



July 26, 2017

Mr. John Jenks
Environmental Engineer
Utah Division of Air Quality
195 North 1950 West
P. O. Box 144820
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4820

Document Date: 07/26/2017



DAQ-2017-011661

RE: Addendum - Best Available Control Measure Analyses for HollyFrontier's Woods Cross Refinery

Dear Mr. Jenks:

Please find in this addendum to the Best Available Control Measure (BACM) Analyses prepared for HollyFrontier's Woods Cross Refinery the additional information requested by the Utah Division of Air Quality (UDAQ) on June 28, 2017. In this request, three areas were indicated where additional information was needed. These areas were: (1) economics and selection of BACM; (2) lack of additional feasible measures/most stringent measures, and (3) individual issues.

Economics and Individual Issues

The economic evaluations presented in the BACM analysis for HollyFrontier were based on potential to emit (PTE) emissions for refinery sources utilizing permit conditions, permit emission factors and permit limitations. The quantities of emission reductions provided in the analyses were based on the estimated control that would be achieved with the application of a control technology (such as more efficient burners or add-on devices) and the difference between the current PTE emissions without that control technology and future estimated emissions after the application of a control technology. Since detailed engineering designs and associated vendor costs for plant modifications that would be needed for the application of a control technology were not available, due to the short response time, generalized control efficiencies, obtained from published literature and EPA guidance were used to estimate the potential control efficiencies or emission reductions that are associated with the application of a control technology.

Cost estimates that were provided in the BACM analyses were based on information obtained from vendors, economic information provided by HollyFrontier from the purchase and installation of similar equipment, or information as found in EPA guidance documentation. The \$/ton threshold that was used by HollyFrontier to indicate whether the application of a control technology was economically feasible ranged from \$15,000 to \$20,000 depending on pollutant and emission unit.

Per UDAQ's additional information request to HollyFrontier, replacement costs for the emergency engines were obtained from Wheeler Machinery and the economic viability of replacing Tier 2 or older equipment with newer Tier 3 or 4 diesel engines was examined. Per Wheeler Machinery, the estimated cost to replace a 200HP or 400HP engine with a newer engine was \$75,000 and \$115,000, respectively. This cost is for equipment only and doesn't include engineering or installation costs. The economic viability analysis for replacing Tier 2 or older diesel engines at HollyFrontier is presented in Attachment 1. According to the analysis in Attachment 1, it would be not be economically viable for HollyFrontier to replace existing engines with Tier 3 or Tier 4 engines.

In order to further clarify the BACM and economic analysis for heater controls, as stated in HollyFrontier's BACM analyses, the application of low NO_x burners (LNB) or ultra low NO_x burners (ULNB) on existing units (6H1, 6H2, 6H3, 7H1, 7H2, 7H3, 9H1, 9H2, 10H1, 11H1, and 13H1) was not technically possible due to space limitations in the firebox, lower heat duty, and a longer flame. In addition, in order to use a selective catalytic reduction (SCR) system on process heaters at HollyFrontier, the refinery would need to replace all naturally draft heaters with mechanical draft heaters. Only 6H1 is mechanically drafted.

The economic feasibility of converting the above list of heaters to mechanical draft and then reducing NO_x emissions through the addition of SCR was examined. The cost guidance information provided in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document-NO_x Emissions from Process Heaters (Revised) was used for this analysis. The 1991 capital costs were escalated to average 2017 dollars using the Chemical Engineering plant index. The results of this analysis are presented in Table 1 and in Attachment 2.

Table 1 Economic Viability to Convert Natural Draft to Mechanical Draft Process Heaters with Application of SCR

Unit	Rating MMBtu/hr	\$/ton NO _x
6H1 ¹	54.7	\$ 80,097
6H2	12.0	\$ 170,826
6H3	37.7	\$ 107,763
7H1	4.4	\$ 255,031
7H3	33.3	\$ 113,666
9H1	8.1	\$ 199,858
9H2	4.1	\$ 262,329
10H1	13.2	\$ 164,447
11H1	24.2	\$ 129,106
13H1	6.5	\$ 218,220

¹ Application of SCR only.

The results of Table 1 indicate that it is not economically feasible to convert the listed process heaters from natural draft and then apply a SCR to reduce NO_x emissions. Thus, for technical and economic reasons, no control technology modifications are proposed by HollyFrontier on these units.

Lack of Additional Feasible Measures/Most Stringent Measures

In the UDAQ's original request for BACM/BACT, the January letter indicated that "Should the area not be able to meet the PM_{2.5} standards by the statutory Serious Area attainment date (December 31, 2019), whether by modeled prediction or actual ambient monitoring, the standard of control measure feasibility would rise once more to what are called Most Stringent Measures (MSM)". In HollyFrontier's BACM analyses, most stringent measures (MSM) were identified and included in the selection of BACM. However, at this time, HollyFrontier does not believe that providing additional MSM analysis is appropriate since nonattainment has not been demonstrated/modeled.

Other Individual Issues

Presented in Attachment 3 are the monitoring recommendations and emission limitations for emission sources at HollyFrontier.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the information in this letter, please feel free to contact HollyFrontier.

Sincerely,

MSI TRINITY CONSULTANTS



Linda Conger
Managing Consultant

ATTACHMENT 1

Economic Viability Analysis for Diesel Engine Replacement

**Cost to Replace Tier 2 or older Emergency Diesel Engines with Tier 4 Units
HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery**

	Year	Rating (HP)	Rating (KW)	Replacement Cost	Uncontrolled (Tier 1)			Uncontrolled (Tier 4)			Emission Reduction			Cost Effectiveness (\$/ton)				
					PM _{2.5} PTE TPY	NO _x PTE TPY	VOC PTE TPY	PM _{2.5} PTE TPY	NO _x PTE TPY	VOC PTE TPY	PM _{2.5} PTE TPY	NO _x PTE TPY	VOC PTE TPY	PM _{2.5}	NO _x	VOC		
Diesel Emergency Equipment																		
224 HP (water well #3)	2002	224.0	167.0	\$ 75,000	0.0049	0.085	0.0123	0.0002	0.004	0.00172	0.005	0.081	0.011	\$	15,812,110	\$	922,373	\$ 7,078,677
393 HP Fire Pump #1	1982	393.0	293.1	\$ 115,000	0.0086	0.149	0.0216	0.0003	0.006	0.00303	0.008	0.143	0.019	\$	13,819,167	\$	806,118	\$ 6,186,488
393 HP Fire Pump #2	1982	393.0	293.1	\$ 115,000	0.0086	0.149	0.0216	0.0003	0.006	0.00303	0.008	0.143	0.019	\$	13,819,167	\$	806,118	\$ 6,186,488
220 HP plant air backup compressor #1	1997	220.0	164.1	\$ 75,000	0.0048	0.083	0.0121	0.0002	0.004	0.00169	0.005	0.080	0.010	\$	16,099,603	\$	939,144	\$ 7,207,380
220 HP plant air backup compressor #2	1997	220.0	164.1	\$ 75,000	0.0048	0.083	0.0121	0.0002	0.004	0.00169	0.005	0.080	0.010	\$	16,099,603	\$	939,144	\$ 7,207,380
220 HP plant air backup compressor #3	<2000	220.0	164.1	\$ 75,000	0.0048	0.083	0.0121	0.0002	0.004	0.00169	0.005	0.080	0.010	\$	16,099,603	\$	939,144	\$ 7,207,380
380 HP diesel generator (central control room)	1997	380.0	283.4	\$ 115,000	0.0084	0.144	0.0209	0.0003	0.006	0.00293	0.008	0.138	0.018	\$	14,291,928	\$	833,696	\$ 6,398,131

Assumptions:

Cost estimate for engine only provided by Wheeler Machinery. Cost does not include engineering or installation costs.
PTE emissions based on 50 operating hours per year and Title V permit application

ATTACHMENT 2

Economic Viability to Convert Natural Draft to Mechanical Draft Process Heaters with Application of SCR

HollyFrontier BACM Analysis - Cost to Convert from Natural Draft to Mechanical Draft

HollyFrontier Source ID	Source Description	MMBtu/hr	GJ/hr	Cost to Convert from ND to MD						SCR Capitol Cost (1991\$)	SCR Cost (2017\$)
				Capital Cost to Convert from ND to MD 1991\$	Capital Cost 2017\$	Capital Recovery Factor	Capital Recovery	O&M Cost	Total Annual Cost		
6H1	Reformer Reheat Furnace	54.7	57.7	243,313.6	416,247.8	0.131	54,725.67	11,446.81	66,172.49	1,481,294	2,534,117
6H2	Prefractionator Reboiler Heater	12.0	12.7	97,922.6	167,520.6	0.131	22,024.57	4,606.82	26,631.39	595,141	1,018,135
6H3	Reformer Reheat Furnace	37.7	39.8	194,616.1	332,938.8	0.131	43,772.72	9,155.82	52,928.53	1,184,212	2,025,886
7H1	HF Alkylation Regeneration Furnace	4.4	4.6	53,634.7	91,755.3	0.131	12,063.42	2,523.27	14,586.69	325,754	557,283
7H3	HF Alkylation Depropanizer Reboiler	33.3	35.1	180,651.1	309,048.1	0.131	40,631.72	8,498.82	49,130.55	1,099,065	1,880,221
9H1	DHDS Reactor Charge Heater	8.1	8.5	77,350.8	132,327.6	0.131	17,397.61	3,639.01	21,036.62	469,974	804,005
9H2	DHDS Stripper Reboiler	4.1	4.3	51,409.6	87,948.8	0.131	11,562.96	2,418.59	13,981.55	312,228	534,143
10H1	Asphalt Mix Heater	13.2	13.9	103,685.6	177,379.7	0.131	23,320.78	4,877.94	28,198.72	630,217	1,078,140
11H1	SRGP Depentanizer Reboiler	24.2	25.5	149,163.7	255,181.3	0.131	33,549.64	7,017.48	40,567.13	907,166	1,551,931
13H1	Isomerization Reactor Feed Furnace	6.5	6.9	67,783.2	115,959.8	0.131	15,245.68	3,188.90	18,434.57	411,781	704,453

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on guidance as found in EPA-453/R-93-034, Alternative Control Techniques Document - NOx Emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

Capitol Cost model for ND-to-MD conversion is: $TIC = 21350 (HQ)^{0.6}$ where HQ is heater capacity in GJ/hr.

Capitol recovery based on pretax marginal rate of return (10 percent) and equipment economic life of 15 years

Maintenace costs associated with ND-to-MD Conversion are estimated as 2.75 percent of the ND-to-MD capitol cost

HollyFrontier Costs to Upgrade Process Heaters to Mechanical Draft then Add SCR

Unit	Rating MMBtu/hr	Baseline Emission Factor		SCR Emission Factor		\$/ton
		(lb/MMBtu)	NO _x (TPY)	(lb/MMBtu)	NO _x (TPY)	
6H1	54.7	0.098	23.49	0.025	5.87	\$ 80,097
6H2	12.0	0.098	5.15	0.025	1.29	\$ 170,826
6H3	37.7	0.098	16.19	0.025	4.05	\$ 107,763
7H1	4.4	0.098	1.89	0.025	0.47	\$ 255,031
7H3	33.3	0.098	14.30	0.025	3.57	\$ 113,666
9H1	8.1	0.098	3.48	0.025	0.87	\$ 199,858
9H2	4.1	0.098	1.76	0.025	0.44	\$ 262,329
10H1	13.2	0.098	5.67	0.025	1.42	\$ 164,447
11H1	24.2	0.098	10.39	0.025	2.60	\$ 129,106
13H1	6.5	0.098	2.79	0.025	0.70	\$ 218,220

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NOx emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)
 Convert from natural draft to mechanical draft
 Cost includes addition of SCR

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery
NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters and Add SCR - 6H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 2,534,117	Include costs add SCR since MD already	
Sales Tax	\$ 152,047	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 126,706	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 2,812,870		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 1,125,148	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 1,125,148		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 3,938,018		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 1,715,851	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 1,715,851		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 5,653,868		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	23.48		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.0245		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	5.87		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	17.61		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 169,616	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 169,616	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 339,232		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 101,770	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 226,155	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 743,314	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 1,071,238		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 1,410,471		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 80,096.82		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 6H2

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 1,185,656	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 71,139	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 59,283	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 1,316,078		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 526,431	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 526,431		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 1,842,509		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 802,808	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 802,808		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 2,645,317		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	5.15		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	1.29		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	3.86		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 79,360	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 79,360	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 158,719		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 47,616	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 105,813	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 347,780	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 501,208		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 659,927		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 170,825.76		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 6H3

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 2,349,825	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 140,990	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 117,491	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 2,608,306		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 1,043,322	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 1,043,322		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 3,651,628		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 1,591,067	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 1,591,067		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 5,242,695		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	16.18		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	4.05		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	12.14		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 157,281	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 157,281	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 314,562		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 94,369	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 209,708	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 689,257	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 993,333		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 1,307,895		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 107,763.10		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 7H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 649,038	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 38,942	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 32,452	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 720,432		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 288,173	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 288,173		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 1,008,605		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 439,464	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 439,464		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 1,448,069		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	1.89		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	0.47		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	1.42		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 43,442	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 43,442	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 86,884		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 26,065	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 57,923	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 190,378	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 274,366		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 361,250		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 255,031.23		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 7H3

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 2,189,269	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 131,356	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 109,463	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 2,430,089		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 972,035	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 972,035		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 3,402,124		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 1,482,354	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 1,482,354		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 4,884,478		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	14.29		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	3.57		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	10.72		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 146,534	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 146,534	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 293,069		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 87,921	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 195,379	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 642,162	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 925,462		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 1,218,531		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 113,666.06		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 9H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 936,333	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 56,180	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 46,817	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 1,039,330		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 415,732	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 415,732		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 1,455,061		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 633,991	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 633,991		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 2,089,053		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	3.48		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	0.87		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	2.61		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 62,672	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 62,672	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 125,343		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 37,603	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 83,562	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 274,648	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 395,813		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 521,156		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 199,857.86		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 9H2

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 622,092	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 37,326	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 31,105	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 690,522		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 276,209	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 276,209		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 966,731		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 421,218	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 421,218		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 1,387,949		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	1.76		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	0.44		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	1.32		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 41,638	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 41,638	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 83,277		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 24,983	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 55,518	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 182,474	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 262,975		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 346,252		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 262,329.22		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 10H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 1,255,520	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 75,331	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 62,776	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 1,393,627		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 557,451	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 557,451		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 1,951,078		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 850,113	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 850,113		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 2,801,191		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	5.67		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	1.42		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	4.25		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 84,036	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 84,036	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 168,071		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 50,421	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 112,048	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 368,273	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 530,742		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 698,813		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 164,446.87		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 11H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 1,807,112	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 108,427	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 90,356	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 2,005,894		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 802,358	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 802,358		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 2,808,252		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 1,223,596	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 1,223,596		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 4,031,848		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	10.39		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	2.60		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	7.79		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 120,955	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 120,955	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 241,911		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 72,573	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 161,274	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 530,067	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 763,914		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 1,005,825		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 129,105.76		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

HollyFrontier Woods Cross Refinery

NO_x Cost Analysis to Upgrade Process Heaters to MD then Add SCR - 13H1

	MD/SCR	Factor	Basis for Cost
	Upgrade		and Factor
Direct Costs:			
Purchased Equipment:			
Primary and Auxiliary Equipment (PE)	\$ 820,413	Include costs to convert to MD and add SCR	
Sales Tax	\$ 49,225	6% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Freight	\$ 41,021	5% of PE	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Purchased Equipment Cost (PEC)	\$ 910,658		
Direct Installation			
Electrical, Piping, Insulation and Ductwork	\$ 364,263	40% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Direct Installation (DI)	\$ 364,263		
Total Direct Cost (DC)	\$ 1,274,922		
Indirect Installation Costs			
Engineering and Project Management, Construction and Field Expenses, Contractor Fees, Startup Expenses, Performance Tests, Contingencies	\$ 555,502	61% of PEC	OTC-LADCO 2008
Total Indirect Cost	\$ 555,502		
Total Installed Cost (TIC)	\$ 1,830,423		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, lb/MMBtu	0.098		
NO _x Emissions Before Control, tn/yr	2.79		
NO _x Emissions After Control, lb/MMBtu	0.025		
Control Efficiency (%)	75		
NO _x Emissions After Control, tn/yr	0.70		
NO _x Emission Reduction, tn/yr	2.09		
Annual Costs, \$/year (Direct + Indirect)			
Direct Costs			
Operating Labor	\$ 54,913	3% of capitol cost	
Raw materials	\$ -		
Replacement Parts	\$ 54,913	3% of capitol cost	
Total Direct Costs, \$/year	\$ 109,825		
Indirect Costs			
Overhead	\$ 32,948	60% of labor costs	
Taxes, Insurance, and Administration	\$ 73,217	4% of total installed cost	
Capitol Recovery	\$ 240,646	10%, 15 years, CRF-.13147	
Total Indirect Costs, \$/year	\$ 346,810		
Total Annual Cost	\$ 456,636		
Cost Effectiveness, \$ per ton NO _x reduction	\$ 218,220.27		

Assumptions:

Cost estimates based on methodologies found in EPA-453/R-93-034 Alternative Control Techniques Document - NO_x emissions from Process Heaters (Revised)

ATTACHMENT 3

Monitoring Recommendations and Emission Limitations

Summary of Allowable Limits and Monitoring Requirements at the Woods Cross Refinery

Emissions Unit	Parameter	Allowable Limit	Monitoring Approach	Comment			
Unit 4 - FCCU	VOC	≤500 ppmv one-hour average at 0% O ₂ 1-hr avg.	CEMS CEMS CEMS CEMS Stack Test, COMS/AMP	Must comply with LDAR program			
	CO	≤40 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 365-day rolling average					
	NO _x	≤80 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 7-day rolling average					
	SO ₂	≤25 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 365-day rolling average ≤50 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 7-day rolling average					
4H1 - FCC Feed Heater	PM ₁₀ Opacity	0.50 lb/1000 lb coke burned 10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year			
4V82 FCC Scrubber	H ₂ S Opacity	≤60 ppm (annual average) 15%					
Unit 6 - Catalytic Reforming Unit	SO ₂	0.05 tons per day	COMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header			
	SO ₂	17.7 tons per year					
	VOC						
	6H1-Reformer Charge Heater	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S			10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)		
6H2 - Prefractionator Reboiler Heater	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S	10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS	PM ₁₀ emissions based on 7.65 lb PM ₁₀ /MMscf CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header			
6H3 - Reformer Reheater Furnace	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S	10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)					
Unit 7 - Alkylation Unit	VOC		CEMS	Must comply with LDAR program			
	7H1 - HF Alkylation Regeneration Furnace	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S			10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)		
	7H3 - HF Alkylation Depropanizer Reboiler	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S			10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)		
	Unit 8 - Crude Unit	VOC				CEMS	Must comply with LDAR program
8H2 - Crude Furnace		Opacity PM ₁₀ NO _x H ₂ S	10% 0.00051 lb/MMBtu 0.04 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average ≤60 ppm (annual average)				
Unit 9 - Distillate Hydrosulfurization Unit		VOC		CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header		
		9H1-DHDS Reactor Charge Heater	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S				
	9H2-DHDS Stripper Reboiler	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S	10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)				
	Unit 10 - Solvent Deasphalting Unit	VOC				CEMS	Must comply with LDAR program
10H1 - Asphalt Mix Heater		Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S	10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)				
10H2 - Hot Oil Furnace		Opacity PM ₁₀ NO _x H ₂ S	10% 0.00051 lb/MMBtu 0.02 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average ≤60 ppm (annual average)				
Unit 11 - Straight Run Gas Plant		VOC		CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header		
	11H1 - SRGP Depentanizer Reboiler	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S	10% ≤60 ppm (annual average)				
	Unit 12 - Naphtha Hydrodesulphurization Unit	VOC				CEMS	Must comply with LDAR program
		12H1 - NHDS Reactor Charge Furnace	Opacity PM ₁₀ NO _x H ₂ S				
Unit 13 - Isomerization Unit		VOC		CEMS	PM ₁₀ emissions based on 7.65 lb PM ₁₀ /MMscf Stack test performed every 3 years CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header		
		13H1 - Isomerization Reactor Feed Furnace	Opacity PM ₁₀ H ₂ S				
	Unit 16 - Amine Treatment Unit Unit 17 - Sulfur Recovery Unit	VOC				CEMS	Must comply with LDAR program
		Sulfur	≤20 long tons per day				
Sulfur		95% recovery on a 30-day average except during SSM					

Summary of Allowable Limits and Monitoring Requirements at the Woods Cross Refinery

Emissions Unit	Parameter	Allowable Limit	Monitoring Approach	Comment	
Unit 18 - Sour Water Stripping Unit Unit 19 - Distillate Hydrodesulfurization Treatment 19H1 - DHT Reactor Charge Heater	Sulfur	≤1.6 tn/day except during SSM	CEMS, CPMS		
	SO ₂ TRS, Temp				
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	Opacity	10%	CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header	
	PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu			
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)			
	Unit 20 - Gas Oil Hydrocracking Unit 20H1-Reactor Charge Heater	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program
		Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header
		PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu		
H ₂ S		≤60 ppm (annual average)			
20H2-Fractionator Charge Heater		Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header
		PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu		
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)			
20H3-Fractionator Charge Heater	Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header	
	PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu			
	NO _x	0.04 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average			
Unit 21 - NaSH Sour Gas Treatment Unit Unit 22 - Sour Water Stripper/Ammonia Stripping Unit Unit 23 - Benzene Saturation Unit 23H1-Reformate Splitter Reboiler Heater	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS		
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year	
	PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu			
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)			
	Unit 24- Crude Unit 24H1 - Crude Unit Furnace	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program
		Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years
		PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu		
NO _x		0.04 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average			
Unit 25 - FCCU 25H1 - FCC Feed Heater		H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	NO _x	≤40 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 365-day rolling average	CEMS		
		≤80 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 7-day rolling average	CEMS		
		≤25 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 365-day rolling average	CEMS		
		≤50 ppmdv at 0% O ₂ per 7-day rolling average	CEMS		
	PM ₁₀	0.50 lb/1000 lb coke burned	Stack Test	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year	
	Opacity	10%			
25FCC Scrubber	PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu		Stack test performed every 3 years	
	NO _x	0.04 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average			
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)			
	Opacity	15%	Stack Test Flow meter	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year	
	SO ₂	0.05 tons per day			
SO ₂	17.7 tons per year				
PM ₁₀	0.30 lb/1000 lb coke burned				
Flow					
Unit 26 - Poly Gasoline Unit Unit 27 - Hydrocracker/Hydroisom Unit 27H1 - Reactor Charge Heater	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years	
	PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu			
	NO _x	0.02 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average			
	NO _x	40 ppmv or 0.04 lb/MMBtu (30-day rolling average)	CEMS	NO _x CEMS or Excess O ₂ operating curve	
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header	
	Unit 28 - Sour Water Stripping Unit Unit 30 - Hydrogen Plant 30H1 - Hydrogen Reformer Feed Furnace	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program
		VOC			Must comply with LDAR program
		Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years
PM ₁₀		0.00051 lb/MMBtu			
NO _x		0.02 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average			
NO _x		40 ppmv or 0.04 lb/MMBtu (30-day rolling average)	CEMS		
H ₂ S		≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header	
30H2 - Hydrogen Reformer Feed Furnace		Opacity	10%	CEMS	Stack test no later than October 31 of each year Stack test performed every 3 years
		PM ₁₀	0.00051 lb/MMBtu		
		NO _x	0.02 lb/MMBtu 3-hour average		
	NO _x	40 ppmv or 0.04 lb/MMBtu (30-day rolling average)	CEMS		
	H ₂ S	≤60 ppm (annual average)	CEMS	CEMS located at plant fuel gas mix drum/header	
	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
Unit 33 - Vacuum Unit 33H1 - Vacuum Furnace Heater	VOC			Must comply with LDAR program	
	Opacity	10%		Air preheater package installed (ILB.11.c)	

Summary of Allowable Limits and Monitoring Requirements at the Woods Cross Refinery

Emissions Unit	Parameter	Allowable Limit	Monitoring Approach	Comment
Emergency Natural Gas Engines				
SO₂ Emissions (all sources)		110.3 tons per rolling 12-month period 0.31 tons per day		
SO₂ Emissions (All sources except 4V82 FCC and 25FCC)		0.21 tons per day 74.9 tons per year		
PM₁₀ All Sources		100.3 tons per rolling 12-month period		
PM₁₀ Combustion Sources		47.5 tons per rolling 12-month period 0.13 tons per day		
NO_x All Sources		347.1 tons per rolling 12-month period 2.09 tons per day		