FACT SHEET STATEMENT OF BASIS
FAIRVIEW CITY
RENEWAL PERMIT: DISCHARGE, BIOSOLIDS & STORM WATER
UPDES PERMIT NUMBER: UT0025542
UPDES BIOSOLIDS PERMIT NUMBER: UTL-025542
MINOR MUNICIPAL

FACILITY CONTACTS

Person Name: Jonathan Benson
Position: Mayor;
Person Name: Dave Nuttall
Position: Facility Manager/Biosolids Coordinator

Facility Name: Fairview City
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 97
Fairview City, Utah 84629
Telephone: (435) 427-3858
Actual Address: 1¼ Miles South of Fairview along Hwy 89

DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY

Fairview City completed construction of a new wastewater treatment plant in late July 2005 and started discharging. The facility has a design capacity of 0.3 MGD. It is a Membrane Bioreactor (MBR) serving a population of approximately 1650. It is located 1¼-miles south of Fairview along Highway 89 and Storet #494683. The influent flows through screening and grit removal, then to a splitter box where it can be divided between 2 process trains. Currently only one process train is needed and is being used. First step is an anoxic basin, then aeration basin, then the MBR basin. Effluent water flows from the membranes to a chlorine contact chamber, then out to a channel and is directed to a constructed pond on site. It flows out of the pond and mixes with groundwater that is being removed from around the structure. Then it flows out through a 16 inch pipe to the San Pitch River.

The sludge from the MBR process enters a belt press unit for dewatering of the sludge. The sludge is then disposed of in the County landfill.

Fairview City is interested, at a future date, in reusing its effluent. The effluent will be used for irrigation purposes in accordance with Type II Reuse. Reuse will not be addressed in this permit, but will be considered in the future.

Regarding Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET), Fairview completed at least 10 WET tests without a failure since the facility began operation in August 2005. In 2007, Fairview requested a reduction of testing and was granted a reduction from quarterly to semi-annual testing. For the 2008 renewal Fairview requested an elimination of the testing altogether as per the applicable permit provisions. Given the type of treatment and discharge history, the request was granted and WET testing was eliminated from the permit. However, the toxicity re-opener provision remains
in the permit as described in the Biomonitoring Requirements section of this Fact Sheet Statement of Basis.

**SUMMARY OF CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS PERMIT**

There have been no changes from the previous permit cycle.

**DISCHARGE**

**DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE**

Fairview City has been reporting self-monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Reports on a monthly basis. A summary of the last 4 years of data is attached and there were no significant violations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outfall</th>
<th>Description of Discharge Point</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td>Located at latitude 39°36'23&quot; and longitude 111°26'50&quot;. The effluent will be discharged through a 16-inch diameter gravity flow HDPE pipe to the San Pitch River.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RECEIVING WATERS AND STREAM CLASSIFICATION**

The final discharge is into the San Pitch River with a classification of 2B, 3A and 4.

- **Class 2B** - Protected for secondary contact recreation such as boating, wading, or similar uses.
- **Class 3A** - Protected for cold water species of game fish and other cold water aquatic life, including the necessary aquatic organisms in their food chain.
- **Class 4** - Protected for agricultural uses including irrigation of crops and stock watering.

**BASIS FOR EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS**

Limitations on total suspended solids (TSS), biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅), E-Coli coliform, pH and percent removal for BOD₅ and TSS are based on current Utah Secondary Treatment Standards, *UAC R317-1-3.2*. The oil and grease is based on best professional judgment (BPJ). The permit limitations are:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Outfall 001 Effluent Limitations *a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max Monthly Average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOD₅, mg/L</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOD₅ Min. % Removal</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSS, mg/L</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSS Min. % Removal</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRC, mg/L</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-coli, No/100mL</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil &amp; Grease, mg/L</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH, Standard Units</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NA – Not Applicable.

**SELF-MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

The following self-monitoring requirements are the same as in the previous permit. The permit will require reports to be submitted monthly and quarterly, as applicable, on Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms due 28 days after the end of the monitoring period. Lab sheets for biomonitoring must be attached to the biomonitoring DMR. Lab sheets for metals and toxic organics must be attached to the quarterly DMRs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Outfall 001 Self-Monitoring and Reporting Requirements *a</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frequency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Flow *b *c</td>
<td>Continuous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOD₅, Influent *d *c Effluent</td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TSS, Influent *d *c Effluent</td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. Coli, No/100mL</td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRC</td>
<td>Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil &amp; Grease *e</td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>2 x Monthly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*a  See Definitions, *Part VIII*, for definition of terms.

*b  Flow measurements of influent/effluent volume shall be made in such a manner that the permittee can affirmatively demonstrate that representative values are being obtained.

*c  If the rate of discharge is controlled, the rate and duration of discharge shall be reported.

*d  In addition to monitoring the final discharge, influent samples shall be taken and analyzed for this constituent at the same frequency as required for this constituent in the discharge.

*e  Sample when a sheen is visible
BIOSOLIDS

DESCRIPTION OF TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL
The Fairview City is expected to dispose of approximately twenty five dry metric tons (DMT) of wastewater solids (sewage sludge) per year. The wastewater solids will be stabilized during the MBR process with an average retention time of over 60 days. The wastewater solids from the MBR process will be de-watered with a belt press. All sludge from Fairview City will be disposed of in the County landfill.

SOLIDS MONITORING REQUIREMENTS
Under 40 CFR 503 solids are not required to be monitored for heavy metals content or pathogen reduction if the solids are disposed in a landfill.

LANDFILL MONITORING
Paint Filter Test
Under 40 CFR 258, landfill monitoring requirements, the solids will need to pass a paint filter test before the solids are disposed of in a landfill. If the solids do not pass a paint filter test, the solids cannot be disposed in a landfill.

Vector Attraction Reduction Monitoring
Under 40 CFR 503.33, the solids need to meet a method of vector attraction reduction (VAR). Since the solids will be disposed of at the County Landfill, Fairview City will need to insure that the solids are covered daily with soil or another approved material. If the solids are not covered daily, the solids cannot be disposed in the landfill.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum Frequency of Monitoring</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amount of Solids Disposed Per Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 0 to &lt; 290, DMT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Since Fairview City is not expected to produce more than 290 DMT of solids per year, Fairview City will be required to monitor at least once per year for the paint filter tests.

RECORD KEEPING
The record keeping requirements from 40 CFR 503.17 are included under Part III.F. of the permit. Since the solids are disposed in a landfill the records need to be retained for a minimum of five years.

REPORTING
Fairview City needs to submit an annual solids report as required in 40 CFR 503.18. This report is to include the results of all solids monitoring performed in accordance with Part III.C. of the permit, information on management practices, solids treatment, and certifications. This report is due no later than February 19 of each year. Each report is for the previous calendar year.
STORM WATER

STORMWATER REQUIREMENTS

The Utah Administrative Code (UAC) R-317-8-3 requires storm water permit provisions to include the development of a storm water pollution prevention plan for waste water treatment facilities if the facility meets one or both of the following criteria.

1. waste water treatment facilities with a design flow of 1.0 MGD or greater, and/or,
2. waste water treatment facilities with an approved pretreatment program as described in 40CFR Part 403,

Fairview City does not meet any of the above criteria; therefore this permit does not include storm water provisions. The permit does however include a storm water re-opener provision.

PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

The permittee has not been designated for pretreatment program development because it does not meet conditions which necessitate a full program. The flow through the plant is less than five (5) MGD, there are no categorical industries discharging to the treatment facility, industrial discharges comprise less than 1 percent of the flow through the treatment facility, and there is no indication of pass through or interference with the operation of the treatment facility such as upsets or violations of the POTW's UPDES permit limits.

Although the permittee does not have to develop a State-approved pretreatment program, any wastewater discharges to the sanitary sewer are subject to Federal, State and local regulations. Pursuant to Section 307 of the Clean Water Act, the permittee shall comply with all applicable Federal General Pretreatment Regulations promulgated, found in 40 CFR 403 and the State Pretreatment Requirements found in UAC R317-8-8.

An industrial waste survey (IWS) is required of the permittee as stated in Part II of the permit. The IWS is to assess the needs of the permittee regarding pretreatment assistance. The IWS is required to be submitted within sixty (60) days after the issuance of the permit. If an Industrial User begins to discharge or an existing Industrial User changes their discharge the permittee must resubmit an IWS no later than sixty days following the introduction or change as stated in Part II of the permit.

It is recommended that the permittee perform an annual evaluation of the need to revise or develop technically based local limits for pollutants of concern, to implement the general and specific prohibitions 40 CFR, Part 403.5(a) and Part 403.5(b). This evaluation may indicate that present local limits are sufficiently protective, need to be revised or should be developed. It is recommended that the permittee submit for review any local limits that are developed to the Division of Water Quality for review.
BIOMONITORING REQUIREMENTS

As part of a nationwide effort to control toxic discharges, biomonitoring requirements are being included in permits for facilities where effluent toxicity is an existing or potential concern. In Utah, this is done in accordance with the State of Utah Permitting and Enforcement Guidance Document for Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Control (biomonitoring). Authority to require effluent biomonitoring is provided in Permit Conditions, UAC R317-8-4.2, Permit Provisions, UAC R317-8-5.3 and Water Quality Standards, UAC R317-2-5 and R317 -2-7.2.

The permittee is a minor municipal discharger that will be contributing a small volume of effluent to the existing stream flow, in which toxicity has not been present since facility operations began in 2005. Based on these considerations, and the fact that receiving stream water quality monitoring data indicate no impairment of the stream, there is no reasonable potential for toxicity in the permittee’s discharge (per State of Utah Permitting and Enforcement Guidance Document for WET Control). As such, there will be no numerical WET limitations or WET monitoring requirements in this permit. However, the permit will contain a toxicity limitation re-opener provision that allows for modification of the permit should additional information indicate the presence of toxicity in future discharges.

PERMIT DURATION

It is recommended that this permit be effective for a duration of five (5) years.

Drafted by
Daniel Griffin, Discharge
Mark Schmitz, Biosolids
Jennifer Robinson, Pretreatment
Michael George, Storm Water
Utah Division of Water Quality

ADDENDUM TO FSSOB

Addendum to Fact Sheet Statement of Basis
A public notice for the draft permit will be published in The Pyramid November 27, 2013. The comment period will end December 27, 2013.

Responsiveness Summary

During finalization of the Permit certain dates, spelling edits and minor language corrections may be incorporated into the final permit. These type of changes are not considered substantive and will not require the permit to be re-Public Noticed.
Industrial Pretreatment Wastewater Survey

Do you periodically experience any of the following treatment works problems:
- foam, floaties or unusual colors
- plugged collection lines caused by grease, sand, flour, etc.
- discharging excessive suspended solids, even in the winter
- smells unusually bad
- waste treatment facility doesn’t seem to be treating the waste right

Perhaps the solution to a problem like one of these may lie in investigating the types and amounts of wastewater entering the sewer system from industrial users.

An industrial user (IU) is defined as a non-domestic user discharging to the waste treatment facility which meets any of the following criteria:

1. **has a lot of process wastewater (5% of the flow at the waste treatment facility or more than 25,000 gallons per work day.)**
   
   Examples: Food processor, dairy, slaughterhouse, industrial laundry.

2. **is subject to Federal Categorical Pretreatment Standards;**
   
   Examples: metal plating, cleaning or coating of metals, blueing of metals, aluminum extruding, circuit board manufacturing, tanning animal skins, pesticide formulating or packaging, and pharmaceutical manufacturing or packaging,

3. **is a concern to the POTW.**
   
   Examples: septage hauler, restaurant and food service, car wash, hospital, photo lab, carpet cleaner, commercial laundry.

All users of the water treatment facility are **prohibited** from making the following types of discharges:

1. A discharge which creates a fire or explosion hazard in the collection system.

2. A discharge which creates toxic gases, vapor or fumes in the collection system.

3. A discharge of solids or thick liquids which creates flow obstructions in the collection system.

4. An acidic discharge (low pH) which causes corrosive damage to the collection system.

5. Petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause problems in the collection system or at the waste treatment facility.

6. Waste haulers are prohibited from discharging without permission. (No midnight dumping!)
When the solution to a sewer system problem may be found by investigating the types and amounts of wastewater entering the sewer system discharged from IUs, it's appropriate to conduct an Industrial Waste Survey.

An Industrial Waste Survey consists of:

Step 1: Identify Industrial Users

Make a list of all the commercial and industrial sewer connections.

Sources for the list:

Split the list into two groups:
- domestic wastewater only—no further information needed
- everyone else (IUs)

Step 2: Preliminary Inspection

Go visit each IU identified on the “everybody else” list.

Fill out the Preliminary Inspection Form during the site visit.

Step 3: Informing the State

Please fax or send a copy of the Preliminary inspection form (both sides) to:

Jennifer Robinson

Division of Water Quality
288 North 1460 West
P.O. Box 144870
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-4870

Phone: (801) 536-4383
Fax: (801) 536-4301
E-mail: jenrobinson@utah.gov
PRELIMINARY INSPECTION FORM
INSPECTION DATE __/__/ \\

Name of Business __________________________
Address __________________________ Phone Number __________________________

Description of Business ______________________________________________________

Principal product or service: __________________________________________________

Raw Materials used: ____________________________________________________________

Production process is: [ ] Batch [ ] Continuous [ ] Both

Is production subject to seasonal variation? [ ] yes [ ] no
If yes, briefly describe seasonal production cycle.

This facility generates the following types of wastes (check all that apply):

1. [ ] Domestic wastes (Restrooms, employee showers, etc.)
2. [ ] Cooling water, non-contact
3. [ ] Boiler/Tower blowdown
4. [ ] Cooling water, contact
5. [ ] Process
6. [ ] Equipment/Facility washdown
7. [ ] Air Pollution Control Unit
8. [ ] Storm water runoff to sewer
9. [ ] Other describe

Wastes are discharged to (check all that apply):

[ ] Sanitary sewer [ ] Storm sewer
[ ] Surface water [ ] Ground water
[ ] Waste haulers [ ] Evaporation
[ ] Other (describe)

Name of waste hauler(s), if used

Is a grease trap installed? Yes No
Is it operational? Yes No

Does the business discharge a lot of process wastewater?
• More than 5% of the flow to the waste treatment facility? Yes No
• More than 25,000 gallons per work day? Yes No
Does the business do any of the following:

- Adhesives
- Aluminum Forming
- Battery Manufacturing
- Copper Forming
- Electric & Electronic Components
- Explosives Manufacturing
- Foundries
- Inorganic Chemicals Mfg. or Packaging
- Industrial Porcelain Ceramic Manufacturing
- Iron & Steel
- Metal Finishing, Coating or Cleaning
- Mining
- Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing
- Organic Chemicals Manufacturing or Packaging
- Paint & Ink Manufacturing
- Pesticides Formulating or Packaging
- Petroleum Refining
- Pharmaceuticals Manufacturing or Packaging
- Plastics Manufacturing
- Rubber Manufacturing
- Soaps & Detergents Manufacturing
- Steam Electric Generation
- Tanning Animal Skins
- Textile Mills
- Car Wash
- Carpet Cleaner
- Dairy
- Food Processor
- Hospital
- Laundries
- Photo Lab
- Restaurant & Food Service
- Septage Hauler
- Slaughter House

Are any process changes or expansions planned during the next three years? Yes  No
If yes, attach a separate sheet to this form describing the nature of planned changes or expansions.

______________________________
Inspector

______________________________
Waste Treatment Facility

Please send a copy of the preliminary inspection form (both sides) to:

Jennifer Robinson
Division of Water Quality
P. O. Box 144870
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4870

Phone: (801) 536-4383
Fax: (801) 536-4301
E-Mail: jenrobinson@utah.gov