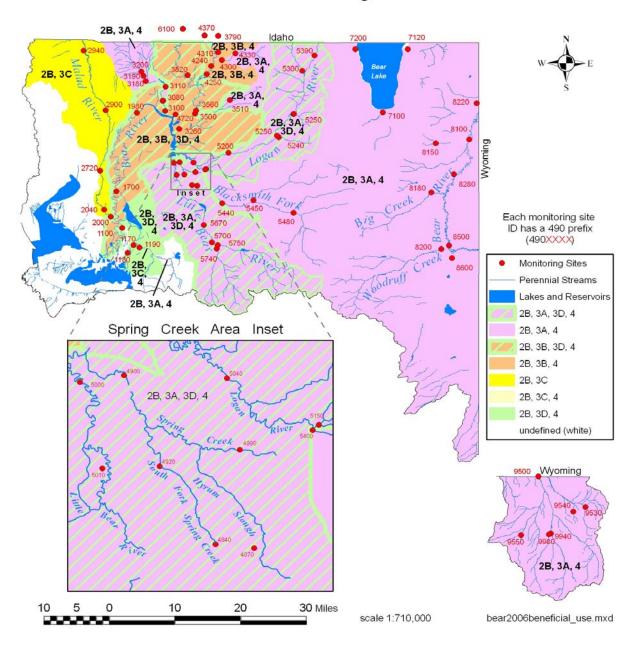


Figure 2.4-1 River and stream beneficial use classes – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Overall Beneficial Use Support

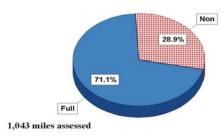


Figure 2.4-2 Overall Beneficial Use Support

2.4.1.2 Assessment by Categories

Table 2.4-2 is a list of streams miles assigned to the various beneficial use categories during the assessment. Figure 2.4-3 is a map of the stream miles that were assessed during this cycle.

Table 2.4-2 Stream Miles by Assessment Category – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

1 able 2.4-2	Stream Miles by Assessment Category – Dear River Watersned Managem	ent Omt
Category	Category Definition	Stream Miles
1	All beneficial uses fully supported.	
2	Beneficial uses assessed are fully supported.	741.71
3A	No data or insufficient data to make an assessment.	178.28
3B	Lakes that are not supported for one cycle only.	
3C	Insufficient data to assess but an assessment plan is in place.	
4A	Approved TMDL	172.46
4B	Pollution control requirements are expected to result in full beneficial use support in near future.	
4C	Impaired by pollution, no TMDL required.	
5	Impaired by pollutant, TMDL required.	176.01

2.4.1.3 Individual Beneficial Use Support

Use support by individual beneficial use designations is summarized in Table 2.4-3. For aquatic life, 910.79 miles were assessed. Of these, 859.08 miles (77.1%), are supporting aquatic life. There are 51.71.0 (28.9%) miles not supporting aquatic life. Of the 910.79 miles assessed for agricultural use, 859.1 miles (94.3%) are fully supporting and 51.7 miles (5.7%) are not supporting this beneficial use. Of the stream miles assessed for swimming and secondary contact recreation (34.2 miles), were not supporting this beneficial use. They were impaired by pH and pathogens.

Table 2.4-3 Individual Use Support Summary – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

	Size	Size Fully	Size Not	
	Assessed	Supporting	Supporting	Totals
Use				
Drinking Water				
Fish Consumption	0	0	0	0
Swimming	34.2	0	34.2	34.2
Secondary Contact	34.2	0	34.2	34.2
Aquatic Life	1,043.6	741.47	301.96	1,043.67
Agricultural	910.79	859.08	51.71	910.79
Drinking Water				
Fish Consumption	0	0	0	0
Swimming		0	100.0%	100.0%
Secondary Contact		0	100.0%	100.0%
Aquatic Life		77.1%	28.9%	100.0%
Agricultural		94.3%	5.7%	100.0%

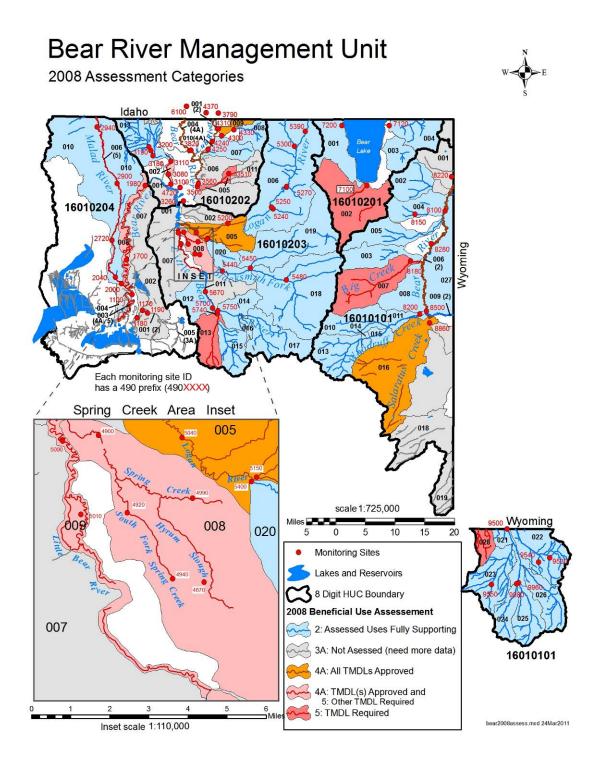


Figure 2.4-3 2008 Assessment Categories – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

2.4.1.4 Total I Waters Impaired by Various Causes

Table 2.4-4 is a list of the stream miles affected by the various causes categories identified as generally affecting water quality in the Bear River Watershed Management Unit. The major cause of water quality impairment is total phosphorus, a nutrient (Figure 2.4-4). Other factors affecting beneficial uses are temperature, total dissolved solids, and pH. Unknown causes affect 51.96 stream miles. The relative percent impact by causes is shown in Figure 2.4-5.

2.4.1.5 Total Waters Impaired by Various Sources

Table 2.4-5 is a list of the stream miles affected by various source categories. Sources of impairment include agriculture, unknown sources, industrial point sources, municipal point sources, natural sources, urban runoff, hydromodification, and habitat modification. The percent of the stream miles affected by sources is illustrated in Figure 2.4-6. The relative percent impacts by sources are illustrated in Figure 2.4-7.

2.4.1.6 Impaired Assessment Units

Table 2.4-6 is a list of the impaired waters in the Bear River Watershed Management Unit.

Table 2.4-4 Total Waters Impaired by Various Cause Categories (Stream Miles) - Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Cause Category	Stream Miles
Benthic Macroinvertebrate	
Assessment Impairment	68.36
E. coli	7.36
Flow Alteration	
Netals	
Organic Enrichment/Low DO	7.36
Other Habitat Alterations	
рН	26.84
Radiation	
Salinity/TDS/Chlorides	24.87
Siltation	
Temperature	63.34
Total Phosphorus	172.46
Unionized Ammonia	7.36

Table 2.4-4 Total Waters Impaired by Various Cause Categories (Stream Miles) – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Table 2.4-5 Total Waters Impaired by Various Source Categories (Stream Miles) – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Table 2.4-5. Total Waters Impaired by Various Source Categories (Stream Miles) – Bear River Watershed Management Unit.				
Source Category	Stream Miles			
Agriculture	172.46			
Aquaculture				
Construction				
Drought				
Habitat Modification (other than				
Hydromodification)	14.31			
Hydromodification	11.96			
Industrial Point Sources	66.37			
Land Development				
Major Municipal Point Source				
Municipal Point Sources	66.37			
Natural Sources	17.51			
Resource Extraction				
Septic				
Source Unknown	151.74			
Sources outside State Jurisdiction or				
Borders				
Urban Runoff/Storm Sewers	36.2			

Percent of Stream Miles Affected By Causes

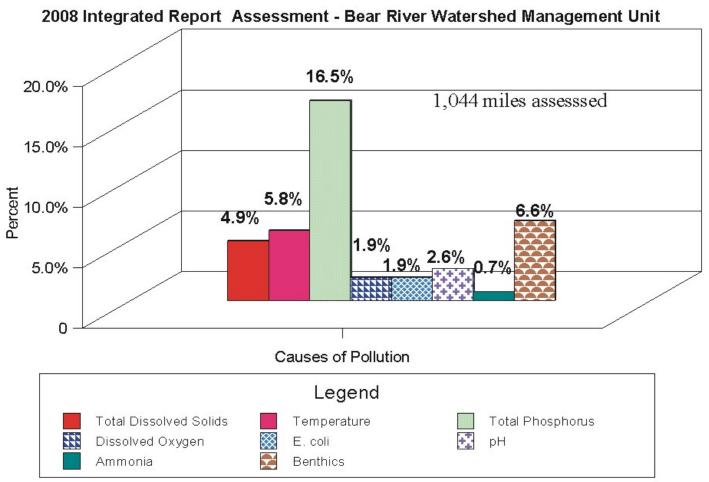


Figure 2.4-4 Percent of assessed stream miles impacted by various causes – Bear River Watershed Assessment Unit

Causes of Stream Water Quality Impairments

2008 Integrated Report Assessment - Bear River Watershed Management Unit.

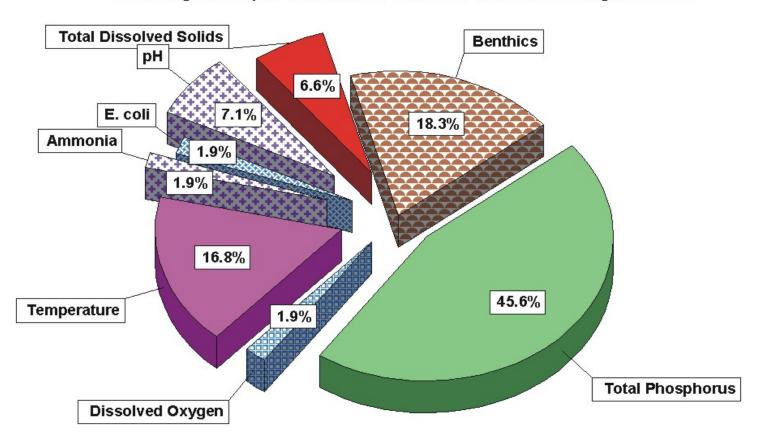


Figure 2.4-5 Relative percent impact by causes on water quality – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Percent of Stream Miles Affected By Sources

2008 Integrated Report Assessement - Bear River Watershed Management Unit

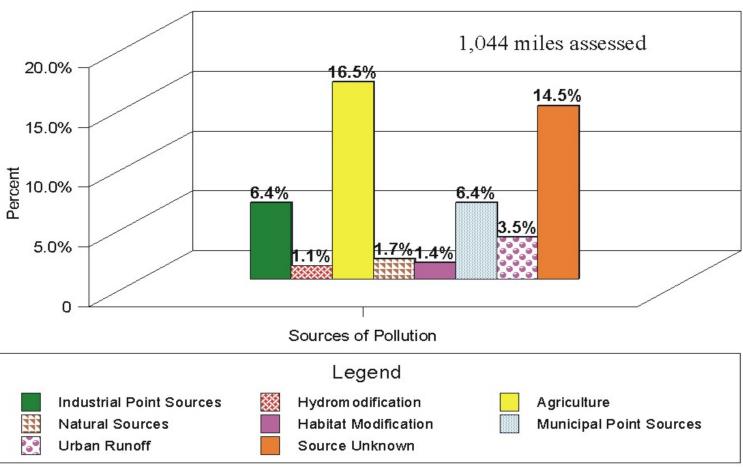


Figure 2.4-6 Percent of stream miles impacted by various sources – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Sources of Stream Water Quality Impairment

2008 Integrated Report Assessment - Bear River Watershed Unit

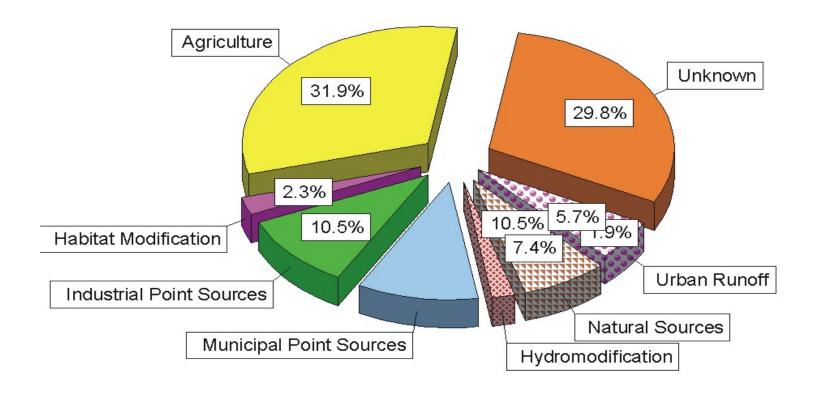


Figure 2.4-7 Relative percent impact by sources on stream water quality – Bear River Watershed Management Unit

Table 2.4-6 Impaired Waters Located in the Bear River Watershed Management Unit

				Beneficial				
	Assessment	Assessment	Assessment	Use	Beneficial		Pollutant	
	Unit	Unit	Unit	Class	Use	Support	Or	Stream
	ID	Name	Description	Impaired	Support	Category	Pollution	Miles
			Big Creek and tributaries					
			from Bear River to					
Bear River	UT16010101-007	Big Creek	headwaters	2B	NS	5	pН	26.84
			Big Creek and tributaries from Bear River to					
Bear River	UT16010101-007	Big Creek	headwaters	3A	NS	5	pН	26.84
Bear River	C110010101 007	Dig Creek	Big Creek and tributaries	311	110	3	pii	20.01
			from Bear River to					
Bear River	UT16010101-007	Big Creek	headwaters	4	NS	5	pH	26.84
			Big Creek and tributaries					
			from Bear River to					
Bear River	UT16010101-007	Big Creek	headwaters	3A	NS	5	Temperature	26.84
			Yellow Creek and tributaries				Benthic	
			from Utah-Wyoming border				macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010101-028	Yellow Creek	to headwaters	3A	NS	5	assessment impairment	16.4
			Laketown and Big Creek and					
	T TTT 4040004 000		other tributaries from Bear		3.70	_		
Bear River	UT16010201-002	Laketown	Lake to headwaters	3A	NS	5	Temperature	11.5
			Newton Creek from confluence with Cutler					
			Reservoir to Newton					
Bear River	UT16010202-002	Newton Creek	Reservoir	3A	NS	5	Temperature	5.16
Bear River	0110010202 002	Trewton creek	Summit Creek and tributaries	311	110	3	Temperature	3.10
		Summit Creek	from confluence with Bear					
Bear River	UT16010202-005	Lower	River to USFS boundary	3A	NS	5	Temperature	6.8
			Spring Creek and tributaries	-		-	r r	
			from confluence with Little					
Bear River	UT16010203-008	Spring Creek	Bear River to headwaters	4	NS	5	TDS	7.36
			Spring Creek and tributaries				Benthic	
			from confluence with Little				macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010203-008	Spring Creek	Bear River to headwaters	3A	NS	5	assessment impairment	7.36
			Spring Creek and tributaries				_	
			from confluence with Little					
Bear River	UT16010203-008	Spring Creek	Bear River to headwaters	3A	NS	5	Temperature	7.36

				Beneficial				
	Assessment	Assessment	Assessment	Use	Beneficial		Pollutant	
	Unit	Unit	Unit	Class	Use	Support	Or	Stream
	ID	Name	Description	Impaired	Support	Category	Pollution	Miles
			Little Bear River from Cutler					
Bear River	UT16010203-009	Little Bear River-1	Reservoir to Hyrum Reservoir	3A	NS	5	Temperature	16.52
			Little Bear River from Cutler				Benthic Macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010203-009	Little Bear River-1	Reservoir to Hyrum Reservoir	3A	NS	5	Assessment Impairment	16.52
			Little Bear River from Cutler				Benthic Macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010203-009	Little Bear River-1	Reservoir to Hyrum Reservoir	3C	NS	5	Assessment Impairment	16.52
			South Fork Little Bear and					
			tributaries from confluence					
			with Little Bear River to					
		South Fork Little	headwaters, except Davenport					
Bear River	UT16010203-013	Bear	Creek	3A	NS	5	Temperature	16
			Bear River from Great Salt					
			Lake to Malad River					
Bear River	UT16010204-003	Bear River-1	confluence	4	NS	5	TDS	17.51
			Malad River from confluence				Benthic	
			with Bear River to Utah-				macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010204-006	Malad River-1	Idaho state line	3C	NS	5	assessment impairment	51.96
			Bear River from Malad River				Benthic	
			confluence to Cutler				macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010204-008	Bear River-2	Reservoir	3B	NS	5	assessment impairment	41.5
			Bear River from Malad River				Benthic	
			confluence to Cutler				macroinvertebrate	
Bear River	UT16010204-008	Bear River-2	Reservoir	3D	NS	5	assessment impairment	41.5