

Division of Air Quality

Annual Monitoring Network Plan 2022

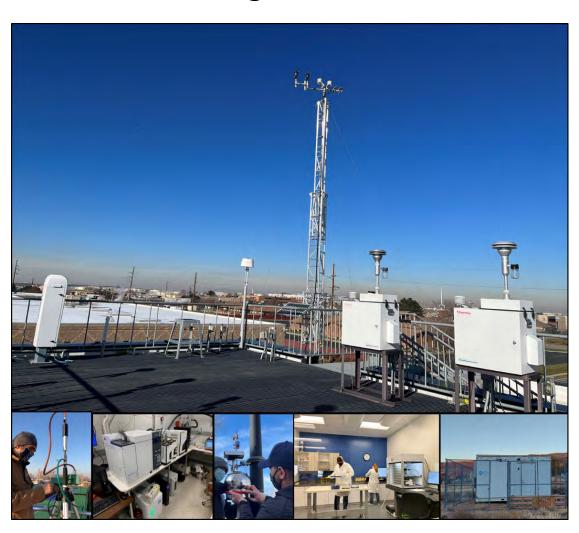


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GLOSSARY

DAQ Division of Air Quality

AQS Air Quality System (EPA database)

BC Black Carbon

CBSA Core-Based Statistical Area
CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon monoxide

CSN Chemical Speciation Network EMP Enhanced Monitoring Plan

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

FEM Federal Equivalent Method
FRM Federal Reference Method
LHD Local Health Department
MSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NATTS National Air Toxics Trends Stations

NCore National Core multi-pollutant monitoring stations

NO Nitric oxide

NO₂ Nitrogen dioxide

NOx Reactive nitrogen oxides
NOy Total reactive nitrogen

O₃ Ozone

PAMS Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations

PAHs Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

PM $_{2.5}$ Particulate matter with an equivalent diameter less than or equal to 2.5 μ m PM $_{10}$ Particulate matter with an equivalent diameter less than or equal to 10 μ m

ppb Parts per billion (one part in 10⁹)
ppm Parts per million (one part in 10⁶)

SIP State Implementation Plan

SLAMS State or Local Air Monitoring Stations

SO2 Sulfur dioxide

SPM Special Purpose Monitor
μg Microgram (10⁻⁶ grams)
VOC Volatile Organic Compound

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Each year, the Air Monitoring Section of the Division of Air Quality (DAQ) produces a Monitoring Network Plan in accordance with federal regulations (40 CFR, section 58.10). The purpose of the document is to apprise the stakeholders (public, private, government) and other entities of the current state and the upcoming changes to the State's Air Monitoring Network being operated in compliance with e Code of Federal Regulations 40 Code of Federal Register (CFR) 58. DAQ continually seeks input from the aforementioned parties on improvements to the current level of service or to provide additional accommodations where requested and needed. The Annual Monitoring Network Plan reflects the necessary network changes DAQ implements to enhance the quality, coverage, reliability, and cost efficiency of the division's monitoring efforts.

In 2021-2022, the Air Quality Monitoring Network underwent the following changes:

- The two sites monitoring the Inland Port development: Lake Park (LP), located at 2782 South Corporate Park Dr, West Valley City and Prison Site (ZZ) located at 1480 North 8000 West, Salt Lake City are fully reporting continuous fine particulate matter (PM_{2.5}), Black Carbon (BC), nitrous oxide (NO₂), and ozone (O₃).
- The relocation of primary and co-located FRM PM₁₀ monitors from Smithfield to Roosevelt started in October 2021 after consultation with EPA, due to land development adjacent to the Smithfield site and more available space and staff time at the Roosevelt site.
- Co-located PM_{2.5} FRM monitors were placed at Near Road, Copperview, Roosevelt and Vernal monitoring sites.
- Spanish Fork (SF) station was relocated in November 2021. This relocation was within a few hundred feet of the old station and does not represent ending the old stations data history nor does it start a new station.
- The DAQ updated the technology used to measure the meteorological variables to sonic anemometer systems (2D sonic wind sensors). Temperature and relative humidity probes and pyranometers to measure incoming solar radiation were also updated.
- Continuous particulate matter PM₁₀ monitoring samplers were incorporated to the stations currently monitoring PM₁₀ to operate in co-location with FRM filter-based measurements for comparability assessment.

Statement of Compliance

According to the requirement of 40 CFR 58, Subpart B, all stations and monitors deployed within Utah's Air Quality Monitoring Network meet the requirements of appendices A, C, D, and E of the aforementioned subpart. As of 2022, Utah's Air Quality Monitoring Network has no active Prevention of Serious Deterioration (PSD) air monitoring program stations; Appendix B does not apply to any stations or monitors in Utah because this appendix pertains to PSD air monitoring stations.

Primary Monitor Designation

A primary monitor is defined as the one "identified by the monitoring organization that provides concentration data used for comparison to the NAAQS. For any specific site, only one monitor for each pollutant can be designated in AQS as primary monitor for a given period of time. The primary monitor identifies the default data source for creating a combined site record for purposes of NAAQS comparisons." (40 CFR 58.1).

Each year, DAQ carefully chooses and designates suitable primary monitors for each monitoring station and each pollutant according to data completeness and integrity. The primary monitors are designated prior to data certification in Q1 of the following year during the regular QC process. Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) PM_{2.5} monitor data was not used prior to January 1, 2015, as it did not meet quality assurance requirements. As of January 1, 2015, FEM PM_{2.5} monitoring was used for data substitution and co-locations as required in 49 CFR Part 50 Appendix N and 40 CFR Part 58 Appendix A 3.2. Table 1 lists the designated Pollutant Occurrence Code (POC) for the primary monitor designations for the year 2021

Table 1. List of designated primary monitors for 2021.

Site name	County	Site ID	POC
Smithfield (SM)	Cache	49-005-0007	1
Harrisville (HV)	Weber	49-057-1003	1
Bountiful (BV)	Bountiful	49-011-0004	1
Copperview (CV)	Salt Lake	49-035-2005	1
Environmental Quality (EQ)	Salt Lake	49-035-3015	1
Hawthorne (HW)	Salt Lake	49-035-3006	4
Herriman (H3)	Salt Lake	49-035-3013	5
Near Road (NR)	Salt Lake	49-035-4002	3
Rose Park (RP)	Salt Lake	49-035-3010	1
Prison Site (ZZ)	Salt Lake	49-035-3016	1
Erda (ED)	Tooele	49-045-0004	1
Lindon (LN)	Utah	49-049-4001	1
Spanish Fork (SF)	Utah	49-049-5010	3
Vernal (V4)	Uintah	49-047-1004	4
Roosevelt (RS)	Duchesne	49-013-0002	3
Enoch (EN)	Iron	49-021-0005	1
Hurricane (HC)	Washington	49-053-0007	3

Network Changes

Changes to the Utah's Air Quality Monitoring Network are intended to improve the effectiveness of monitoring efforts and to ensure compliance with the EPA National Ambient Air Monitoring Strategy. This section of the document contains all changes that were made in 2021 and the changes that are planned for 2022.

2021 Network Changes

- The two sites monitoring the Inland Port development: Lake Park (LP), located at 2782 South Corporate Park Dr, West Valley City and Prison Site (ZZ) located at 1480 North 8000 West, Salt Lake City are fully reporting continuous PM_{2.5}, BC, NOx, O₃ and meteorological variables.
- Due to construction at the Spanish Fork (SF) airport, Spanish Fork site was relocated. The site was
 moved a few hundred feet within the same airport. The relocation was approved by the EPA, the
 Federal Aviation Administration, and the City of Spanish Fork. The relocated site started reporting
 data on Nov 1, 2021.
- DAQ relocated the primary and co-located PM₁₀ monitors started Oct 1, 2021. The monitors were
 moved from Smithfield to Roosevelt station. The samplers are reporting data at the new location
 since Oct 1, 2021.
- PM_{2.5} FRM filter-based monitors were installed at Near Road, Copperview, Roosevelt and Vernal sites to operate in co-location with the continuous PM_{2.5} monitors.
- DAQ updated the technology used to measure the meteorological variables. Previously, the
 system used to measure the wind direction and speed consist of cup anemometers and vane
 systems (in all the stations but Roosevelt), but, they were replaced by sonic anemometer systems
 (2D sonic wind sensors). Temperature and relative humidity probes and pyranometers to measure
 incoming solar radiation were also updated or included in all the stations.
- Continuous PM₁₀ monitoring samplers were incorporated to the stations currently monitoring PM₁₀ to operate in co-location with FRM filter-based measurements for comparability assessment and support AQI. Data has been available since January 1, 2022.
- A continuous PM_{2.5} monitor was started at the Price site to support wildfire smoke monitoring.
 The duration of this monitor is to be determined and may be depended on how the wild fire season turns out in the coming year.

2022 Proposed Network Changes

- The DAQ in coordination with the Local Health Department (LHD), local officials and DAQ modelers selected a suitable location to install a PM_{2.5} monitor within the city limits of Moab. Arrangements for power to be installed are in process and DAQ plans to have this station fully operational in Q4 of 2022 and starting data collection on January 1, 2023.
- A new location for the Brigham City site was selected and DAQ is working on site preparation
 and for power to be installed. The site will help assess population exposure in this area and
 will help the forecasters with PM_{2.5} predictions.
- Due to population growth, new monitoring will be conducted to collect baseline pollution data in Summit and Wasatch counties. A new monitoring station is planned for each county to monitor for PM_{2.5}, O₃, NO_X and meteorology. Specific locations have yet to be determined
- A second Near Road site is required in the Salt Lake City Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).
 Sites are being considered and evaluated for this in consultation with EPA. The timing of the site is still uncertain and will depend on a number of factors including budget and resources.
- Future new monitoring activities and/or sites will be required in the Wasatch Front in order to meet Enhanced Monitoring Plan (EMP) requirements as EPA has proposed that the Wasatch Front be re-designated to Moderate nonattainment for ozone.

The DAQ is developing an EMP in fulfillment of federal regulations, 40 CFR Part 58, Appendix D 5(h). These regulations, require that any states with any area designated moderate and above 8-hour O₃ nonattainment, and any state within the Ozone Transport Region (OTR), develop, implement and submit an EMP for O₃ to the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) no later than October 1, 2019, or two years following the effective date of a designation to a classification of Moderate or above O₃ nonattainment.

The EMP is intended to provide monitoring organizations the flexibility to implement any additional monitoring beyond the minimum requirements for the State and Local Air Monitoring Stations (SLAMS) to complement the needs of their area.

The DAQ is currently planning on three to six additional monitoring sites along the Wasatch Front. Preliminary areas for these new sites include Erda, near the Lake Park monitoring station and near the Bountiful monitoring site for phase 1. For phase 2, we will look at data needs further north in the Ogden area and further south in the southern Salt Lake County area. Throughout this network expansion we will be conferring with EPA and researchers to ensure the best possible use of resources to generate the most relevant data. These new sites may contain some or all of the following instruments or types of measurements;

- Hourly averaged speciated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) (PAMS target list compounds),
- 2. Hourly averaged formaldehyde,
- 3. Hourly averaged mixing-height measurements,
- 4. Additional ozone measurements,
- 5. True NO₂ measurements and/or NO_Y measurements, and
- 6. Pandora Spectrometry.

There may be additional measurements included in the EMP that could include low cost sensors and other parameters as we get further along. Some of these additional measurements may be collected at existing monitoring sites or will located at new sites as we determine best meets our data needs.

All changes and additions to the monitoring network are contingent upon necessary resources and the approval of EPA.

1.1 Utah Air Quality Monitoring Network

The Air Quality Monitoring Network currently operates monitors at 23 locations statewide. Two of the monitoring sites have been established to fulfill the Utah Senate Bill SB144, which directs the Department of Environmental Quality to establish and maintain monitoring facilities to measure the environmental impact from the Inland Port development project. These sites are the Lake Park Site (LP) and the new Prison Site (ZZ).

The DAQ monitoring stations are strategically situated to measure both local and regional levels of air pollutants, including particulate matter (PM), gaseous pollutants and meteorological variables. Currently, $PM_{2.5}$ is measured at 19 locations, PM_{10} is monitored at seven locations, PM_{10} is monitored at 20 locations, PM_{10} is measured at nineteen locations, PM_{10} is monitored at seven locations and PM_{10} is measured at nineteen $PM_{2.5}$ monitoring sites and all PM_{10} sites use filter-based equipment, additionally; all the sites monitoring $PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10} are equipped with continuous monitors. Meteorological parameters, wind speed, wind direction, temperature, relative humidity and solar radiation are measured at most sampling sites. The location and elevation of the monitoring sites, the EPA Air Quality System (AQS) site codes and the measured variables at each station are provided in Table 2 and Table 3.

Moreover, the network includes stations that participate in the National Core (NCore), Speciation Trends Network (STN), Chemical Speciation Network (CSN), Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Stations (PAMS), National Air Toxics Trends (NATTS) and Near-road station EPA monitoring programs.

Data collected at these stations is primarily used for the following objectives:

- Evaluating population exposure to air pollutants
- Tracking the spatial distribution of air pollutants

- Assessing historical trends in air pollution
- Supporting compliance with ambient air quality standards (primary and secondary)
- Supporting air quality models and research studies
- Informing the general public of air pollution levels via mobile apps and web pages
- Developing State Implementation Plans (SIPs) and legislative air pollution control measures
- Tracking the effectiveness of air pollution control strategies
- Activating control measures during high air pollution episodes, such as restricting wood burning during winter-time inversions
- Monitoring of specific emission sources and air pollutants

The sampling sites are strategically located to meet the aforementioned monitoring objectives. For instance, some sites are selected to measure PM concentrations in highly populated areas while others are selected to determine the extent of ozone (and its precursors) transport from the Wasatch Front to the Uinta Basin. The DAQ is continually working to optimize the monitoring instruments in its network. A list of the methods and equipment used to measure the parameters in the network is provided in Appendix A; and a monitoring instrument list, site-specific objectives and spatial scale, as well as measured parameters, sampling frequency, and methods are provided in Appendix B.

Table 2. Utah Air Monitoring Network Site Locations.

County	AQS code	Station Name	Station Address	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation (meters)
Cache	49-005-0007	Smithfield (SM)	675 West 220 North, Smithfield	41.84267	-111.852064	1379
Weber	49-057-1003	Harrisville (HV)	425 West 2550 North, Harrisville	41.302685	-111.986476	1320
Davis	49-011-0004	Bountiful (BV)	171 West 1370 North, Bountiful	40.902945	-111.884505	1309
	49-011-6001	Antelope Island (AI)	Great Salt Lake	41.039404	-112.231541	1355
	49-035-2005	Copperview (CV)	8449 South Monroe St., Midvale	40.597911	-111.894162	1343
	49-035-3015	Environmental Quality (EQ)	1950 West 240 North, Salt Lake City	40.777028	-111.94585	1284
	49-035-3006	Hawthorne (HW)	1675 South 600 East, Salt Lake City	40.734367	-111.872221	1308
Salt Lake	49-035-3013	Herriman #3 (H3)	14058 Mirabella Drive, Herriman	40.496412	-112.036329	1534
	49-035-3014	Lake Park (LP)	2782 South Corporate Park Dr., West Valley City	40.709905	-112.008684	1295
	49-035-4002	Near Road (NR)	5001 South Galleria Dr, Murray	40.662868	-111.901874	1305
	49-035-3010	Rose Park (RP)	1400 West Goodwin Ave., Salt Lake City	40.795514	-111.930996	1283
	49-035-3005	Saltair (SA)	6640 West 1680 North, Salt Lake City	40.805989	-112.049804	1289
	49-035-3016	Prison Site (ZZ)	1480 North 8000 West	40.80793	-112.087772	1287
Hack	49-049-4001	Lindon (LN)	50 North Main St., Lindon	40.339505	-111.713486	1444
Utah	49-049-5010	Spanish Fork (SF)	2050 N. 300 W., Spanish Fork (airport)	40.136369	-111.658011	1380
Tooele	49-045-0004	Erda (ED)	2135 West Erda Way, Erda	40.600565	-112.355782	1321
	49-045-6001	Badger Island (BI)	Great Salt Lake	40.94212	-112.561943	1285
Duchesne	49-013-0002	Roosevelt (RS)	290 South 1000 West, Roosevelt	40.294175	-110.008961	1585
Uintah	49-047-1004	Vernal #4 (V4)	600 North 1650 West, Vernal	40.464812	-109.560731	1667

County	AQS code	Station Name	Station Address	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation (meters)
Carbon	49-007-1003	Price #2 (P2)	351 South 2500 East, Price	39.595749	-110.770097	1737
Garfield	49-017-0006	Escalante (ES)	Escalante National Monument	37.771861	-111.61541	1809
Iron	49-021-0005	Enoch (EN)	201 Thoroughbred Way, Enoch	37.747409	-113.055482	1693
Washington	49-053-0007	Hurricane (HC)	147 North 870 West, Hurricane	37.179138	-113.305105	992

Figure 1. Map of Utah showing the location of all monitoring sites in the DAQ monitoring Network.

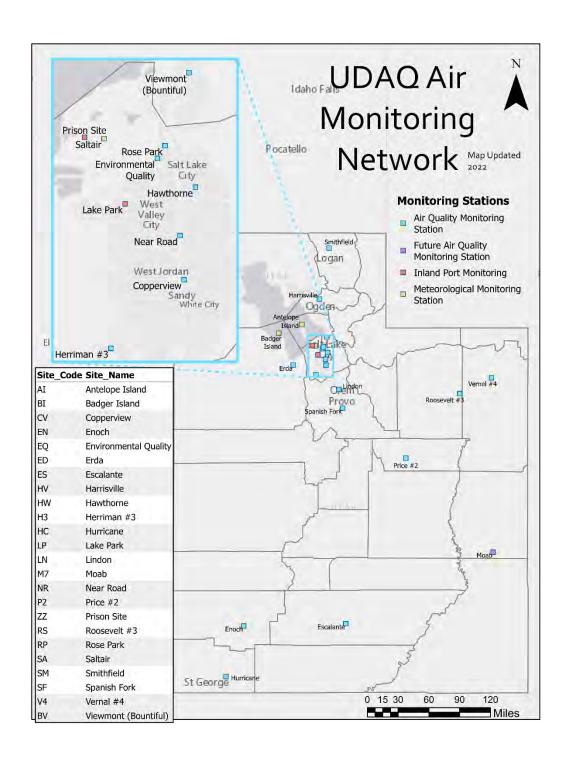


Table 3. Measured parameters at the sampling stations in Utah air monitoring network.

		PM 2.5	5			PM ₁₀				A 2.5											
County	Site	FRM	Co-located (FRM)	Real-time	Co-located (Real-time)	FRM	Co-located	Real-time	PM Coarse	Speciation PM _{2.5}	°	NO _x NO ₂ NO	NO _v	SO ₂	00	NH3	Toxics	Carbonyls	VOCs PAMS	BC	MET
Cache	Smithfield	1/1	1/1	Х	Х					1/6	Х	Х								Х	Х
Weber	Harrisville	1/1		Χ		1/1		X*			Χ	Х			Χ						Χ
Davida.	Bountiful	1/1		Χ						1/6	Χ	X					Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ
Davis	Antelope Island																				Χ
	Copperview	1/1		Х							Χ	Х		Χ	Χ						Х
	Environmental Quality	1/1		Х		1/1		X*			Χ	Х		Χ	Χ	Χ					Х
	Hawthorne	1/1		Х		1/1		Χ*	Х	1/3	Х	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ			Х	Х		Х
	Herriman #3			Х	Х	1/1		X*	Х		Х	Х									Х
Salt Lake	Lake Park			Χ							Χ	Х								Χ	Χ
	Near Road	1/1		Χ							Χ	Х			Χ						
	Rose Park	1/1	1/1	Χ							Х	Х		Χ	Χ						Χ
	Saltair																				Χ
	Prison (ZZ)			Χ							Χ	Х								Χ	Χ
Tanala	Erda	1/1		Χ							Х	Χ									Χ
Tooele	Badger Island																				Χ
Utah	Lindon	1/1	1/6	Χ		1/1		Χ*	Х	1/6	Χ	Х			Χ					Χ	Χ
Otan	Spanish Fork	1/1		Χ							Х	Х									Χ
Uintah	Vernal	1/1		Χ							Χ	Х									Χ
Duchesne	Roosevelt	1/1	1/1	Χ	Х	1/1	1/6	X*	Χ		Χ	Х									Χ
Carbon	Price #2			Χ							Χ	Х									Χ
Iron	Enoch			Χ							Χ	Х									Χ
Garfield	Escalante										Χ										
Washington	Hurricane			Х							Χ	Χ									Χ

^{*}Non-regulatory monitor; sites in italic font corresponds to remote stations; 1/1 are sampled daily; 1/6 are sampled every sixth day

Note: Co-located means an additional monitor(s) that can either be of the same type or of a different type. It can be an FRM and an FEM or a pair of FRM's or a pair of FEM's or in some cases it may also mean a third or fourth monitor at the same location.

1.2 Criteria Pollutants DAQ Network

1.2.1 Particulate Matter-Fine (PM_{2.5})

DAQ currently operates 24-hour Federal Reference Method (FRM) and Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) PM_{2.5} samplers throughout the state to demonstrate compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), evaluate population exposure, support SIP development and model performance evaluation as well as monitor PM levels in source and receptor areas. The DAQ currently uses 14 FRM PM_{2.5} monitors and FEM continuous PM_{2.5} samplers at 19 sampling sites distributed throughout the state. Some continuous monitors operate in co-location with FRM filter-based measurements for comparability assessment. Data obtained from the continuous monitors is used to support forecasting, mobile apps, web pages and reporting the Air Quality Index (AQI) information at the AIRNow website (www.airnow.gov).

1.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)

The DAQ currently operates seven 24-hour Federal Reference Method (FRM) PM₁₀ samplers throughout the state to demonstrate compliance with NAAQS, evaluate population exposure, support PM maintenance plans and monitor PM levels in high-concentration areas.

The DAQ currently operates three FRM PM₁₀ monitors in Salt Lake City CBSA, one FRM PM₁₀ monitor within the Provo-Orem CBSA and one FRM monitor at the Duchesne CBSA.

1.2.3 Ozone (O₃)

The DAQ currently operates nine ozone monitors in the Salt Lake City CBSA; two ozone monitors within the Provo-Orem CBSA; two ozone monitors within the Ogden-Clearfield CBSA and one ozone monitor at Roosevelt, Price, Vernal, Logan, St. George and Cedar City CBSAs. Additionally, a Special Purpose Monitor (SPM) was installed at Escalante.

1.2.4 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

The DAQ currently operates four SO₂ monitors within the Salt Lake City CBSA. The monitor at HW was designated as population-oriented and satisfies NCore requirements.

1.2.5 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

The DAQ currently operates NO_2 monitors in 19 out of the 23 monitoring stations that are presently operational. Although Utah has demonstrated compliance with NO_2 standards, DAQ maintains NO_2 monitoring at many sites since emissions of this pollutant can lead to increased O_3 levels and $PM_{2.5}$ formation, often resulting in pollution levels exceeding the NAAQS.

1.2.6 Carbon Monoxide (CO)

The DAQ currently operates a total of seven CO monitors in the Salt Lake City, Provo-Orem and Ogden-Clearfield CBSAs. The samplers are used to monitor population exposure to emissions from anthropogenic activities in the area as well as to support CO maintenance plans. EPA minimum requirements for CO monitoring also include CO monitors to be sited near roads in certain urban areas, including near-roadway NO₂ monitoring sites. Currently, a CO monitor is located on I-15 at the address 5001 South Galleria Dr, Murray, Near Road (NR) site to satisfy these requirements.

1.2.7 Lead (Pb)

Historically, major sources of lead emissions came from combustion of leaded fuel as on-road motor vehicle fuel emissions. However, given that leaded gasoline for automobiles was completely eliminated by the end of 1995 in the U.S., the only sources of lead in Utah include extraction and processing of metallic ores as well as piston-engine aircrafts.

On November 12, 2008, EPA revised the primary and secondary NAAQS for lead to $0.15~\mu g/m^3$ in total suspended particles (TSP). The previous standards, which were issued by EPA in 1978, were 10 times higher (1.5 $\mu g/m^3$). To meet the standard, a rolling three-month average lead concentration may not exceed $0.15~\mu g/m^3$. The State of Utah has been in compliance with the lead NAAQS since 1982, with EPA authorizing the discontinuation of lead monitoring in Utah in 2005. However, given that EPA established new requirements for lead monitoring in 2008 and 2010, DAQ resumed lead monitoring at Magna, a point source site near the Kennecott copper smelter, from 2010 through June 2017. EPA approved the discontinued monitoring in 2017 due to extremely low concentrations. DAQ and EPA will continue observing the requirements, such as source emission thresholds, population, and NAAQS revisions that may trigger the need to resume monitoring lead in Utah.

1.3 Chemical Speciation (CSN)

The DAQ currently operates four PM_{2.5} chemical speciation sites, including Hawthorne (HW), Bountiful Viewmont (BV), Lindon (LN) and Smithfield (SM). HW site in Salt Lake County is an EPA-designated CSN monitoring station, operating on a 1-in-3-day sampling schedule. BV in Davis County, LN in Utah County and SM in Cache County are SLAMS PM_{2.5} speciation sites, operating on a 1-in-6-day sampling schedule. Data from the speciation network is primarily used to determine PM_{2.5} chemical composition and sources as well as the spatial and temporal variation in its components. There are over 50 species consisting of ions, elements, and carbon species reported by the CSN sites. A list of parameters measured in the CSN sites are provided in Table 4.

Table 4. List of parameters measured at the DAQ monitoring CSN sites.

Parameter (Method)	Compounds
PM _{2.5} Speciation (Met One SASS/SuperSASS Nylon)	Ammonium Ion, Sodium Ion, Potassium Ion, Nitrate Ion, Sulfate Ion
PM₂.5 (Met One SASS/SuperSASS Teflon)	Antimony, Arsenic, Aluminum, Barium, Bromine, Cadmium, Calcium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Chlorine, Cerium, Cesium, Iron, Lead, Indium, Manganese, Nickel, Magnesium, Phosphorus, Selenium, Tin, Titanium, Vanadium, Silicon, Silver, Zinc, Strontium, Sulfur, Rubidium, Potassium, Sodium, Zirconium
PM _{2.5} (URG 3000N w/Pall Quartz filter and Cyclone Inlet)	Elemental carbon (E1 CSN, E2 CSN, E3 CSN, EC CSN TOR, EC CSN TOT). Organic carbon (OC1 CSN, OC2 CSN, OC3 CSN, OC4 CSN, OC CSN TOR, OC CSN TOT, TC CSN

1.4 Multipollutant Monitoring Network (NCore)

The DAQ currently operates one multi-pollutant network NCore site, Hawthorne, located in Salt Lake County. This site is equipped with several advanced measurement systems to monitor PM ($PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}), ozone, NO_2 , true- NO_2 , trace levels of CO, SO_2 , total reactive nitrogen (NO_y), Carbonyl Compounds, organic and elemental carbon as well as meteorological parameters including the Mixing Layer Height. This site satisfies federal requirements for the Photochemical Assessment Monitoring Station (PAMS) network program.

1.5 Photochemical Assessment Monitoring System (PAMS)

The DAQ currently operates one PAMS site at Hawthorne, located in Salt Lake County. The PAMS program is designed with the objective to produce an air quality database to be used to evaluate and refine ozone prediction models. In addition, the program will assist to identify and quantify the ozone precursors, establish the temporal patterns and associated meteorological conditions to assist and refine the control strategies. DAQ is measuring the following parameters at the PAMS required site:

- Carbonyls
- Meteorological parameters: ambient temperature, wind direction, wind speed, atmospheric pressure, relative humidity, precipitation, mixing layer height, solar radiation, and UV radiation
- Speciated VOCs
- True NO₂
- NO/NO_v
- Ozone

The DAQ-PAMS site collects hourly speciated VOC measurements with a Markes/Agilent autoGC (Figure 2) which operates on a year-round basis. Carbonyl species are collected in a three 8-hour averaged samples per day on a 1-in-3-day schedule from June 1 to August 31 and 1 in 24-hr on a 1-in-3-day for the remaining part of the year. The list of the speciated VOCs and carbonyls measured at the site are listed in Table 5.

Figure 2. Markes/Agilent autoGC



Table 5. List of PAMS VOCs and Carbonyls measured at the DAQ PAMS site.

Parameter	Compounds
VOCs	Total NMOC (non-methane organic compound), n-Dodecane, Ethane, Ethylene, Propane, Propylene, Acetylene, n-Butane, Isobutane, trans-2-Butene,cis-2-Butene, 1,3-Butadiene, n-Pentane, Isopentane, 1-Pentene, trans-2-Pentene, cis-2-Pentene, 3-Methylpentane, n-Hexane, n-Heptane, n-Octane, n-Nonane, n-Decane, Cyclopentane, Isoprene, 2,2-Dimethylbutane, 1-Hexene, 2-Methyl-1-pentene, 2,4-Dimethylpentane, Cyclohexane, 3-Methylhexane, 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane, 2,3,4-Trimethylpentane, 3-Methylheptane, alpha-Pinene, beta-Pinene, Methylcyclohexane, Methylcyclopentane, 2-Methylhexane, 1-Butene, 2,3-Dimethylbutane, 2-Methylpentane, 2,3-Dimethylpentane, n-Undecane, 2-Methylheptane, 2-Methylheptane, m/p Xylene, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, o-Xylene, 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, n-Propylbenzene, Isopropylbenzene, o-Ethyltoluene, m-Ethyltoluene, p-Ethyltoluene, m-Diethylbenzene, p-Diethylbenzene, Styrene, 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene
Carbonyls	Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, Propionaldehyde, Butyraldehyde, Hexanaldehyde, Valeraldehyde, Crotonaldehyde, Acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone, Benzaldehyde

1.6 Air Toxics Trends

The DAQ has been participating in the EPA-funded Urban Air Toxics Monitoring Program since 1999. In January 2003, the air toxics monitoring equipment was re-located from West Valley to Bountiful Viewmont (BV) in order to co-locate the air toxics monitors with PM_{2.5} speciation samplers, which would provide a more complete characterization of monitored air pollutants.

Currently, more than 50 VOCs, 10 carbonyls, 19 PAHs and 11 metals are measured as part of the air toxics trends program. The samples are collected on a 1-in-6-day sampling schedule over a 24-hour period. The list of the air toxics measured at the site are listed in Table 6

Table 6. List of toxics measured at the DAQ NATTS site.

Parameter	Compounds
VOCs	Carbon disulfide, Propylene, Acetylene, Freon 114, 1,3-Butadiene, n-Octane, Methyl tertbutyl ether, Tert-amyl methyl ether, tert-Butyl ethyl ether, Ethyl acrylate, Methyl methacrylate, Acrolein, Methyl isobutyl ketone, Ethylene oxide, Acetonitrile, Acrylonitrile, Chloromethane, Dichloromethane, Chloroform, Carbon tetrachloride, Bromoform, Trichlorofluoromethane, Chloroethane, 1,1-Dichloroethane, Methyl chloroform, Ethylene dichloride, Tetrachloroethylene, Tetrachloroethylene, 1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane, Bromomethane, 1,1,2-Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane, Dichlorodifluoromethane, Trichloroethylene, 1,1-Dichloroethylene, Bromodichloromethane, 1,2-Dichloropropane, trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, trans-1,3-Dichloropropene, Dibromochloromethane, Chloroprene, Bromochloromethane, trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-Dichloroethene, Ethylene dibromide, Hexachlorobutadiene, Vinyl chloride, m/p Xylene, Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, o-Xylene, 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene, Styrene, Chlorobenzene, 1,2-Dichlorobenzene, 1,3-Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-Dichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene.
Carbonyls	Formaldehyde, Acetaldehyde, Propionaldehyde, Butyraldehyde, Hexanaldehyde, Valeraldehyde, Crotonaldehyde, Acetone, Methyl ethyl ketone, Benzaldehyde
PAHs	Naphthalene, Acenaphthene, Acenaphthylene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Chrysene, Coronene, Perylene, Benzo[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[e]pyrene, Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene, Benzo[g,h,i]perylene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene
Metals (PM ₁₀)	Antimony, Arsenic, Beryllium, Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Lead, Manganese, Nickel, Mercury, Selenium

1.7 Mercury Deposition Network

Mercury was of significant health and environmental concern in Utah. Advisories limiting the consumption of fish were issued for certain lakes and watersheds due to their elevated mercury levels in 2008. DAQ was part of the National Mercury Deposition Network, measuring mercury dry deposition from 2009 to summer 2017, and measurements were discontinued after consultation with the EPA.

1.8 Meteorological Monitoring Network

Meteorological parameters, including ambient temperature, temperature differential, relative humidity, ambient pressure, solar radiation as well as wind speed and direction are currently measured at multiple sites throughout the state of Utah in order to properly represent the complex wind patterns and micrometeorology in Utah's airshed and to support air quality models and trends in co-located air pollutants. In 2021, DAQ updated the technology used to measure the meteorological variables. Previously, the system used to measure the wind direction and speed consisted of cup anemometers and vane systems (in all the stations but Roosevelt), but, it was replaced by sonic anemometer systems (2D sonic sensors, RM Young Ultrasonic 86004). The modifications will reduce the time spent maintaining the meteorological systems and a lower the detection threshold, which will allow DAQ to capture and better understand the small eddies and transports during our cold pool seasons, where the typical analog sensor will read no wind flow. The new system is smaller and more cost effective than the previous set up, which is favorable for the limited space in the monitoring shelters.

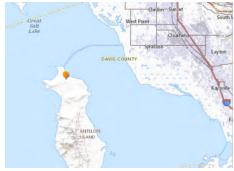
A second crucial update was to get a combination of temperature and relative humidity sensors (Campbell Scientific HMP60) at every site, which is beneficial for air quality modeling application. In addition, pyranometers (Campbell Scientific CS301) to measure incoming solar radiation were also installed.

Appendix A- List of equipment used at the DAQ monitoring sites

Parameter	Units	Mfg	Model #	Details
PM _{2.5} FRM	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	R & P	2025i	Low volume sampler (filter) with very sharp cut cyclone (VSCC) - Gravimetric
PM _{2.5} FEM	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	Thermo	5030i Sharp	Beta Attenuation
	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	Teledyne API	T640/T640X	Broadband Spectroscopy
PM ₁₀ FRM	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	R & P	2025i	Low volume sampler (filter) - Gravimetric
PM ₁₀ FEM	Micrograms/cubic meter (25 C)	MetOne	E-BAM PLUS	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor
PM _{2.5} Speciation	Micrograms/cubic meter (LC)	Met One SASS	Met One SASS/SuperS ASS	Met One SASS/SuperSASS: Teflon/Energy dispersive XRF; Nylon/Ion Chromatography
	Micrograms/cubic meter (LC)	URG	3000N	URG 3000N w/Pall Quartz Filter-Organic/Inorganic Carbon
Carbon Monoxide	Parts per million	Teledyne API	T300U	Gas Filter Correlation
Carbon Monoxide (trace level)	Parts per million	Teledyne API	T300	Gas Filter Correlation
Nitrogen Dioxide (trace)	Parts per billion	Teledyne API	T200U	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence
Nitrogen Dioxide (true)	Parts per billion	Teledyne API	T200UP	Photolytic-Chemiluminescence
Reactive Oxides of Nitrogen (NO _Y)	Parts per billion	Teledyne API	T200U	Chemiluminescence Thermo Electron 42C-Y, 42i-Y
Sulfur Dioxide	Parts per billion	Teledyne API	T100	Pulsed Fluorescent 43C-TLE/43i-TLE
Sulfur Dioxide (trace)	Parts per billion	Teledyne API	T100U	Pulsed Fluorescent 43C-TLE/43i-TLE
Ozone	Parts per million	Teledyne API	T400	Ultraviolet Absorption
Black Carbon	Micrograms/cubic meter (LC)	Magee	AE33	Aethalometer - Optical Absorption
Air Toxics (carbonyls)	Parts per billion Carbon	ATEC	8000	SILICA-DNPH-CARTRIDGE-KI O3 SCRUB - HPLC
Air Toxics (VOCs)	Parts per billion Carbon	ATEC	2200	6L SUBATM SS CANISTER or SS-CANISTER-PRESSURIZED
Air Toxics (PM ₁₀ Metals)	Nanograms/cubic meter (25 C)	TISCH	TE-Wilbur10	Tisch Model TE-Wilbur10 Low-Volume Sampler
Air Toxics (PAHs)	Nanograms/cubic meter (25 C)	TISCH	TE-Wilbur- BL	High Volume Sampler (PUF) GC/MS TO-13
Air Toxics (hourly VOCs)	Parts per billion Carbon	Agilent/Markes CIA	T890B	Preconcentrator trap/thermal desorber - electronic drier - Markes CIA TD/Agilent GC dual FID - carbon response

Parameter	Units	Mfg	Model #	Details
Mixing Height	Meters	Vaisala	CL-51	Optical Scattering Ceilometer
Wind Direction/Speed	Degrees Compass/Knots	RM Young	Ultrasonic Anemomete r-86004	Sonic Anemometer
Relative Humidity	Percent relative humidity			Electronic RH Sensor
Solar Radiation	Langleys/minute			Electronic Sensors
Ambient Temperature	Degrees Fahrenheit			Electronic Temperature Sensor
Barometric Pressure	Millibars			Electronic Sensors

Appendix B- Site Information







Site:	Antelope Island (AI)	Longitude:	-112.231541	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-011-6001	Latitude:	41.039404	MSA:	Ogden-Clearfield
Address:	Antelope Island	Elevation (m):	1355		
City:	N/A				
County:	Davis				

Site Objective:

This site is established to collect meteorological information for air quality modeling inputs.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is on Antelope Island State Park, near the ranger residences, in Davis County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? No

Meteorological Parameters

motoriological i aramete	meteorological ratemeters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale		
Relative Humidity	Elec. Thin Film	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Ambient Temperature	Elec. Resistance	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Wind Direction	Elec. Resistance Level 1	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
WD Sigma	Elec. EPA Method	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Wind Speed	Elec. Chopped Signal Level 1	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		







Site:	Badger Island (BI)	Longitude:	-112.231541	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-011-6001	Latitude:	40.94212	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	No street address, on an Island	Elevation (m):	1285		
City:	N/A				
County:	Davis				

This site is established to collect meteorological information for air quality modeling inputs.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is on Badger Island

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? No

Meteorological Parameters

Wicken ological Farantee	Wicker of displacer and displacers					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale		
Relative Humidity	Elec. Thin Film	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Ambient Temperature	Elec. Resistance	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Wind Direction	Elec. Resistance Level 1	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
WD Sigma	Elec. EPA Method	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		
Wind Speed	Elec. Chopped Signal Level 1	Continuous	6 meters	Urban		





Site:	Bountiful Viewmont (BV)	Longitude:	-111.884505	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-011-0004	Latitude:	40.902945	MSA:	Ogden-Clearfield
Address:	1370 North 171 West	Elevation (m):	1309		
City:	Bountiful				
County:	Davis				

The Bountiful Viewmont site is established to determine public exposure to air pollution. The site also monitors emissions from nearby oil refineries and local sand and gravel operations. Previous monitoring and saturation studies have recorded high ozone concentrations. This site is chosen for intensive speciation of $PM_{2.5}$ under the EPA Chemical Speciation Network (CSN) and gaseous Volatile Organic Compounds under the EPA National Air Toxics Trends Network (NTTN) including hexavalent chromium and carbonyl compounds. Nitrogen dioxide is monitored in support of the ozone monitoring.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located near Viewmont High School at the north end of the city of Bountiful, Davis County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Metals	Manual Gravimetric	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Metals Co-located	Manual Gravimetric	6 samples/year	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Speciation	Manual EPA CSN	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
VOC	Manual EPA NATTS	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Semi-volatile	Manual EPA NATTS	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Carbonyl compounds	Manual EPA NATTS	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Black Carbon	Aethalometer	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramet	ers	'	'	
Parameter	Sampling &	Operating	Tower	Spatial
	Analysis Method	Schedule	Height	Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







Site:	Copperview (CV)	Longitude:	-111.894162	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-2005	Latitude:	40.597911	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	8449 South Monroe St.	Elevation (m):	1343		
City:	Midvale				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site established to assess population exposure in southeast Salt Lake County

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located in a neighborhood area of Midvale in Salt Lake County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
Carbon Monoxide, Trace	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Sulfur Dioxide, Trace	Pulsed Fluorescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramet	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







Site:	Enoch (EN)	Longitude:	-113.055482	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-021-0005	Latitude:	37.747409	MSA:	Not in MSA
Address:	3840 North 325 East	Elevation (m):	1693		
City:	Enoch				
County:	Iron				

Site established to contain SPM equipment to assess population exposure in Iron County prior to full-scale monitoring **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

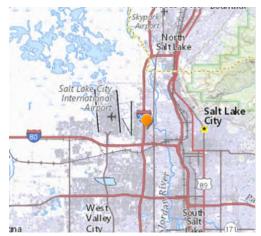
Site Description:

This site is located in a county area near Enoch.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

daseous/ Fai titulate Fai allieters						
Parameter	Sampling &	Operating	Monitoring	Spatial		
	Analysis Method	Schedule	Objective	Scale		
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood		
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood		

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood			
Meteorological Paramet	Meteorological Parameters						
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale			
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban			







Site:	Environmental Quality (EQ)	Longitude:	-111.94585	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-3015	Latitude:	40.777028	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	1950 West 240 North	Elevation (m):	1284		
City:	Salt Lake City				
County:	Salt Lake				

The Air Monitoring Center site is established to replace the Rose Park station as an area of further investigation of PM_{2.5} in Salt Lake County. **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located at the Technical Monitoring Center in the city of Salt Lake, Salt Lake County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Ammonia	Manual NADP AMoN	Integrated 14 days	Population Exposure	SPM-Transport Regional	
Trace Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- High Neighborhood	

Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- High Neighborhood
Carbon Monoxide	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- High Neighborhood
Sulfur Dioxide, Trace	Pulsed Fluorescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- High Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- High Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS-Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS-Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramet	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation		Continuous		Urban







Site:	Erda (ED)	Longitude:	-112.355782	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-045-0004	Latitude:	40.600565	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	2163 West Erda Way	Elevation (m):	1321		
City	Erda				
County:	Tooele				

This site is established to determine population exposure to air pollutants.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located in the city of Erda, Tooele County. It is the main monitor for the Tooele county.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling &	Operating	Monitoring	Spatial
	Analysis Method	Schedule	Objective	Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	3 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	







Site:	Escalante (ES)	Longitude:	-111.61541	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-017-0006	Latitude:	37.771861	MSA:	NA
Address:	Escalante National Monument	Elevation (m):	1809		
City	Escalante				
County:	Garfield				

This site is established to measure ozone near Escalante National Monument

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located at the Escalante National Monument visitor's center in Escalante, Garfield County. This site is funded by the Bureau of Land Management Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	Regional







Site:	Harrisville (HV)	Longitude:	-111.986476	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-057-1003	Latitude:	41.302685	MSA:	Ogden-Clearfield
Address:	425 West 2550 North	Elevation (m):	1320		
City:	Harrisville				
County:	Weber				

Site Objective:

This site is established in response to an ozone saturation study indicating this as a potentially high ozone concentration area. It is monitoring Particulate matter **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located on the grounds of Majestic Elementary School in the city of Harrisville, Weber County. **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
Carbon Monoxide	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Real Time	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramet	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







Site:	Hawthorne (HW)	Longitude:	-111.872221	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-3006	Latitude:	40.734367	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	1675 South 600 East	Elevation (m):	1308		
City:	Salt Lake City				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective:

This site is established to represent population exposure in the Salt Lake City area. This site is also designated as the EPA NCORE site for Utah.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located at Hawthorne Elementary School in the southeast section of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Nitrogen Dioxide (true)	Photolytic-Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
Carbon Monoxide Trace	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood
NOy Trace Level	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

SO2 Trace Level	Pulsed Fluorescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Speciation	Manual EPA CSN	1 in 3 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Real Time	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{coarse}	Manual Gravimetric Subtraction	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Air Toxics (hourly VOCs-PAMS)	Instrumental Gas Chromatography	Continuous	Ozone modeling input	Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramete	ers			
Parameter	Sampling &	Operating	Tower	Spatial
	Analysis Method	Schedule	Height	Scale
Relative Humidity	Analysis Method Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Schedule Continuous	Height 10 meters	Urban Urban
Relative Humidity Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity			
·	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters 10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban Urban Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed Ambient Pressure	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 3 meters	Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed Ambient Pressure WD Sigma	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers Barometric Pressure Transducer Electronic EPA Method	Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 3 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed Ambient Pressure WD Sigma Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers Barometric Pressure Transducer Electronic EPA Method Air Temperature and Relative Humidity	Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 10 meters 3 meters 10 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban Urban







Site:	Herriman #3 (H3)	Longitude:	-112.036329	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-3012	Latitude:	40.496412	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	14058 Mirabella Drive	Elevation (m):	1534		
City:	Herriman				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective:

This site is established to represent population exposure in southwest the Salt Lake County.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description:

The site is located at Fort Herriman Middle School in southwest Salt Lake County Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

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Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor Co-located	Continuous	Precision and Accuracy	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Real Time	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Parame	ters			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







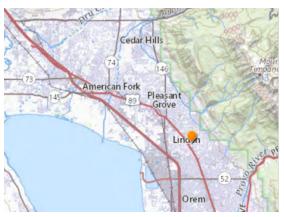
Site:	Hurricane (HC)	Longitude:	-113.305105	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-053-0007	Latitude:	37.179138	MSA:	St George
Address:	147 North 870 West	Elevation (m):	992		
City:	Hurricane				
County:	Washington				

Site Objective: This site is established to determine population exposure to ozone in Washington County **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: This site is located behind the Hurricane City offices **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

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Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	2 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	







Site:	Lindon (LN)	Longitude:	-111.713486	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-049-4001	Latitude:	40.339505	MSA:	Provo - Orem
Address:	50 North Main	Elevation (m):	1444		
City:	Lindon				
County:	Utah				

Site Objective: This site is established to determine PM emissions from commercial and industrial sources. Historically, this site has reported the highest PM values in Utah County

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located at the Lindon Elementary School in the City of Lindon, Utah County **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood	
Carbon Monoxide	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood	

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric Co-located	1 in 6 days	Precision and Accuracy	SLAMS- Population
PM _{2.5} Speciation	Manual EPA CSN	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS-Impact Neighborhood
PM ₁₀ Real Time	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Black Carbon	Aethalometer	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramete	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
	·			
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Relative Humidity Ambient Temperature		Continuous	10 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban
·	Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity			2,330
Ambient Temperature	Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction	Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters 10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature Wind Direction Wind Speed	Sensor- Electronic Thin Film Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers 2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous Continuous Continuous	10 meters 10 meters 10 meters	Urban Urban Urban







Site:	Lake Park (LP)	Longitude:	-112.008684	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-3014	Latitude:	40.709905	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	2782 South Corporate Park Dr.	Elevation (m):	1295		
City:	West Valley City				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective: This site recently established to determine the potential impact of the Inland Port on the Salt Lake Valley Airshed.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: This site is located near the parking lot of Monticello Academy in West Valley City, Salt Lake County. **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Black Carbon	Aethalometer	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	







Site:	Near Road (NR)	Longitude:	-111.901874	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-4002	Latitude:	40.662868	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	5001 South Galleria Dr.	Elevation (m):	1305		
City:	Murray				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective: This site recently established to assess population exposure to and to monitor vehicular contribution to air pollution as part of the EPA NO₂ monitoring Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: A site was found for the Near Road monitor on I-15 at the address 4951 South Galleria Dr, Murray **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale		
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood		
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood		
Carbon Monoxide	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood		
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood		
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population		







Site:	Price #2 (P2)	Longitude:	-110.770097	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-007-1003	Latitude:	39.595749	MSA:	Price
Address:	351 South 2500 East	Elevation (m):	1737		
City:	Price				
County:	Carbon				

Site Objective: This site is established in response to a three-state ozone study. It is funded by the Bureau of Land Management

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: This site is located in a farm field 3.6 Km east of Price

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Gaseous/Particulate Parameters

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS-High Neighborhood

Meteorological Parameters

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Regional

Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Regional
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Regional
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Regional
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Regional
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Regional
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Regional







Air Quality Index

Regional

Site:	Roosevelt (RS)	Longitude:	-110.008961	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-013-0002	Latitude:	40.294175	MSA:	NA
Address:	290 South 1000 West	Elevation (m):	1585		
City:	Roosevelt				
County:	Duchesne				

Site Objective: This site is established to determine maximum ozone and PM_{2.5} concentrations in Duchesne County **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located in the city park North West section of Roosevelt. **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Particulate Monitor

Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time

Gaseous/Particulate Parameters

PM_{2.5} Real Time

Sampling & Operating Monitoring Spatial **Parameter Analysis Method** Schedule Objective Scale Nitrogen Dioxide Gas Phase Chemiluminescence Regional Continuous High Ozone Winter Study High Ozone Winter Ultraviolet Ozone Continuous Regional Study

Continuous

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor Co-located	Continuous	Precision and Accuracy	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS-Impact Neighborhood
PM ₁₀	Manual Gravimetric Co-located	1 in 6 days	Precision and Accuracy Assessment	SLAMS- Population
PM ₁₀ Real Time	Beta Attenuation Mass Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Paramet	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Elec. Resistance	Continuous	2 meters	Urban
Temperature Difference	Math Channel	Continuous	2 meters	Urban







Site:	Rose Park (RP)	Longitude:	-111.930996	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-035-3010	Latitude:	40.795514	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	1250 North 1400 West	Elevation (m):	1283		
City:	Salt Lake City				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective: This site is established to better represent PM2.5 exposure in this area of Salt Lake City

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located in the community of Rose Park at the north end of Salt Lake City, Salt Lake County

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Carbon Monoxide	Gas Phase Correlation	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Sulfur Dioxide	Pulsed Fluorescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric Co-located	Daily	Precision and Accuracy Assessment	SLAMS- Population
Meteorological Paramet	ers			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







Site:	Saltair (SA)	Longitude:	-112.049804	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-035-3005	Latitude:	40.805989	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	No street address	Elevation (m):	1289		
City:	Salt Lake City				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective: This site is established to collect meteorological information for air quality models

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located west of the Salt Lake Airport in Salt Lake County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? No

Meteorological Parameters

Weter of object in transfer is					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Elec. Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Elec. Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	Elec. Resistance Level 1	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Elec. EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	Elec. Chopped Signal Level 1	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Elec. LiCor	Continuous	2 meters	Urban	







Site:	Smithfield (SM)	Longitude:	-111.852064	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-005-0007	Latitude:	41.84267	MSA:	Logan
Address:	675 West 220 North	Elevation (m):	1379		
City:	Smithfield				
County:	Cache				

Site Objective: Site established to replace Logan site and determine general population exposure.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: This site is located at Birch Creek Elementary School in Cache County. It is approximately 7 miles north of Logan **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

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Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5} Speciation	Manual EPA CSN	1 in 6 days	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Precision and Accuracy	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	

PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor Co-located	Continuous	Precision and Accuracy	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric Co-located	Daily	Precision and Accuracy Assessment	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Black Carbon	Aethalometer	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Meteorological Param	eters			
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban







Site:	Spanish Fork (SF)	Longitude:	-111.658011	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-049-5010	Latitude:	40.136369	MSA:	Provo - Orem
Address:	300 West 2050 North	Elevation (m):	1380		
City:	Spanish Fork				
County:	Utah				

Site Objective: This site is established to determine the boundary of the high ozone and PM_{2.5} concentrations in Utah County.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located at the Spanish Fork airport in the city of Spanish Fork, Utah County.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

- and an					
Parameter	Sampling &	Operating	Monitoring	Spatial	
	Analysis Method	Schedule	Objective	Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	







Site:	Vernal (V4)	Longitude:	-109.560731	Station Type:	SLAMS
AQS#:	49-047-1004	Latitude:	40.464812	MSA:	NA
Address:	628 North 1700 West	Elevation (m):	1667		
City:	Vernal				
County:	Uintah				

Site Objective: This site is established was set up in response to an ozone study.

Does the site meet the objective? Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: The site is located at the northwest of the city of Vernal.

Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS? Yes

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Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale	
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	Regional	
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	Regional	
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS-Population	
PM _{2.5}	Manual Gravimetric	Daily	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood	

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	2 meters	Regional	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Regional	







Site:	ZZ	Longitude:	-112.087772	Station Type:	SPM
AQS#:	49-035-3016	Latitude:	40.80793	MSA:	Salt Lake City
Address:	8000 W 1480 N	Elevation (m):	1287		
City:	Salt Lake City				
County:	Salt Lake				

Site Objective: This site recently established to determine the potential impact of the Inland Port on the Salt Lake Valley Airshed. **Does the site meet the objective?** Yes, all objectives are met.

Site Description: This site is located at the new State Prison north of I-80 on the southern border of the Great Salt Lake in Salt Lake County **Can data from this site be used to evaluate NAAQS?** Yes

Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Monitoring Objective	Spatial Scale
Nitrogen Dioxide	Gas Phase Chemiluminescence	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Ozone	Ultraviolet	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
PM _{2.5} Real Time	Synchronized Hybrid Ambient Real Time Particulate Monitor	Continuous	Air Quality Index	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood
Black Carbon	Aethalometer	Continuous	Population Exposure	SLAMS- Population Neighborhood

Meteorological Parameters					
Parameter	Sampling & Analysis Method	Operating Schedule	Tower Height	Spatial Scale	
Relative Humidity	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Thin Film	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Temperature	Air Temperature and Relative Humidity Sensor- Electronic Resistance	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Direction	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Wind Speed	2D-ultrasonic anemometer transducers	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Ambient Pressure	Barometric Pressure Transducer	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
WD Sigma	Electronic EPA Method	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	
Solar Radiation	Solar Radiation sensor	Continuous	10 meters	Urban	

2. Response to Public Comments

This year we are pleased that the majority of the comments are suggesting changes or additions that we agree with and in many cases already have plans in place to implement. We appreciate the time and effort of all commenters in providing these comments and we feel this makes the air monitoring network better and more efficient.

 Comment - The PM10 monitoring data (current and trends) needs to be published on the UDAQ website daily.

Response - Real time PM10 data is currently being tested and evaluated across the network. Once we are confident that the data is reliable and in good form we may adjust the web pages. At present all of the real time PM10 data can be found on the trend charts under the PM10 tab. This data is published to the web page automatically every hour.

Comment - There should be another air toxics monitor in the Salt Lake Metro area given EJ
concerns and ongoing exceptional event concerns. These data also need to be published routinely
to the UDAQ site so we have a near real-time understanding of their impacts and a single
monitoring site is not sufficient.

Response - The Air Toxics site is operated as a part of the National Air Toxics Trend Site (NATTS) program which is run by EPA. These samples are primarily filter or canister-based and the results are usually not available prior to 6 months from the sample date. The data from these samples is available on the NAATTS site https://www3.epa.gov/ttnamti1/natts.html. At present there are no rules related to toxics and it is unclear how the addition of another similar site would be the best use of scarce resources.

3. Comment - Additional FRM monitors should be co-located with continuous PM2.5 monitors at the prison site and the Lake Park site as well as any future sites that might otherwise just have continuous PM2.5 measurements.

Response - The PM2.5 monitoring at the Lake Park and Prison sites are collected daily. We agree that FRM monitors should be placed at these sites and will look for an opportunity to add them in the future. The Prison site was under construction during the last year and that will also impact data and is not expected to continue into the future. Additional resources will also have to be available to make this adjustment.

4. Comment - Consider a location in the western part of the Salt Lake Valley for the second Near Road site or for a new monitor site under the Enhanced Monitoring Plan (EMP).

Response - Near road monitoring is required at specific locations that meet the CFR and those locations are along the I-15 corridor. Potential nearroad sites have been evaluated and we are working with EPA to determine the exact location of the site. The EMP sites are being evaluated and have yet to be determined. Looking for one or more sites in the west side of the valley is a priority as the commenter suggested.

5. Comment - Two comments were received that basically requested that additional PAMS sites be established along the Wasatch Front as part of the EMP. These sites should include monitoring for Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) and additional monitoring for formaldehyde, atmospheric mixing height measurements and a temperature profiler if possible as part of the EMP.

Response - Due to Legislative actions in the past session, funding was appropriated to expand the PAMS monitoring network as part of the Enhanced Monitoring Plan (EMP). Additional monitoring sites to meet PAMS requirements are planned for numerous locations in the Wasatch Front Nonattainment Area; some of these sites will have VOC, formaldehyde measurements and mixing height measurements. A temperature profiler may be available but will have to be evaluated as to where to locate it.

6. Comment - Comments were received about some clarification and editorial issues with the network plan.

Response - The following footnote was added to table 3 to improve clarity. "Co-located means an additional monitor(s) that can either be of the same type or of a different type. It can be an FRM and an FEM or a pair of FRM's or a pair of FEM's or in some cases it may also mean a third or fourth monitor at the same location."